

Annual Financial Statements

for the financial year ended December 31, 2020

Statements of Financial Position (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

		ember 31, 2020	December 31, 2019			
Assets						
Current assets						
Investments (non-derivative financial assets) † (notes 2 and 3)	\$	8,807,815	\$	8,988,047		
Cash including foreign currency holdings, at fair value		11,276		6,564		
Margin		3,015		117		
Cash collateral received for securities on loan (note 2j)		145,874		55,950		
Dividends receivable		26,841		22,744		
Receivable for portfolio securities sold		141		_		
Receivable for units issued		1,438		3,468		
Derivative assets		155		766		
Total Assets		8,996,555		9,077,656		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Obligation to repay cash collateral under securities lending (note 2j)		145.874		55,950		
Payable for units redeemed		4,603		4,254		
Derivative liabilities		1,456		55		
Total Liabilities		151,933		60,259		
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable						
Units (note 5)	\$	8,844,622	\$	9,017,397		
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class						
Class A	\$	7,782,685	\$	7,921,813		
Class W	\$	1,061,937	\$	1,095,584		
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (note 5)						
Class A	\$	11.61	\$	12.59		
Class W	\$	12.07	\$	12.60		

† Securities Lending

The tables that follow indicate the Pool had assets involved in securities lending transactions outstanding as at December 31, 2020 and 2019.

	Aggregate Value of Securities on Loan (\$000s)	Aggregate Value of Collateral for Loan (\$000s)
December 31, 2020	1,126,839	1,181,416
December 31, 2019	368,229	385,792

Collateral Type* (\$000s)

	i	ii	iii	iv
December 31, 2020	145,874	1,035,542	_	_
December 31, 2019	55.950	329.842	_	_

^{*} See note 2j for Collateral Type definitions.

Organization of the Fund (note 1)

The Pool was established on May 6, 2003 (referred to as Date Established).

	Inception Date
Class A	May 15, 2003
Class W	October 19, 2018

Statements of Comprehensive Income (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments 12,303				
A			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Dividend revenue	Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments			
Derivative income (loss) (6)	Interest for distribution purposes	\$	12,303	\$ 14,530
### Deter changes in fair value of investments and derivatives	Dividend revenue		299,811	267,348
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives	Derivative income (loss)		(6)	Ę
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency (notes 2f and g)	Other changes in fair value of investments and derivatives			
and g) Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments Other Income Toreign exchange gain (loss) on cash Securities lending revenue ± Expenses (note 6) Management fees ±± Audit fees Justodial fees Ju			(227,185)	168,433
Of investments and derivatives (90,700) 1,194,46 Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments (6,321) 1,644,67 Other Income	and g)		(544)	(107
Company			(90,700)	1,194,467
Correign exchange gain (loss) on cash (244) (27)	Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments		(6,321)	1,644,676
Securities lending revenue ± 834 686	Other Income			
Sepanses (note 6) Sepanses (note 7) Sepa	Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash		(244)	(279
Expenses (note 6) Management fees ±± 23,033 23,83 Audit fees 10 Custodial fees 154 17 Independent review committee fees 27 11 Begulatory fees 43 43 43 Begulatory fees 173 15 Fransaction costs ±± 5,386 5,66 Mithholding texporting costs 1,659 1,77 Mithholding taxes (note 7) 151 33 Other expenses 121 14 Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager 10,976 11,56 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) (25,512) 1,624,57 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21	Securities lending revenue ±		834	686
Management fees ±± 23,033 23,85 Audit fees 10 10 Custodial fees 154 177 Independent review committee fees 27 173 Ingranaction costs ±± 5,386 5,64 Mithholding taxes (note 7) 151 32 Other expenses 121 14 The properties 19,781 20,50 Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager 10,976 11,56 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) Class W \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Class W \$ (9,03) \$ 2,35 Class W \$ (9,03) \$ 2,35 Class A \$ (1,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (1,056) \$			590	407
Audit fees 10 Custodial fees 154 175 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class Class W \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,65 Class W \$ (9,03) \$ 2,25 Class A \$ (61,199 617,66 Class W \$ (9,03) \$ 2,25 Class A \$ (19,996) \$ 17,66 Class A \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Class W \$ (3,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Class	Expenses (note 6)			
Class A Class B Clas	Management fees ±±		23,033	23,83
Adependent review committee fees 27 18	Audit fees		10	Ç
Legal fees	Custodial fees		154	175
Regulatory fees 173	Independent review committee fees		27	16
Transaction costs ±±± 5,386 5,64 Dnitholder reporting costs 1,659 1,76 Withholding taxes (note 7) 151 32 Other expenses 121 14 Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager 10,976 11,56 Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager 10,976 11,56 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) (25,512) 1,624,57 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions) Class A	Legal fees		43	42
Unitholder reporting costs	Regulatory fees			135
Mithholding taxes (note 7) Other expenses 121 30,757 32,05 Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager (10,976) 19,781 20,50 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) Class A S (21,056) Class W S (21,056) 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W Rocass W	Transaction costs ±±±		5,386	5,646
121 14 14 15 15 16 17 17 18 19 18 19 19 19 19 19			1,659	1,76
30,757 32,05 Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager (10,976) (11,58 19,781 20,50 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) (25,512) 1,624,57 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions) Class A	Withholding taxes (note 7)		151	323
Case	Other expenses		121	146
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 (21,056) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W \$ 661,199 617,66 Class W 89,403 83,65 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions)			30,757	32,094
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 class W \$ (4,566) \$ 187,21 class A \$ 661,199 \$ 617,66 class W \$ 89,403 \$ 83,65 class W \$ 89,	Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager		(10,976)	(11,58
Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 (21,058) \$ 187,21 (21,056) \$			19,781	20,509
distributions) (25,512) 1,624,57 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class W 89,403 83,65 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3	Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to			
Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class A 661,199 617,66 Class W 89,403 83,66 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.35			(25,512)	1,624,574
Class A \$ (21,056) \$ 1,437,36 Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class A 661,199 617,66 Class W 89,403 83,65 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3				
Class W \$ (4,456) \$ 187,21 Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class Class A 661,199 617,66 Class W 89,403 83,66 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3	Class A	Ś	(21.056)	\$ 1,437,364
period per Class Class A 661,199 617,66 Class W 89,403 83,68 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3	Class W			
Class A 661,199 617,60 Class W 89,403 83,60 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3	Average Number of Units Outstanding for the			
Class W 89,403 83,69 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3	Class A		661.199	617,664
Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions) Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3	Class W			83,692
Class A \$ (0.03) \$ 2.3				
	Class A	\$	(0.03)	\$ 2.32
	Class W			2.24

± Securities Lending Revenue (note 2j)

	December 31, 2020				Decembe	er 31, 2019
	(i	in 000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue		(in 000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue
Gross securities lending revenue Interest paid on collateral Withholding taxes Agent fees - Bank of New York	\$	2,027 (895) (20)	100.0 (44.2) (1.0)	\$	3,199 (2,283) (1)	100.0 (71.4) –
Mellon Corp. (The)		(278)	(13.7)		(229)	(7.2)
Securities lending revenue	\$	834	41.1	\$	686	21.4

±± Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates (note 6)

Class A	0.25%
Class W	0.25%

$\pm\pm\pm$ Brokerage Commissions and Fees (notes 8 and 9)

	2020	2019
Brokerage commissions and other fees (\$000s)		
Total Paid	5,386	5,646
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc.	928	952
Paid to CIBC World Markets Corp.	_	-
Soft dollars (\$000s)		
Total Paid	3,415	3,360
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp.	604	575

Service Provider (note 9)

The amounts paid by the Pool (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees, and to CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (referred to as *CIBC GSS*) for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (all net of absorptions) for the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	2020	2019
(\$000s)	278	294

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (in 000s)

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

		Class A	Unit	s		Class W Units			
	Decemb	er 31, 2020	0	ecember 31, 2019	De	cember 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)	\$ (2	1,056)	\$	1,437,364	\$	(4,456)	\$	187,210	
Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units ‡									
From net investment income Return of capital	•	5,424) 0,751)		(234,668) (299,976)		(36,618) —		(31,006	
	(54	6,175)		(534,644)		(36,618)		(31,006	
Redeemable Unit Transactions Amount received from the issuance of units	1.19	2.584		1,218,052		238,874		246.991	
Amount received from reinvestment of distributions	49	2,451		480,471		35,219		29,790	
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(1,25	6,932)		(1,410,507)		(266,666)		(183,355	
	42	8,103		288,016		7,427		93,426	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	(13	9,128)		1,190,736		(33,647)		249,630	
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period	7,92	1,813		6,731,077		1,095,584		845,954	
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period	\$ 7,78	2,685	\$	7,921,813	\$	1,061,937	\$	1,095,584	
Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding (note 5) As at December 31, 2020 and 2019									
Balance - beginning of period	62	9,110		606,050		86,979		79,203	
Redeemable units issued	11	0,482		98,937		22,240		20,573	
Redeemable units issued on reinvestments		4,971		39,017		3,135		2,469	
	78	4,563		744,004		112,354		102,245	
Redeemable units redeemed	(11	4,232)		(114,894)		(24,379)		(15,266	
Balance - end of period	67	0,331		629,110		87,975		86,979	

‡ Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses (note 7)
As at December 2020, the Pool had net capital and non-capital losses (in \$000s) for income tax purposes available to be carried forward as follows:

	Total Non-Capital Losses that Expire in:
Total Net Capital Losses	2030 to 2040
84,537	_

Statements of Cash Flows (in 000s)

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations (excluding distributions)	\$ (25,512)	\$ 1,624,574
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	244	279
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives	227,185	(168,433)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	90,700	(1,194,467)
Purchase of investments	(8,845,384)	(11,644,525)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	8,709,602	11,570,669
Margin	(2,898)	(14)
Dividends receivable	(4,097)	2,367
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	_	(5)
	149,840	190,445
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Amount received from the issuance of units	1,433,488	1,464,055
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(1,523,249)	(1,596,750)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(55,123)	(55,389)
	(144,884)	(188,084)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash during the Period	4,956	2,361
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	(244)	(279)
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of Period	6,564	4,482
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at End of Period	\$ 11,276	\$ 6,564
Interest received	\$ 12,303	\$ 14,530
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 295,563	\$ 269,392

Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2020

,				
	Number	Average Cost	Fair Value	% of Net
Security	of Shares	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	Assets
CANADIAN EQUITIES				
Communication Services BCE Inc.	1,673,563	88,648	91,092	
Rogers Communications Inc., Class 'B'	451,660	27,958	26,765	
Shaw Communications Inc., Class 'B'	5,387,150	134,581	120,349	
TELUS Corp.	12,268,454	261,509	309,288	
		512,696	547,494	6.2%
Consumer Discretionary	1.47.000	00.754	24.704	
Canadian Tire Corp. Ltd., Class 'A' Magna International Inc.	147,636 1,603,887	23,754 104,291	24,704 144,526	
Restaurant Brands International Inc.	1,055,683	85,175	82,164	
		213,220	251,394	2.9%
Consumer Staples				
Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc., Class 'B'	3,097,427	119,043	134,366	
George Weston Ltd.	556,975	55,534	52,957	
Loblaw Cos. Ltd. Saputo Inc.	614,193 2,048,032	33,811 80,071	38,578 72,971	
ouputo me.	2,040,002	288,459	298,872	3.4%
F		200,433	230,072	3.4 70
Energy Canadian Natural Resources Ltd.	5,848,503	194,455	178,906	
Crescent Point Energy Corp.	4,315,496	47,720	12,817	
Enbridge Inc.	9,478,069	439,282	385,852	
Gibson Energy Inc. Keyera Corp.	1,760,566 3,075,466	36,929 89,037	36,197 69,567	
Pembina Pipeline Corp.	3,075,400	136,343	100,472	
Suncor Energy Inc.	6,371,684	213,845	136,036	
TC Energy Corp.	3,980,162	238,163	205,973	
		1,395,774	1,125,820	12.7%
Financials				
Bank of Montreal	2,281,744	187,770	220,827	
Bank of Nova Scotia Brookfield Asset Management Inc., Class 'A'	2,587,273 8,495,099	152,427 287,085	178,004 447,012	
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	2,286,320	225,016	248,569	
Element Fleet Management Corp.	2,546,148	26,179	34,068	
Intact Financial Corp.	877,979	102,747	132,329	
Intact Financial Corp., Subscription Receipts, Restricted	53,920 5,343,350	7,252 110,605	7,252	
Manulife Financial Corp. National Bank of Canada	2,456,678	171,359	121,027 175,997	
Power Corp. of Canada	1,581,399	52,462	46,224	
Royal Bank of Canada	6,658,355	469,386	696,397	
Sun Life Financial Inc.	1,626,363	66,494	92,052	
Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	8,899,239	542,770	640,033	04.40/
		2,401,552	3,039,791	34.4%
Industrials Boyd Group Services Inc.	29,750	5,444	6,532	
Brookfield Business Partners L.P.	1,890,798	78,376	91,307	
Canadian National Railway Co.	2,356,857	200,984	329,818	
Canadian Pacific Railway Ltd.	711,137	169,532	313,988	
Cargojet Inc. GFL Environmental Inc.	93,959 1,287,421	8,251 31,557	20,185 47,776	
Thomson Reuters Corp.	1,267,421	11,014	11,364	
Waste Connections Inc.	642,902	62,530	83,912	
WSP Global Inc.	844,033	71,597	101,782	
		639,285	1,006,664	11.4%
Information Technology				
Constellation Software Inc.	71,880 247,270	85,784	118,812	
Dye & Durham Ltd., Restricted Kinaxis Inc.	347,270 86,267	12,033 6,723	16,930 15,557	
Nuvei Corp.	34,855	1,198	2,711	
Shopify Inc., Class 'A'	11,531	4,973	16,574	
Topicus.Com Inc.	133,682	643	643	
		111,354	171,227	1.9%
Materials	4 050 507	00.050	140.054	
Agnico Eagle Mines Ltd. Barrick Gold Corp.	1,652,567 8,383,624	96,059 195,298	148,054 243,125	
ERO Copper Corp.	306,926	6,636	6,267	
First Quantum Minerals Ltd.	2,641,405	20,824	60,356	
Franco-Nevada Corp.	591,364	81,912	94,382	
Kirkland Lake Gold Ltd.	1,680,829 4,010,705	93,643	88,412 45,221	
Lundin Mining Corp. Nutrien Ltd.	4,010,705 3,269,192	29,057 204,875	45,321 200,205	
Teck Resources Ltd., Class 'B'	2,331,508	50,701	53,858	
•	,,	779,005	939,980	10.6%
		, , 0,000	000,000	10.0 /0

Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2020 (cont'd)

					Average	Fair	% of
Security				Number of Shares	Cost (\$000s)	Value (\$000s)	Ne Assets
Real Estate				or orial as	Ιφοσοσή	Ιψοσου	710001
Allied Properties REIT				608,400	27,420	23,016	
Altus Group Ltd.				253,895	11,286	12,476	
Artis REIT Boardwalk REIT				936,033	9,168	9,978	
Canadian Apartment Properties REIT				964,380 3.036,810	39,578 146,530	32,538 151,810	
Choice Properties REIT				990,040	12,611	12,881	
Colliers International Group Inc.				211,090	15,705	23,912	
Cominar REIT				5,386,454	63,579	43,684	
CT REIT				2,107,291	29,087	33,021	
Dream Industrial REIT				530,937	5,125	6,982	
European Residential REIT				1,136,380	4,654	4,739	
First Capital REIT FirstService Corp.				645,476 521,484	9,415 53,690	8,746 90,853	
Granite REIT				1,045,060	69,058	81,410	
H&R REIT				2,938,603	32,726	39,054	
InterRent REIT				1,082,567	13,839	14,820	
Killam Apartment REIT				724,576	11,483	12,398	
Minto Apartment REIT				219,740	4,296	4,476	
NorthWest Healthcare Properties REIT				354,705	3,830	4,469	
Real Matters Inc.				544,712	13,697	10,464	
RioCan REIT SmartCentres REIT				3,160,801 534,246	65,588 13,580	52,944 12,330	
Summit Industrial Income REIT				314,026	3,729	4,287	
WPT Industrial REIT				589,356	10,351	10,835	
					670,025	702,123	7.9%
Utilities							
Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp.				1,194,549	20,427	25,026	
AltaGas Ltd.				2,203,577	34,614	41,251	
Brookfield Infrastructure Partners L.P. Brookfield Renewable Corp.				1,756,808 143,595	91,099 3,971	110,644 10,663	
Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P.				1,586,370	41,236	87,171	
Fortis Inc.				1,188,338	63,536	61,794	
Northland Power Inc.				2,530,390	81,217	115,563	
TransAlta Corp.				6,506,457	67,005	62,917	
					403,105	515,029	5.8%
TOTAL CANADIAN EQUITIES					7,414,475	8,598,394	97.2%
INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES United States (note 10)							
American Tower Corp.				16,759	5,380	4,788	
Brookfield Property Partners L.P.				2,579,110	62,466	47,482	
Newmont Corp.				328,144	19,368	24,998	
·					87,214	77,268	0.9%
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES					87,214	77,268	0.9%
TOTAL EQUITIES					7,501,689	8,675,662	98.1%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS BEFORE SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS					7,501,689	8,675,662	98.1%
					Average	Fair	% 01
Security	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	· · Additional Details	Par Value	Cost (\$000s)	Value (\$000s)	Net Assets
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	nate (70)	Duto	- Additional Botano	Tur value	Ιφοσοσή	14000037	7100010
Government of Canada	0.09%	2021/01/21	Treasury Bill	4,550,000	4,549	4,550	
Government of Canada	0.09%		Treasury Bill	17,575,000	17,571	17,574	
Government of Canada	0.09%		Treasury Bill	28,325,000	28,318	28,321	
Government of Canada	0.12%		Treasury Bill	24,200,000	24,192	24,195	
Government of Canada Government of Canada	0.13%	2021/03/18 2021/04/01		17,700,000 28,425,000	17,694 28,417	17,695 28,418	
Royal Bank of Canada	0.10% 0.20%	2021/04/01	Term Deposit	11,400,000	11,400	11,400	
TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS				,,	132,141	132,153	1.5%
Less: Transaction costs included in average cost					(6,039)		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS					7,627,791	8,807,815	99.6%
Margin						3,015	0.0%
Derivative assets						155	0.0%
Derivative liabilities						(1,456)	0.0%
Other Assets, less Liabilities						35,093	0.4%
TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS						8,844,622	100.0%
						-,	

¹Hedging reference number. Refers to a corresponding number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contracts.

Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Options

				Underlying		Fair
Security	Expiry Date	Strike Price	Number of Options	Interest on Equity Options	Proceeds (\$000s)	Value (\$000s)
Written Call Options						
First Quantum Minerals Ltd.	2021/01/16 \$	16.00 CAD	(2,065)	(206,500)	(229)	(1,446)
					(229)	(1,446)
Total Written Options					(229)	(1,446)
Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Options					(229)	(1,446)

Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contracts(note 10)

Hedging Ref.		Credit Rating for	Settlement	Currency		Currency				Unrealized Gain
No. **	Counterparty	Counterparty*	Date	Buys	Par Value	Sells	Par Value	Forward Rate	Current Rate	(Loss) (\$000s)
1	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/15	USD	80,000	CAD	105,159	1.314	1.273	(3)
1	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/01/15	USD	45,000	CAD	57,205	1.271	1.273	_
1	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	95,000	CAD	126,844	1.335	1.273	(7)
1	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	70,000	CAD	89,039	1.272	1.273	_
1	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	65,000	CAD	83,178	1.280	1.273	_
1	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	45,000	CAD	57,654	1.281	1.273	_
1	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/15	CAD	4,567,378	USD	3,485,000	0.763	0.786	131
1	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/15	CAD	691,847	USD	525,000	0.759	0.786	24
	Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forwa	ards								145

^{*} The credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) of the forward foreign currency contracts held by the Pool meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

^{**} See corresponding reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio

Offsetting Arrangements (note 2d) (in 000s)

The Pool may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statements of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts.

The following table reconciles the net amount of "Over-The-Counter" derivatives presented in the Statements of Financial Position, as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 to:

- The gross amount before offsetting required under IFRS; and
- The net amount after offsetting under the terms of master netting arrangements or other similar arrangements, but which do not meet the criteria for offsetting under IFRS.

Financial Assets and Liabilities		Amounts Offset Amounts Not Offset					Net			
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Amounts 0	lffset Under IFRS		Net Amounts Presented on Statements of Financial Position		Master Netting Arrangements	Cash Collateral Received		
As at December 31, 2020 OTC Derivative Assets OTC Derivative Liabilities	\$ 155 (10)	\$	_ _	\$	155 (10)	\$	(3)	\$ - -	\$	152 (7)
Total	\$ 145	\$	_	\$	145	\$	_	\$ _	\$	145
As at December 31, 2019 OTC Derivative Assets OTC Derivative Liabilities	\$ 766 (55)	\$	- -	\$	766 (55)	\$	(6) 6	\$ - -	\$	760 (49)
Total	\$ 711	\$	_	\$	711	\$	_	\$ _	\$	711

Interests in Underlying Funds (note 4)

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Pool had no investments in underlying funds where the ownership exceeded 20% of each underlying fund.

Financial Instrument Risks

Investment Objective: Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool (referred to as the *Pool*) seeks to provide monthly income and long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in income producing Canadian equity securities and income trust units.

Investment Strategies: The Pool adds value through prudent security selection based on fundamental bottom-up analysis and through the allocation of assets between common and preferred shares, income trust units, and other securities based on a review of economic and capital market conditions.

Significant risks that are relevant to the Pool are discussed here. General information on risk management and specific discussion on concentration, credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, and other price/market risk can be found in note 2 of the financial statements.

In the following risk tables, Net Assets is defined as meaning "Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units".

Concentration Risk as at December 31, 2020 and 2019

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio presents the securities held by the Pool as at December 31, 2020.

The following table presents the investment sectors held by the Pool as at December 31, 2019, and groups the securities by asset type, industry sector, geographic region, or currency exposure:

As at December 31 2019

Portfolio Breakdown	% of Net Assets
Canadian Equities	
Communication Services	6.2
Consumer Discretionary	3.4
Consumer Staples	2.4
Energy	18.5
Financials	34.0
Industrials	8.2
Information Technology	1.8
Materials	8.6
Real Estate	7.4
Utilities	3.7
International Equities	
United States	2.5
Short-Term Investments	3.0
Other Assets, less Liabilities	0.3
Total	100.0

Credit Risk

Credit ratings represent a consolidation of the ratings provided by various outside service providers and are subject to change, which could be material.

See the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for counterparties related to over-the-counter derivative contracts, where applicable.

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Pool invested in debt securities with the following credit ratings:

	% of Net Assets					
Debt Securities by Credit Rating (note 2b)	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019				
'AAA'	1.4	3.0				
'AA'	0.1	_				
Total	1.5	3.0				

Currency Risk

The tables that follow indicate the currencies to which the Pool had significant exposure as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, based on the market value of the Pool's financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) and the underlying principal amounts of forward foreign currency contracts, as applicable.

As at December 31, 2020

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
USD	21.571	0.2

Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

As at December 31, 2019

	Total Currency	% of
Currency (note 2m)	Exposure* (\$000s)	Net Assets
USD	19,356	0.2

Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have decreased or increased had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 1% in relation to all foreign currencies. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, the actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	216	194

Interest Rate Risk

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the majority of the Pool's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing and short-term in nature; accordingly, the Pool is not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Pool will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Pool is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Pool maintains sufficient cash on hand to fund anticipated redemptions.

With the exception of derivative contracts, where applicable, all of the Pool's financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the period end.

For pools that hold derivative contracts with a term-to-maturity that exceeds 90 days from the period end, further information related to those contracts can be referenced in the derivative schedules following the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

Other Price/Market Risk

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have increased or decreased had the value of the Pool's benchmark(s) increased or decreased by 1%. This change is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of Class A units of the Pool as compared to the return of the Pool's benchmark(s), using 36 monthly data points, as available, based on the monthly net returns of the Pool. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of the future correlation and, accordingly, the impact on net assets could be materially different.

	Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)				
Benchmark	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019			
S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index	92,160	91,044			
95% S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index 5% S&P/TSX Capped Real Estate Index	91,413	92,632			

Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 in valuing the Pool's financial assets and financial liabilities, carried at fair value:

As at December 31, 2020

Total Financial Assets and Liabilities	8,649,391	157,123		8,806,514
Total Financial Liabilities	(1,446)	(10)		(1,456)
Financial Liabilities Derivative liabilities	(1,446)	(10)	-	(1,456)
Total Financial Assets	8,650,837	157,133	_	8,807,970
Derivative assets		155	_	155
Equities	8,650,837	24,825	_	8,675,662
Financial Assets Short-Term Investments	_	132,153	_	132,153
Classification	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	Level 1 (i)	Level 2 (ii)	Level 3 (iii)	Total

- (i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- (ii) Significant other observable inputs
- (iii) Significant unobservable inputs

As at December 31, 2019

Total Financial Assets and Liabilities	8,709,463	279,295	_	8,988,758
Total Financial Liabilities	_	(55)	_	(55)
Financial Liabilities Derivative liabilities	-	(55)	-	(55)
Total Financial Assets	8,709,463	279,350	_	8,988,813
Derivative assets	_	766	_	766
Equities	8,709,463	6,902	_	8,716,365
Financial Assets Short-Term Investments	_	271,682	_	271,682
Classification	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	Level 1 (i)	Level 2 (ii)	Level 3 (iii)	Total

- (i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- (ii) Significant other observable inputs
- (iii) Significant unobservable inputs

Transfer of assets between Level 1 and Level 2

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 are the result of securities no longer being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 1 to Level 2.

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 are the result of securities now being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 2 to Level 1.

Reconciliation of financial asset and liability movement – Level 3

The Pool did not hold any Level 3 investments at the beginning of, during, or at the end of either reporting period.

As at and for the periods as disclosed in the financial statements (note 1)

1. Organization of the Funds and Financial Reporting Periods

The Imperial Pools consist of Imperial Money Market Pool, Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool, Imperial International Bond Pool, Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Equity Pool, Imperial U.S. Equity Pool, Imperial International Equity Pool, Imperial Overseas Equity Pool, and Imperial Emerging Economies Pool (referred to as individually, a *Pool*, and collectively, the *Pools*).

The Income Generation Portfolios consist of Conservative Income Portfolio, Balanced Income Portfolio and Enhanced Income Portfolio (referred to as individually, a Portfolio, and collectively, the Portfolios).

Each of the Imperial Pools and Income Generation Portfolios (referred to as individually, a *Fund*, and collectively, the *Funds*) is a mutual fund trust organized under the laws of Ontario and governed by a declaration of trust (referred to as *Declaration of Trust*). The address of the Funds' head office is Brookfield Place, 161 Bay Street, 22nd Floor, Toronto, Ontario.

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (referred to as *CIBC*) is the manager (referred to as the *Manager*) of the Funds and CIBC Trust Corporation is the trustee (referred to as the *Trustee*) of the Funds. Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units of each class. As at the date of these financial statements, each of the Pools offer Class A units for sale and the Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool and the Imperial Global Equity Income Pool also offer Class W units for sale. The Conservative Income Portfolio offers Class T3 and Class T4 units, the Balanced Income Portfolio offers Class T5 units, and the Enhanced Income Portfolio offers Class T5 units for sale.

The date upon which each Fund was established by Declaration of Trust (referred to as *Date Established*) and the date upon which units of each Fund was first sold to the public (referred to as *Inception Date*) are reported in the footnote *Organization of the Fund* on the Statements of Financial Position.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio of each Fund is as at December 31, 2020. The Statements of Financial Position of each of the Funds are as at December 31, 2020 and 2019. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, and Statements of Cash Flows of each of the Funds are for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, except for Funds established during either year, in which case the information presented is from the Date Established or the Inception Date to December 31, 2020 and 2019.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on March 10, 2021.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (referred to as IFRS) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention. However, each Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments and derivatives are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset Value for transactions with unitholders. In applying IFRS, these financial statements include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses during the reporting periods. However, existing circumstances and assumptions may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Funds. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional currency (unless otherwise noted).

a) Financial Instruments

Classification and recognition of financial instruments

Under IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, the Funds classify financial assets into one of three categories based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Those categories are:

- Amortized Cost Assets held within a business model whose objective is to collect cash flows and where the contractual cash flows of the assets are solely payments of principal and interest (referred to as SPPI criterion). Amortization of the asset is calculated utilizing the Effective Interest Rate Method.
- Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (referred to as FVOCI) Financial assets such as debt instruments that meet the SPPI criterion and are held within a business model with objectives that include both collecting the associated contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Gains and losses are reclassified to profit or loss upon derecognition for debt instruments but remain in other comprehensive income for equity instruments.
- Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (referred to as FVTPL) A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at Amortized Cost or FVOCI. Derivative contracts are measured at FVTPL. For all instruments classified as FVTPL, the gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified at FVTPL when they meet the definition of held-for-trading or when they are designated as FVTPL on initial recognition using the fair value option.

The Manager has assessed the business models of the Funds and has determined that the Funds' portfolio of financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' risk management and investment strategies; therefore, classification and measurement of financial assets is FVTPL.

All Funds have contractual obligations to distribute cash to the unitholders. As a result, each Fund's obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is presented at the redemotion amount.

b) Risk Management

The Funds' overall risk management approach includes formal guidelines that govern the extent of exposure to various types of risk, including diversification within asset classes and limits on the exposure to individual investments and counterparties. In addition, derivative financial instruments may be used to manage certain risk exposures. The Manager also has various internal controls to oversee the Funds' investment activities, including monitoring compliance with the investment objectives and strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations. Please refer to each Fund's Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio for specific risk disclosures.

Fair value of financial instruments by using valuation techniques

Financial instruments are valued at their fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Refer to note 3a to 3f for valuation of each specific type of financial instrument held by the Funds. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Funds use the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques.

The Funds classify fair value measurement within a hierarchy, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (referred to as Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (referred to as Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

If inputs are used to measure an asset's or liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Each Fund's fair value hierarchy classification of its assets and liabilities is included in the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

The carrying values of all non-investment assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, instruments are reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of a Fund, including the Level 3 measurements. The Manager obtains pricing from third-party pricing vendors and the pricing is reviewed daily. At each financial reporting date, the Manager reviews and approves all Level 3 fair value measurements. The Funds also have a Valuation Committee that meets quarterly to perform detailed reviews of the valuations of investments held by the Funds, which includes discussion on Level 3 measurements.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument, such as a fixed income security or a derivative contract, will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds. The value of fixed income securities and derivatives as presented on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the Funds. Certain Funds may invest in short-term fixed income securities issued or guaranteed primarily by the Government of Canada or any Canadian provincial government, obligations of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies, and commercial paper with approved credit ratings. The risk of default on these short-term fixed income securities is considered low and these securities primarily have credit ratings of "A-1 (Low)" or higher (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global. or equivalent rating from another rating service).

The bond ratings noted in the Funds' 'Financial Instruments Risk' under sub-section 'Credit Risk' represent ratings collected and disseminated by recognized third-party vendors. These ratings utilized by the Manager, while obtained from vendors skilled and recognized for bond rating services, may not be the same as those used directly by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors. Ratings used by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors could be higher or lower than those used for risk disclosure in the financial statements in compliance with their investment policy guidelines.

The Funds may engage in securities lending transactions. The credit risk related to securities lending transactions is limited by the fact that the value of cash or securities held as collateral by the Funds in connection with these transactions is at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. The collateral and loaned securities are marked to market on each business day. Further information regarding the collateral and securities on loan can be found in the footnotes to the Statements of Financial Position and in note 2j.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Mutual funds may invest in securities denominated or traded in currencies other than the Funds' reporting currency.

Interest rate risk

Prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. This risk is known as interest rate risk. Prices of longer-term fixed income securities will generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than would shorter-term securities. Due to the nature of short-term fixed income securities with a remaining term-to-maturity of less than one year, these investments are not generally exposed to a significant risk that their value will fluctuate in response to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

Liquidity risk

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Generally, the Funds retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain adequate liquidity. However, liquidity risk also involves the ability to sell an asset for cash easily and at a fair price. Some securities are illiquid due to legal restrictions on their resale, the nature of the investment, or simply a lack of interested buyers for a particular security or security type. Certain securities may become less liquid due to changes in market conditions, such as interest rate changes or market volatility, which could impair the ability of a Fund to sell such securities quickly or at a fair price. Difficulty in selling securities could result in a loss or lower return for a Fund.

Other price/market risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. Several factors can influence market trends, such as economic developments, changes in interest rates, political changes, and catastrophic events, such as pandemics or disasters which occur naturally or are exacerbated by climate change. Pandemics such as coronavirus disease 2019 (referred to as *COVID-19*) may adversely affect global markets and the performance of the Pools. All investments are exposed to other price/market risk.

c) Investment Transactions, Income Recognition, and Recognition of Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

- i) Interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest received by the Fund accounted for on an accrual basis. The Funds do not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.
- ii) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.
- iii) Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Securities that are exchange-traded are recorded at fair value established by the last traded market price when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. Debt securities are recorded at fair value, established by the last traded price on the over-the-counter market (referred to as OTC) when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Unlisted securities are recorded at fair value using fair valuation techniques established by the Manager in establishing a fair value.
- iv) Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated using the average cost, excluding transaction costs, of the related investments.
- v) Other income is the sum of income, excluding transaction costs, other than that which is separately classified on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

d) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Where applicable, additional information can be found in the table Offsetting Arrangements as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio. This supplemental schedule discloses the OTC derivatives which are subject to offsetting.

e) Portfolio Securities

The cost of securities of a Fund is determined in the following manner: securities are purchased and sold at a market-traded price to arrive at a value for the position traded. The total purchased value represents the total cost of the security to the Fund. When additional units of the same security are purchased, the cost of those additional units is added to the total security cost. When units of the same security are sold, the proportionate cost of the units of the security sold is deducted from the total security cost. If there is a return of capital paid by a security, the amount of this return of capital is deducted from the total security cost. This method of tracking security cost is known as "average cost" and the current total for any one security is referred to as the "adjusted cost base" or "ACB" of the security. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of investments and are recognized immediately in net income and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

The difference between the fair value of securities and their average cost, excluding transaction costs, represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of the portfolio investments. The applicable period change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments is included on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Short-term investments on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio are presented at their amortized cost which approximates the fair value. Accrued interest for bonds is disclosed separately on the Statements of Financial Position.

f) Foreign Exchange

The value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the current rates prevailing on each valuation date (unless otherwise indicated).

Purchases and sales of investments, income, and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Foreign currency translation gains (losses) on investments and income transactions are included in Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

g) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

The Funds may enter into forward foreign currency contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Changes in the fair value of forward foreign currency contracts are included in derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Statements of Financial Position and are recorded as an Increase (Decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives during the applicable period on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The gain or loss arising from the difference between the value of the original forward foreign currency contract and the value of such contract at close or delivery is realized and recorded as Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency for Funds that use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging or as Derivative income (loss) for Funds that do not use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging.

h) Futures Contracts

The Funds may enter into futures contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

The margin deposits with brokers relating to futures contracts are included in Margin on the Statements of Financial Position. Any change in the margin requirement is settled daily and included in Receivable for portfolio securities sold or Payable for portfolio securities purchased on the Statements of Financial Position.

Any difference between the settlement value at the close of business on each valuation date and the settlement value at the close of business on the previous valuation date is recorded as Derivative income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

i) Options

The Funds may enter into options contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities

Premiums paid for purchased call and put options are included in derivative assets and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position. When a purchased option expires, the Fund will realize a loss in the amount of the cost of the option. For a closing transaction, the Fund will realize a gain or loss depending on whether the proceeds are greater or less than the premium paid at the time of purchase. When a purchased call option is exercised, the cost of the security purchased is increased by the premium paid at the time of purchase.

Premiums received from writing options are included in derivative liabilities and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position as initial reductions in the value of investments. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are recorded as realized gains and reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For a closing transaction, if the cost of closing the transaction exceeds the premium received, the Fund will record a realized loss or, if the premium received at the time the option was written is greater than the amount paid, the Fund will record a realized gain and is reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. If a written put option is exercised, the cost for the security delivered is reduced by the premiums received at the time the option was written.

j) Securities Lending

A Fund may lend portfolio securities in order to earn additional revenue, which is disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The loaned assets of any one Fund are not permitted to exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of that Fund (excluding collateral debt for the loaned securities). The minimum allowable collateral is 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities as per the requirements of National Instrument 81-102 — *Investment Funds*. Collateral can consist of the following:

-) Cash
- ii) Qualified securities.
- iii) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by a Canadian financial institution that is not the counterparty, or an affiliate counterparty, of the pool in the transaction, if evidences of indebtedness of the Canadian financial institution that are rated as short-term debt by an approved credit rating organization have an approved credit rating.
- iv) Securities that are immediately convertible into securities of the same issuer, class, or type, and the same term, as the securities loaned.

The fair value of the loaned securities is determined on the close of any valuation date and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Pool on the next business day. The securities on loan continue to be included on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio, and are included in the total value on the Statements of Financial Position in Investments (non-derivative financial assets) at fair value. Where applicable, a Fund's securities lending transactions are reported in the footnote Securities Lending on the Statements of Financial Position.

National Instrument 81-106 — *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure* requires a reconciliation of the gross income amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the Funds to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gross amount generated from securities lending includes interest paid on collateral, withholding taxes deducted, the fees paid to the Funds' lending agent and the securities lending revenue received by the Funds. Where applicable, the reconciliation can be found in the footnotes to the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income.

k) Multi-Class Structured Funds

The realized and unrealized capital gains or losses, income, and common expenses (other than class-specific operating expenses and management fees) of the Fund are allocated on each valuation date to the unitholders in proportion to the respective prior day's net asset value, which includes unitholder trades dated for that day, of each class of units at the date on which the allocation is made. All class-specific operating expenses and management fees do not require allocation. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and are collected from the Funds on a recoverable basis.

I) Loans and Receivables, Other Assets and Liabilities

Loans and receivables, other assets and liabilities are recorded at cost, which approximates their fair value, with the exception of Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units which are presented at the redemption value.

hr

m) Legend of Abbreviations

The following is a list of abbreviations (foreign currency translation and others) that may be used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

Currency Abbreviations

AED	- United Arab Emirates Dirham	JPY	 Japanese Yen
ARS	- Argentine Peso	KES	 Kenyan Shilling
AUD	- Australian Dollar	KRW	 South Korean Won
BRL	- Brazilian Real	MAD	 Morocco Dirham
CAD	- Canadian Dollar	MXN	 Mexican Peso
CHF	- Swiss Franc	MYR	- Malaysian Ringgit
CLP	- Chilean Peso	NOK	 Norwegian Krone
CNY	- Chinese Renminbi	NZD	 New Zealand Dolla
COP	- Colombian Peso	PHP	 Philippine Peso
CZK	- Czech Koruna	PLN	 Polish Zloty
DKK	- Danish Krone	RON	 Romanian Leu
EGP	- Egyptian Pound	RUB	 Russian Ruble
EUR	- Euro	SEK	 Swedish Krona
GBP	- British Pound	SGD	 Singapore Dollar
GEL	- Georgian Lari	THB	 Thai Baht
HKD	- Hong Kong Dollar	TRY	 New Turkish Lira
HUF	- Hungarian Forint	TWD	 Taiwan Dollar
IDR	- Indonesian Rupiah	USD	- United States Dolla
ILS	- Israeli Shekel	ZAR	 South African Rand
INR	- Indian Rupee		

Other Abbreviations

ADR - American Depositary Receipt ETF - Exchange-Traded Fund

CVO - Contingent Value Obligations GDR - Global Depositary Receipt Securities
ELN - Equity Linked Note NVDR - Non-Voting Depositary Receipt

n) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class is calculated by dividing the Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (excluding distributions), as reported on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, by the weighted average number of units in issue during the related period.

3. Valuation of Investments

The valuation date (referred to as Valuation Date) for a Fund is any day when the Manager's head office is open for business. The Manager may, at its discretion, establish other Valuation Dates.

The fair value of the investments or assets of a Fund is determined as follows:

a) Cash and Other Assets

Cash, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, distributions receivable, and interest receivable are valued at fair value or at their recorded cost, plus or minus any foreign exchange between recognition of the asset by the Fund and the current Valuation Date, which approximates fair value.

b) Bonds, Debentures, and Other Debt Obligations

Bonds, debentures, and other debt obligations are fair valued using the last traded price provided by a recognized vendor upon the close of trading on a Valuation Date, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. If the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread, then the Manager will determine the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

c) Listed Securities, Unlisted Securities, and Fair Value Pricing of Foreign Securities

Any security that is listed or traded on a securities exchange is fair valued using the last traded price, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread or, if there is no traded price on that exchange or the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread and in the case of securities traded on an OTC market, at the fair value as determined by the Manager as an appropriate basis for valuation. In such situations, a fair value will be determined by the Manager to establish current value. If any securities are inter-listed or traded on more than one exchange or market, the Manager will use the principal exchange or market for the fair value of such securities.

Units of each mutual fund in which a Fund invests will be valued at fair value using the most recent net asset value quoted by the Trustee or Manager of the mutual fund on the Valuation Date.

Unlisted securities are fair valued using the last traded price quoted by a recognized dealer, or the Manager may determine a price that more accurately reflects the fair value of these securities if the Manager feels the last traded price does not reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is designed to avoid stale prices and to provide a more accurate fair value, and may assist in the deterrence of harmful short-term or excessive trading in the Fund. When securities listed or traded on markets or exchanges that close prior to North or South American markets or exchanges are valued by the Manager at their fair market value, instead of using quoted or published prices, the prices of such securities used to calculate the Fund's net assets or net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices of such securities.

d) Derivatives

Long positions in options, debt-like securities, and listed warrants are valued at fair value using the last traded price as established on either their principal trading exchange or by a recognized dealer in such securities, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread and the credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

When any option is written by any Fund, the premium received by the Fund will be reflected as a liability that will be valued at an amount equal to the current fair value of the option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment; the liability shall be deducted in arriving at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Fund. The securities that are the subject of a written option, if any, will be valued in the manner described above for listed securities.

Futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps will be valued at fair value of the gain or loss, if any, that would be realized on the Valuation Date if the position in the futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps were to be closed out.

Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts and forward contracts will be reflected as an account receivable and margin consisting of assets other than cash will be noted as held as collateral.

Other derivatives and margin are fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

e) Restricted Securities

Restricted securities purchased by any Fund will be fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

f) Other Investments

All other investments of the Funds will be fair valued in accordance with the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, where applicable

The value of any security or other property of a Fund for which a market quotation is not readily available or where the market quotations do not properly reflect the fair value of such securities will be determined by the Manager by valuing the securities at their fair value. In such situations, fair value will be determined using the fair valuation technique that most accurately reflects the fair value as established by the Manager.

4. Interest in Underlying Funds

The Funds may invest in other investment funds (*Underlying Funds*). Each Underlying Fund invests in a portfolio of assets to generate returns in the form of investment income and capital appreciation for its unitholders. Each Underlying Fund finances its operations primarily through the issuance of redeemable units, which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitle the unitholder to a proportionate share of the underlying fund's net assets. The Fund's interests in Underlying Funds held in the form of redeemable units, are reported in its Schedule of Investments at fair value, which represents the Funds' maximum exposure on those investments. The Funds' interests in underlying funds as at the prior year period ends are presented in the Financial Instruments Risks - Concentration Risk section in the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio. Distributions earned from Underlying Funds are included in "Investment Income" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The total realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) arising from Underlying Funds are also included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The Funds do not provide any additional significant financial or other support to Underlying Funds.

Where applicable, the table "Interests in Underlying Funds" presented as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio, provides additional information on the Funds' investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each Underlying Fund.

5. Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding

Each Fund is permitted to have an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The outstanding units represent the capital of a Fund. Each unit has no par value and the value of each unit is the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit next determined. Settlement of the cost for units issued is completed as per security regulations in place at the time of issue. Distributions made by a Fund and reinvested by unitholders in additional units also constitute issued redeemable units of a Fund.

Units are redeemed at the net assets attributable to holders of a redeemable unit per unit of a Fund. A right to redeem units of a Fund may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities or when normal trading is suspended on a stock, options, or futures exchange within Canada or outside of Canada on which securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the value or underlying exposure of the total assets of a Fund, not including any liabilities of a Fund, are traded and when those securities or derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for a Fund. The Fund is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital received by a Fund is utilized within the respective investment mandate of the Fund. This includes the ability to make liquidity available to satisfy unitholder unit redemption requirements upon the unitholder's request.

Changes in issued and outstanding units for the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 can be found on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Management fees are based on the net asset value of the Funds and are calculated daily. Management fees are paid to the Manager in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. The maximum annual management fee expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value that can be charged by a Fund is reported in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In addition to the management fees, the Funds are responsible for all expenses relating to the operation and conduct of the business of the Funds, which may include interest, operating, and administrative costs (other than advertising and promotional expenses, which are the responsibility of the Manager), brokerage fees, commissions, spreads, regulatory fees, Independent Review Committee fees, taxes, audit and legal fees and expenses, safekeeping and custodial fees, investor servicing costs, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. All such operating expenses are paid by the Manager and recovered from the Funds. The Funds do not pay a fee to the Trustee.

The Manager may recover less than the actual operating expenses paid by the Manager, resulting in the Manager absorbing expenses. The Manager may also charge to a Fund less than the maximum management fee in footnote Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, resulting in the Manager waiving management fees.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may stop absorbing operating expenses and/or waiving management fees at any time. Operating expenses absorbed and/or management fees waived by the Manager are disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In some cases, the Manager may charge management fees to a Fund that are less than the management fees the Manager is entitled to charge in respect of certain investors in a Fund. The difference in the amount of the management fees will be paid out by the Fund to the applicable investors as a distribution of additional units of the Fund (Management Fee Distributions). Management Fee Distributions are negotiable between the Manager and the investor and are dependent primarily on the size of the investor's investment in the Fund. Management Fee Distributions paid to qualified investors do not adversely impact the Fund or any of the Fund's other investors. The Manager may increase or decrease the amount of Management Fee Distributions to certain investors from time to time.

Where a Fund invests in units of an Underlying Fund, the Fund does not pay duplicate management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in units of the Underlying Fund. In addition, the Fund will not pay duplicate sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of units of the Underlying Fund. Some of the Underlying Funds held by the Funds may offer Management Fee Distributions. Such Management Fee Distributions of an Underlying Fund will be paid out as required for taxable distribution payments by a Fund. The manager of an Underlying Fund may, in some cases, waive a portion of an Underlying Fund's operating expenses.

7. Income Taxes and Withholding Taxes

The Funds qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). No income tax is payable by the Funds on net income and/or net realized capital gains that are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on undistributed net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the Funds are redeemed. Sufficient net income and realized capital gains of the Funds have been, or will be, distributed to the unitholders such that no tax is payable by the Funds and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. Occasionally, a Fund may pay distributions in excess of the net income and net realized capital gains of the Fund. This excess distribution is called a return of capital and is non-taxable to the unitholder. However, a return of capital reduces the average cost of the unitholder's units for tax purposes, which may result in a capital gain to the unitholder to the extent the average cost becomes less than zero.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for 20 years

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Where applicable, a Fund's net capital and non-capital losses are reported in footnote Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

The Funds have a taxation year-end of December 15 (except Imperial Money Market Pool, which has a taxation year-end of December 31).

The Funds currently incur withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

8. Brokerage Commissions and Fees

The total commissions paid by the Funds to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund where applicable. In allocating brokerage business to a dealer, consideration may be given by the portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors of the Funds to the provision of goods and services by the dealer or a third party, other than order execution (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor and the portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Funds or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Funds. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Funds to brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Fund. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the applicable Fund.

Fixed income and certain other securities are transacted in an OTC market, where participants are dealing as principals. Such securities are generally traded on a net basis and do not normally involve brokerage commissions, but will typically include a "spread" (being the difference between the bid and the offer prices on the security of the applicable marketplace).

Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading and certain other securities are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the dollar amounts. In addition, the soft dollar amounts only include the value of research and other services supplied by a third party to CIBC Asset Management Inc. (CAMI) or the Portfolio Advisor) and any portfolio sub-advisors, as the value of the services supplied to the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors by the dealer is not ascertainable. When these services benefit more than one Fund, the costs are allocated among the Funds based on transaction activity or some other fair basis as determined by the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors.

9. Related Party Transactions

CIBC and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Funds and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities. The Funds may hold securities of CIBC. CIBC and its affiliates may also be involved in underwriting or lending to issuers of securities that may be held by the Funds, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds while acting as principal, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds on behalf of another investment fund managed by CIBC or an affiliate, and also may have been involved as a counterparty to derivative transactions. Management fees payable and other accrued expenses on the Statements of Financial Position are amounts generally payable to a related party of the Fund.

Manager, Trustee, Portfolio Advisor, and certain Portfolio Sub-Advisors of the Funds

CIBC is the Manager, CIBC Trust Corporation is the Trustee, and CAMI is the Portfolio Advisor of each of the Funds.

The Manager also arranges for fund administrative services (other than advertising and promotional, which are the responsibility of the Manager), legal, investor servicing, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. The Manager is the registrar and transfer agent for the Funds and provides, or arranges for the provision of, all other administrative services required by the Funds. The dollar amount (including all applicable taxes) of all fund administrative expenses (net of absorptions) that the Manager recovers from a Fund is reported in footnote *Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars

The Portfolio Advisor generally delegates trading and execution authority to the portfolio sub-advisors. Where applicable, disclosure of the amounts of soft dollars can be found in the Brokerage Commission and Fees schedule on the Statements of Comprehensive Income for each Fund.

The Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio securities, certain derivative products and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors to CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. The total commissions paid to related brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund.

CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income and other securities, and certain derivative products to the Funds. Dealers, including CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors that process trades through them (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Fund or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Fund. As per terms of the portfolio advisory and sub-advisory agreements, such soft dollar arrangements

are in compliance with applicable laws. Custodial fees directly related to portfolio transactions incurred by a Fund, otherwise payable by the Fund, shall be paid by CAMI, and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI, up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Fund, or a portion of the Fund, during that month. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Fund to related brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Funds. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the relevant Fund.

Custodian

The custodian holds all cash and securities for the Funds and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the custodian might be holding. The custodian also provides other services to the Funds including record keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the custodian of the Funds (the Custodian). The Custodian may hire sub-custodians for the Funds. The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions by a Fund, or a portion of a Fund, are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Funds during that month. All other fees for the services of the Custodian are paid by the Manager, and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC owns a 50% interest in CIBC Mellon Trust Company.

Service Provide

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (referred to as CIBC GSS) provides certain services to the Funds, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. Such servicing fees are paid by the Manager and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC indirectly owns a 50% interest in CIBC GSS.

The dollar amount paid by the Funds (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees (net of absorptions) and to CIBC GSS for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (net of absorptions) for the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is reported in footnote Service Provider on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

10. Hedging

Certain foreign currency denominated positions have been hedged, or partially hedged, by forward foreign currency contracts as part of the investment strategies of certain Funds. These hedges are indicated by a hedging reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and a corresponding hedging reference number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities Forward Foreign Currency Contracts for those Funds.

11. Collateral on Specified Derivatives

Short-term investments may be used as collateral for futures contracts outstanding with brokers.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of

Imperial Money Market Pool
Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool
Imperial Canadian Bond Pool
Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool
Imperial International Bond Pool
Imperial Equity High Income Pool
Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool
Imperial Global Equity Income Pool
(collectively, the "Funds")

Imperial Canadian Equity Pool
Imperial U.S. Equity Pool
Imperial International Equity Pool
Imperial Overseas Equity Pool
Imperial Emerging Economies Pool
Conservative Income Portfolio
Balanced Income Portfolio
Enhanced Income Portfolio

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Funds, which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units and statements of cash flows for the periods then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Funds as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and their financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (referred to as IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing each Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Funds' financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ernst & Young LLP

Toronto, Canada March 23, 2021

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