

# **Annual Financial Statements**

for the financial year ended December 31, 2020

# Statements of Financial Position (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

	Dece	mber 31, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019
Assets				
Current assets				
Investments (non-derivative financial assets) (notes 2				
and 3)	\$	758,076	\$	757,123
Cash including foreign currency holdings, at fair value		7,165		6,762
Margin		3,972		5,981
Interest receivable		592		393
Receivable for units issued		225		2,065
Derivative assets		3,725		1,550
Total Assets		773,755		773,874
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Payable for portfolio securities purchased		1,162		922
Payable for units redeemed		504		259
Derivative liabilities		1,987		1,526
Total Liabilities		3,653		2,707
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable				
Units (note 5)	\$	770,102	\$	771,167
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable				
Units per Class				
Class T5	\$	602,932	\$	586,807
Class T6	\$	167,170	\$	184,360
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (note 5)				
Class T5	\$	10.08	\$	10.50
Class T6	Š	9.64	\$	10.15

# Organization of the Fund (note 1)

The Portfolio was established on December 14, 2015 (referred to as Date Established).

	Inception Date
Class T5	June 1, 2016
Class T6	June 3, 2016

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# Statements of Comprehensive Income (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

		December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments			
Interest for distribution purposes	\$	1,604	\$ 1,689
Investment income		16,142	23,284
Dividend revenue		8,106	5,253
Derivative income (loss)		(417)	4,152
Other changes in fair value of investments and derivatives			
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives		(1,498)	2,635
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency (notes 2f and g)	:	(54)	(187
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	)	(18,597)	45,776
Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments		5,286	82,602
Other Income			
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash		(16)	(84
		(16)	(84
Expenses (note 6)			
Management fees ±±		8.535	7,550
Audit fees		10	9
Custodial fees		133	111
Independent review committee fees		3	1
Legal fees		4	3
Regulatory fees		66	77
Transaction costs ±±±		126	169
Unitholder reporting costs		61	62
Withholding taxes (note 7)		128	84
Other expenses		11	12
		9,077	8,078
Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager		(8,567)	(7,598
		510	480
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding			
distributions)		4,760	82,038
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions)			
Class T5	\$	5,315	\$ 62,425
Class T6	\$	(555)	\$
Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class			
		60.462	50,018
Class T5			
		18,035	16,049
Class T5 Class T6 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit			16,049
Class T6 Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to	s		\$ 16,049

±± Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates (note 6)							
Class T5		1.00%					
Class T6		1.00%					
±±± Brokerage Commissions and Fees (notes 8 an	d 9)						
	2020	2019					
Brokerage commissions and other fees (\$000s)							
Total Paid	31	102					
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc.	_	-					
Paid to CIBC World Markets Corp.	_	_					
Soft dollars (\$000s)							
Total Paid	_	_					

Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. –

# Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (in 000s)

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

		Class T5 Units				Class T6 Units			
	De	cember 31, 2020	De	ecember 31, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)	\$	5,315	\$	62,425	\$	(555)	\$	19,613	
Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units									
From net investment income		(16,951)		(17,522)		(4,902)		(5,480	
From net realized capital gains		(31)		-		_		-	
Return of capital		(14,969)		(6,551)		(6,106)		(3,617	
		(31,951)		(24,073)		(11,008)		(9,097	
Redeemable Unit Transactions									
Amount received from the issuance of units		162,709		173,492		35,757		53,501	
Amount received from reinvestment of distributions		28,616		21,404		8,585		7,084	
Amount paid on redemptions of units		(148,564)		(117,989)		(49,969)		(35,701	
		42,761		76,907		(5,627)		24,884	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units		16,125		115,259		(17,190)		35,400	
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period		586,807		471,548		184,360		148,960	
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period	\$	602,932	\$	586,807	\$	167,170	\$	184,360	
Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding (note 5) As at December 31, 2020 and 2019									
Balance - beginning of period		55.888		48.538		18.163		15.708	
Redeemable units issued		16,142		16,711		3,654		5,311	
Redeemable units issued on reinvestments		2,929		2,068		914		705	
		74,959		67,317		22,731		21,724	
Redeemable units redeemed		(15,133)		(11,429)		(5,381)		(3,561	
Balance - end of period		59,826		55,888		17,350		18,163	

# Statements of Cash Flows (in 000s)

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (note 1)

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations (excluding distributions)	\$ 4,760	\$ 82,038
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	16	84
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives	1,498	(2,635)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	18,597	(45,776)
Reinvested distributions from underlying funds	(23,638)	(28,170)
Purchase of investments	(376,082)	(555,597)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	377,198	488,297
Margin	2,009	(4,413)
Interest receivable	(199)	2
Dividends receivable	_	35
	4,159	(66,135)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Amount received from the issuance of units	200,306	226,904
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(198,288)	(154,006)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(5,758)	(4,682)
	(3,740)	68,216
Increase (Decrease) in Cash during the Period	419	2,081
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	(16)	(84)
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of Period	6,762	4,765
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at End of Period	\$ 7,165	\$ 6,762
Interest received	\$ 1,405	\$ 1,691
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 548	\$ 351

# Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2020

					Average	Fair	% of
Security				Number of Units	Cost (\$000s)	Value (\$000s)	Ne Assets
4MUTUAL FUNDS (note 10)				UI UIIIIS	(\$0005)	(\$0005)	Assett
Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Class 'A'				4,371,703	51,131	54,270	
Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Class 'A'				15,250,503	182,119	177,061	
Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Class 'A' Imperial International Bond Pool, Class 'A'				14,056,466 3,502,527	158,006 40,404	156,740 40,724	
Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Class 'A'				3,419,999	35,193	35,752	
Renaissance Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool, Class 'S'				10,091,919	103,538	100,356	
Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool, Class 'S'  TOTAL MUTUAL FUNDS				10,585,621	113,793 <b>684,184</b>	109,255 <b>674,158</b>	87.6%
				-	Average	Fair	% of
				Number	Cost	Value	Net
Security INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES				of Shares	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	Assets
<sup>2</sup> <b>Brazil</b> (note 10) iShares MSCI Brazil ETF				8,083	462	382	
ISHIRIES WISCH DIAZH ETI				0,003	462	382	0.0%
<sup>4</sup> Chile (note 10)					0.744	0.000	
iShares MSCI Chile Capped ETF				59,376	2,741	2,283	0.3%
Russia				-	2,741	2,203	0.5 /0
VanEck Vectors Russia ETF				45,288	1,317	1,392	
<sup>13</sup> United States (note 10)				-	1,317	1,392	0.2%
iShares J.P. Morgan USD Emerging Markets Bond ETF				41,709	6,106	6,154	
iShares Russell 2000 Value Index Fund SPDR Gold Shares				16,065 34,925	2,283 7,484	2,694 7,929	
VanEck Vectors Fallen Angel High Yield Bond ETF VanEck Vectors J.P. Morgan EM Local Currency Bond ETF				79 538	2,804	3.250	
VanEck Vectors J.P. Morgan EM Local Currency Bond ETF				73,416	3,089	3,109	
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES				-	21,766 <b>26,286</b>	23,136 <b>27,193</b>	3.0% <b>3.5%</b>
TOTAL EQUITIES				-	26,286	27,193	3.5%
				-			
	Coupon	Maturity			Average Cost	Fair Value	% of Net
Security	Rate (%)	Date	Additional Details	Par Value	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	Assets
INTERNATIONAL BONDS  Parazil (note 10)							
Federative Republic of Brazil	10.00%	2023/01/01	Series 'F', BRL	8,000,000	2,845	2,067	
					2,845	2,067	0.3%
<sup>5</sup> Colombia (note 10) Republic of Colombia	6.00%	2028/04/28	Series 'B', COP	15,641,000,000	5,699	6,244	
периын он сониныа	0.00 /0	2020/04/20	Jelles B, COI	13,041,000,000	5,699	6,244	0.8%
<sup>8</sup> Indonesia (note 10)				-	0,000	0,211	0.070
Republic of Indonesia	6.50% 8.25%		Series 'FR81', IDR	53,000,000,000	4,441	5,066	
Republic of Indonesia	0.23 /0	2023/03/13	Series 'FR78', IDR	23,000,000,000	2,319 6,760	2,421 7,487	1.0%
<sup>o</sup> Malaysia (note 10)				-			
Federation of Malaysia	3.89%	2029/08/15	Series '0219', MYR	7,857,000	2,625	2,736	
<sup>2</sup> Poland (note 10)				-	2,625	2,736	0.3%
Republic of Poland	2.75%	2028/04/25	Series '0428', PLN	7,307,000	2,562	2,807	
40 1 141 (				-	2,562	2,807	0.4%
*South Africa (note 10) Republic of South Africa	8.00%	2030/01/31	Series '2030', ZAR	42,200,000	3,013	3,491	
					3,013	3,491	0.4%
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL BONDS				-	23,504	24,832	3.2%
TOTAL BONDS				-	23,504	24,832	3.2%
TOTAL INVESTMENTS BEFORE SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS				-	733,974	726,183	94.3%
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (note 11) Government of Canada	0.09%	2021/01/21	Treasury Bill	2,100,000	2,099	2,100	
Government of Canada	0.09%	2021/02/18	Treasury Bill	5,000,000	4,999	5,000	
Government of Canada Government of Canada	0.13% 0.10%	2021/03/18 2021/04/01	Treasury Bill Treasury Bill	13,400,000 11,400,000	13,395 11,397	13,396 11,397	
TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS				-	31,890	31,893	4.1%
Less: Transaction costs included in average cost				-	(75)		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS				-	765,789	758,076	98.4%
Margin						3,972	0.5%
Derivative assets Derivative liabilities						3,725 (1,987)	0.4% (0.2)%
Other Assets, less Liabilities					-	6,316	0.9%
TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS						770,102	100.0%
HEDELINIADEL UNITS					-	110,102	100.0%

<sup>1-14</sup> Hedging reference number. Refers to a corresponding number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contracts.

# Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Futures Contracts (note 11)

Contracted			Number of		Contracted	Fair	Unrealized Gain
Value (\$)	Name of Future	Expiry Date	Contracts	Currency	Price	Value (\$)	(Loss) (\$000s)
4,526,932	Australian SPI 200 Index	March 2021	28	AUD	6,590.00	4,490,524	(36)
1,797,619	Brent Crude Commodity	October 2021	30	USD	47.07	1,937,990	140
939,400	Copper Commodity	March 2021	9	USD	328.00	1,007,850	69
4,855,934	Euro Stoxx 50 Dividend	December 2024	386	EUR	80.90	5,654,306	798
1,549,910	Euro Stoxx Banks	March 2021	266	EUR	74.94	1,532,537	(17)
793,172	FTSE 100 Index	March 2021	7	GBP	6,509.50	782,266	(11)
1,464,718	FTSE Taiwan Index	January 2021	23	USD	1,250.75	1,493,990	29
3,321,094	Hang Seng China Enterprises Index	January 2021	39	HKD	10,372.69	3,426,212	105
1,144,337	Iron Ore Commodity	January 2021	62	USD	145.00	1,250,169	106
2,962,373	Korean KOSPI 200 Index	March 2021	28	KRW	361.16	3,191,976	230
4,358,750	Malaysian Kuala Lumpur Composite Index	January 2021	167	MYR	1,649.59	4,306,975	(52)
2,030,145	MSCI Singapore Index	January 2021	65	SGD	324.28	2,024,013	(6)
849,227	OMX Stockholm 30 Index	January 2021	29	SEK	1,892.80	842,699	(7)
700,696	Polish WIG20 Index	March 2021	53	PLN	1,940.00	719,478	19
(10,110,240)	Ten-Year Government of Canada Bond	March 2021	(68)	CAD	148.68	(10,138,800)	(29)
(10,465,863)	United States S&P 500 E-Mini Index	March 2021	(45)	USD	3,654.25	(10,736,657)	(271)
10,718,204						11,785,528	1,067

As at December 31, 2020, \$3,812,440 cash was deposited as margin for the futures contracts.

# Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contracts(note 10)

Hedging Ref.		Credit Rating for	Settlement	Currency		Currency				Unrealized Gain
No. **	Counterparty	Counterparty*	Date	Buys	Par Value	Sells	Par Value	Forward Rate	Current Rate	(Loss) (\$000s)
1	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/03/15	CAD	2,776,086	AUD	2,900,000	1.045	1.019	(71)
2	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/03/02	USD	2,115,584	BRL	11,425,000	5.400	5.200	(104)
3	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/02/26	CAD	1,800,447	CHF	1,255,000	0.697	0.695	(7)
	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/03/08	CNY	55,480,000	CAD	10,884,727	0.196	0.195	(91)
4	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/26	CLP	473,070,000	USD	626,168	0.001	0.001	50
4	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/26	USD	108,417	CLP	82,890,000	764.550	710.570	(10)
4	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/26	USD	897,858	CLP	707,710,000	788.220	710.570	(125)
4	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/26	USD	686,044	CLP	517,490,000	754.310	710.570	(54)
5	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/26	COP	3,581,080,000	USD	1,033,799	0.000289	0.000293	19
5	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/01/26	USD	3,533,901	COP	13,621,420,000	3,854.500	3,415.322	(578)
5	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/01/26	USD	135,564	COP	497,520,000	3,670.000	3,415.322	(13)
5	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/01/26	USD	95,324	COP	333,200,000	3,495.440	3,415.322	(3)
6	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2021/01/14	EUR	725,000	CAD	1,124,084	1.550	1.555	4
6	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/14	EUR	560,000	CAD	860,156	1.536	1.555	11
6	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2021/01/14	CAD	115,668	EUR	75,000	0.648	0.643	(1)
6	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/14	CAD	469,610	EUR	305,000	0.649	0.643	(5)
6	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2021/01/14	CAD	1,261,288	EUR	810,000	0.642	0.643	1
6		A-1+	2021/01/14	CAD	626,536	EUR	400,000	0.638	0.643	4
7	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/03/08	CAD	1,229,690	HKD	7,385,000	6.006	6.090	17
8	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/03/23	IDR	27,947,720,000	USD	1,959,250	0.000070	0.000071	48
8		A-1+	2021/03/23	IDR	5,632,900,000	USD	395,763	0.000070	0.000071	9
8		A-1+	2021/03/23	USD	112,174	IDR	1,594,560,000	14,215.000	13,994.531	(2)
· ·	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/03/08	INR	700,080,000	USD	9,423,610	0.013	0.014	129
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/03/08	USD	133,898	INR	9,960,000	74.385	73.500	(2)
9	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/02/26	KRW	45,850,000	USD	41,471	0.001	0.001	1
9	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/02/26	USD	1,318,290	KRW	1,471,910,000	1,116.530	1,088.020	(44)
9	•	A-1+	2021/02/26	USD	224,116	KRW	244,880,000	1,092.650	1,088.020	(1)
Ü	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/14	MXN	121,645,000	CAD	7,423,986	0.061	0.064	349
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/14	CAD	1,138,784	MXN	18,475,000	16.223	15.650	(42)
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/14	CAD	832,613	MXN	13,065,000	15.692	15.650	(2)
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/14	CAD	148,926	MXN	2,355,000	15.813	15.650	(2)
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/14	PEN	2,440,000	USD	678,456	0.278	0.276	(5)
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/02/12	USD	679,023	PEN	2,440,000	3.593	3.619	6
10	,	A-1	2021/02/12	MYR	275,000	USD	65,971	0.240	0.249	3
10		A-1	2021/01/11	MYR	170,000	USD	41,831	0.246	0.243	1
	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/11	MYR	120,000	USD	29,579	0.246	0.243	_
10		A-1+	2021/01/11	MYR	220,000	USD	53,140	0.240	0.249	2
10	,	A-1+ A-1	2021/01/11	USD	258,080	MYR	1,070,000	4.146	4.018	(10)
10	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/11	USD	2,996,774	MYR	12,540,000	4.140	4.018	(158)
10	•	A-1+ A-1+	2021/01/11	USD	227,864	MYR	920.000	4.104	4.018	(136)
10	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1+ A-1	2021/01/11	NOK	28,920,000	CAD	4,107,202	0.142	0.148	186
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/26	CAD	159,836	NOK	1,075,000	6.726	6.737	100
11	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1+ A-1	2021/01/20	CAD	92,514	NZD	106,000	1.146	1.092	(5)
12	·	A-1	2021/01/21	CAD	1,611,842	PLN	4,655,000	2.888	2.935	26
	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1 A-1+	2021/01/14	CAD	1,611,842	PLIN	4,000,000	2.888	2.935	26 9
12	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1+ A-1				USD				260
			2021/01/25	RUB	271,085,000		3,451,553	0.013	0.013	
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/25	RUB	50,050,000	USD	655,080	0.013	0.013	25 3
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/25	USD	160,803	RUB	11,770,000	73.195	74.158	
	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/26	SEK	14,730,000	CAD SEK	2,210,049	0.150	0.155	69
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/26	CAD	1,385,973	2FK	9,170,000	6.616	6.463	(33)

Hedging Ref.		Credit Rating for	Settlement	Currency		Currency				Unrealized Gain
No. **	Counterparty	Counterparty*	Date	Buys	Par Value	Sells	Par Value	Forward Rate	Current Rate	(Loss) (\$000s)
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/26	CAD	840,288	SEK	5,560,000	6.617	6.463	(20)
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/03/22	SGD	360,000	CAD	344,816	0.958	0.963	2
13	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/15	USD	425,000	CAD	550,539	1.295	1.273	(10)
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	800,000	CAD	1,052,078	1.315	1.273	(34)
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	800,000	CAD	1,047,148	1.309	1.273	(29)
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	740,000	CAD	946,945	1.280	1.273	(5)
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	520,000	CAD	664,336	1.278	1.273	(2)
13	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1+	2021/01/15	USD	465,000	CAD	603,050	1.297	1.273	(11)
13	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/15	CAD	26,178,875	USD	19,975,000	0.763	0.786	754
13	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2021/01/15	CAD	2,462,651	USD	1,875,000	0.761	0.786	76
13	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/01/15	CAD	547,263	USD	430,000	0.786	0.786	_
13	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	A-1	2021/01/15	CAD	368,404	USD	285,000	0.774	0.786	6
13	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2021/01/15	CAD	1,983,749	USD	1,520,000	0.766	0.786	49
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	1,326,565	USD	1,025,000	0.773	0.786	22
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	942,203	USD	725,000	0.769	0.786	19
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	260,074	USD	200,000	0.769	0.786	5
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	255,075	USD	200,000	0.784	0.786	1
13	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	66,760	USD	50,000	0.749	0.786	3
13	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	1,729,369	USD	1,325,000	0.766	0.786	43
13	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	568,134	USD	435,000	0.766	0.786	14
13	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	300,915	USD	235,000	0.781	0.786	2
13	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	140,383	USD	110,000	0.784	0.786	_
13	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2021/01/15	CAD	96,546	USD	75,000	0.777	0.786	1
14	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2021/03/01	CAD	3,469,546	ZAR	41,250,000	11.889	11.628	(78)
	Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward	s								671

<sup>\*</sup> The credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) of the forward foreign currency contracts held by the Portfolio meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See corresponding reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

# Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio

# Offsetting Arrangements (note 2d) (in 000s)

The Portfolio may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statements of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts.

The following table reconciles the net amount of "Over-The-Counter" derivatives presented in the Statements of Financial Position, as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, to:

- The gross amount before offsetting required under IFRS; and
- The net amount after offsetting under the terms of master netting arrangements or other similar arrangements, but which do not meet the criteria for offsetting under IFRS.

Financial Assets and Liabilities		Amounts Offset					Amounts	Net				
		Gross Assets (Liabilities)		Amounts Offset Under IFRS		Net Amounts Presented on Statements of Financial Position		Master Netting Arrangements		Cash Collateral Received		
As at December 31, 2020 OTC Derivative Assets OTC Derivative Liabilities	\$	2,229 (1,558)	\$	_ _	\$	2,229 (1,558)	\$	(1,220) 1,220	\$	- -	\$	1,009 (338)
Total	\$	671	\$		\$	671	\$		\$		\$	671
As at December 31, 2019 OTC Derivative Assets OTC Derivative Liabilities	\$	1,105 (807)	\$	- -	\$	1,105 (807)	\$	(715) 715	\$	- -	\$	390 (92)
Total	\$	298	\$		\$	298	\$		\$	_	\$	298

# Interests in Underlying Funds (note 4)

The following table presents additional information on the Portfolio's investments in underlying funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each underlying fund as at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

The Renaissance Investment family of funds are mutual fund trusts organized under the laws of Ontario and the address of the funds' registered office is Brookfield Place, 161 Bay Street, 22nd Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2S1.

# As at December 31, 2020

Holding	% of Net Assets	Country of Establishment & Principal Place of Business	% of Ownership Interest
Renaissance Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool	13.0	Canada	22.6 26.9
Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool	14.2	Canada	

# As at December 31, 2019

Holding	% of Net Assets	Country of Establishment & Principal Place of Business	% of Ownership Interest
Renaissance Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool	13.1 14.1	Canada Canada	23.2 25.7

# **Financial Instrument Risks**

Investment Objective: Enhanced Income Portfolio (referred to as the *Portfolio*) seeks to provide a mix of income and moderate capital appreciation potential by investing primarily in units of Canadian and global mutual funds.

Investment Strategies: The Portfolio invests primarily in units of mutual funds managed by the Manager or its affiliates. The Portfolio has, under normal market conditions, a long-term strategic asset mix of fixed income (20%-50%) and equities (50%-80%). The portfolio advisor may review and adjust the asset mix, in its sole discretion, depending on economic conditions and relative value of income and equity securities.

As the Portfolio invests in the Underlying Funds, it may be indirectly exposed to concentration, credit, currency, and interest rate risks from these holdings. Only direct exposure to significant risks that are relevant to the Portfolio is discussed here. General information on risk management and specific discussion on concentration, credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, and other price/market risk can be found in note 2 of the financial statements.

In the following risk tables, Net Assets is defined as meaning "Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units".

## Concentration Risk as at December 31, 2020 and 2019

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio presents the securities held by the Portfolio as at December 31 2020

The following table presents the investment sectors held by the Portfolio as at December 31, 2019 and groups the securities by asset type, industry sector, geographic region, or currency exposure:

# As at December 31, 2019

	% of Net
Portfolio Breakdown	Assets
International Equities	
Brazil	0.1
Chile	0.3
Israel	0.2
Russia	0.1
United States	1.2
International Bonds	
Brazil	0.3
Chile	0.7
Colombia	0.4
Indonesia	0.3
Malaysia	0.1
Poland	0.3
Mutual Funds	
Canadian Bond	11.8
Canadian Equity	22.8
International Bond	18.4
International Equity	34.3
Short-Term Investments	6.9
Margin	0.8
Other Assets, less Liabilities	1.0
<u>Total</u>	100.0

# **Credit Risk**

Credit ratings represent a consolidation of the ratings provided by various outside service providers and are subject to change, which could be material.

See the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for counterparties related to over-the-counter derivative contracts, where applicable.

As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Portfolio invested in debt securities with the following credit ratings:

	% of Net Assets			
Debt Securities by Credit Rating (note 2b)	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
'AAA'	4.0	6.9		
'A'	0.4	1.1		
'BBB'	2.2	0.7		
Below 'BBB'	0.7	0.3		
Total	7.3	9.0		

# **Currency Risk**

The tables that follow indicate the currencies to which the Portfolio had significant exposure as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, based on the market value of the Portfolio's financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) and the underlying principal amounts of forward foreign currency contracts, as applicable.

# As at December 31, 2020

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
INR	11,950	1.6
IDR	10,816	1.4
CNY	10,793	1.4
MXN	5,748	0.7
RUB	5,310	0.7
NOK	4,133	0.5
USD	(10,846)	(1.4)

Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

## As at December 31, 2019

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
INR	8,666	1.1
IDR	7,424	1.0
MXN	5,106	0.7
RUB	4,056	0.5
NOK	3,707	0.5
EUR	(6,886)	(0.9)

Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have decreased or increased had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 1% in relation to all foreign currencies. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, the actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	353	188

# Interest Rate Risk

The Portfolio's short-term assets and liabilities were not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing level of market interest rates.

The table that follows indicates the Portfolio's exposure to fixed income securities by remaining term-to-maturity.

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019 (\$000s)	
Remaining Term-to-Maturity	(\$000s)		
1-3 years	2,067	_	
3-5 years	5,067	2,057	
> 5 years	17,698	14,215	
Total	24,832	16,272	

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have increased or decreased had the interest rate decreased or increased by 25 basis points and assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve. This change is estimated using the weighted average duration of the fixed income portfolio. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	343	282

# Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Portfolio will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Portfolio is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Portfolio maintains sufficient cash on hand to fund anticipated redemptions.

With the exception of derivative contracts, where applicable, all of the Portfolio's financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the period end.

For portfolios that hold derivative contracts with a term-to-maturity that exceeds 90 days from the period end, further information related to those contracts can be referenced in the derivative schedules following the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

#### Other Price/Market Risk

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 would have increased or decreased had the value of the Portfolio's benchmark(s) increased or decreased by 1%. This change is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of Class T5 units of the Portfolio as compared to the return of the Portfolio's benchmark(s), using 36 monthly data points, as available, based on the monthly net returns of the Portfolio. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of the future correlation and, accordingly, the impact on net assets could be materially different.

During the period, the Portfolio's blended benchmark was changed to better reflect the Portfolio's strategic asset mix. The Current Blended Benchmark and Previous Blended Benchmark are outlined in the table below.

	Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)		
Benchmark	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	
MSCI World Index	4,549	3,429	
22.9% S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index 20.2% MSCI World High Dividend Yield Index 13.2% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index 12% FTSE Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index 7.1% Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Index 77% FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index 5.6% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Real Estate Index (Net) 5.3% FTSE Canada Short Term Overall Bond Index 5.3% FTSE World Government Bond Index (Hedged to CAD) 1.0% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index 0.4% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Market Corporate Index (referred to as Current Blended Benchmark)	9,703	n/a	
22.9% S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index 20.2% MSCI World Index 13.2% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index 13.2% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index 12% FTSE Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index 7.1% Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Index 7% FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index 5.6% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Real Estate Index (Net) 5.3% FTSE Canada Short Term Overall Bond Index 5.3% FTSE Canada Short Term Overall Bond Index (AD) 1.0% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index 0.4% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Market Corporate Index (referred to as Previous Blended Benchmark)	n/a	7,815	

# Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 in valuing the Portfolio's financial assets and financial liabilities, carried at fair value:

# As at December 31, 2020

Total Financial Assets and Liabilities	702,418	57,396	_	759,814
Total Financial Liabilities	(429)	(1,558)	-	(1,987
Financial Liabilities Derivative liabilities	(429)	(1,558)	_	(1,987
Total Financial Assets	702,847	58,954	_	761,801
Derivative assets	1,496	2,229	_	3,725
Mutual Funds	674,158	_	_	674,158
Equities	27,193	_	_	27,193
Short-Term Investments	_	31,893	_	31,893
Fixed Income Securities	_	24,832	_	24,832
Financial Assets				
Classification	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	Level 1 (i)	Level 2 (ii)	Level 3 (iii)	Total

- (i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- (ii) Significant other observable inputs
- (iii) Significant unobservable inputs

# As at December 31, 2019

Total Financial Assets and Liabilities	687,427	69,720	_	757,147
Total Financial Liabilities	(506)	(1,020)	_	(1,526)
<b>Financial Liabilities</b> Derivative liabilities	(506)	(1,020)	-	(1,526)
Total Financial Assets	687,933	70,740	_	758,673
Derivative assets	212	1,338	_	1,550
Mutual Funds	673,053	_	_	673,053
Equities	14,668	_	_	14,668
Short-Term Investments	_	53,130	_	53,130
Financial Assets Fixed Income Securities	_	16,272	_	16,272
Financial Access				
Classification	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	Level 1 (i)	Level 2 (ii)	Level 3 (iii)	Total

- (i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- (ii) Significant other observable inputs
- (iii) Significant unobservable inputs

# Transfer of assets between Level 1 and Level 2

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 are the result of securities no longer being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 1 to Level 2.

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 are the result of securities now being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 2 to Level 1.

# Reconciliation of financial asset and liability movement – Level 3

The Portfolio did not hold any Level 3 investments at the beginning of, during, or at the end of either reporting period.

As at and for the periods as disclosed in the financial statements (note 1)

#### 1. Organization of the Funds and Financial Reporting Periods

The Imperial Pools consist of Imperial Money Market Pool, Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool, Imperial International Bond Pool, Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Equity Pool, Imperial U.S. Equity Pool, Imperial International Equity Pool, Imperial Overseas Equity Pool, and Imperial Emerging Economies Pool (referred to as individually, a *Pool*, and collectively, the *Pools*).

The Income Generation Portfolios consist of Conservative Income Portfolio, Balanced Income Portfolio and Enhanced Income Portfolio (referred to as individually, a Portfolio, and collectively, the Portfolios).

Each of the Imperial Pools and Income Generation Portfolios (referred to as individually, a *Fund*, and collectively, the *Funds*) is a mutual fund trust organized under the laws of Ontario and governed by a declaration of trust (referred to as *Declaration of Trust*). The address of the Funds' head office is Brookfield Place, 161 Bay Street, 22<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Toronto, Ontario.

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (referred to as *CIBC*) is the manager (referred to as the *Manager*) of the Funds and CIBC Trust Corporation is the trustee (referred to as the *Trustee*) of the Funds. Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units of each class. As at the date of these financial statements, each of the Pools offer Class A units for sale and the Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool and the Imperial Global Equity Income Pool also offer Class W units for sale. The Conservative Income Portfolio offers Class T3 and Class T4 units, the Balanced Income Portfolio offers Class T5 units, and the Enhanced Income Portfolio offers Class T5 units for sale.

The date upon which each Fund was established by Declaration of Trust (referred to as *Date Established*) and the date upon which units of each Fund was first sold to the public (referred to as *Inception Date*) are reported in the footnote *Organization of the Fund* on the Statements of Financial Position.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio of each Fund is as at December 31, 2020. The Statements of Financial Position of each of the Funds are as at December 31, 2020 and 2019. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, and Statements of Cash Flows of each of the Funds are for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, except for Funds established during either year, in which case the information presented is from the Date Established or the Inception Date to December 31, 2020 and 2019.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on March 10, 2021.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (referred to as IFRS) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention. However, each Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments and derivatives are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset Value for transactions with unitholders. In applying IFRS, these financial statements include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses during the reporting periods. However, existing circumstances and assumptions may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Funds. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional currency (unless otherwise noted).

## a) Financial Instruments

#### Classification and recognition of financial instruments

Under IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, the Funds classify financial assets into one of three categories based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Those categories are:

- Amortized Cost Assets held within a business model whose objective is to collect cash flows and where the contractual cash flows of the assets are solely payments of principal and interest (referred to as SPPI criterion). Amortization of the asset is calculated utilizing the Effective Interest Rate Method.
- Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (referred to as FVOCI) Financial assets such as debt instruments that meet the SPPI criterion and are held within a business model with objectives that include both collecting the associated contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Gains and losses are reclassified to profit or loss upon derecognition for debt instruments but remain in other comprehensive income for equity instruments.
- Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (referred to as FVTPL) A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at Amortized Cost or FVOCI. Derivative contracts are measured at FVTPL. For all instruments classified as FVTPL, the gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified at FVTPL when they meet the definition of held-for-trading or when they are designated as FVTPL on initial recognition using the fair value option.

The Manager has assessed the business models of the Funds and has determined that the Funds' portfolio of financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' risk management and investment strategies; therefore, classification and measurement of financial assets is FVTPL.

All Funds have contractual obligations to distribute cash to the unitholders. As a result, each Fund's obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is presented at the redemotion amount.

# b) Risk Management

The Funds' overall risk management approach includes formal guidelines that govern the extent of exposure to various types of risk, including diversification within asset classes and limits on the exposure to individual investments and counterparties. In addition, derivative financial instruments may be used to manage certain risk exposures. The Manager also has various internal controls to oversee the Funds' investment activities, including monitoring compliance with the investment objectives and strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations. Please refer to each Fund's Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio for specific risk disclosures.

# Fair value of financial instruments by using valuation techniques

Financial instruments are valued at their fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Refer to note 3a to 3f for valuation of each specific type of financial instrument held by the Funds. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Funds use the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques.

The Funds classify fair value measurement within a hierarchy, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (referred to as Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (referred to as Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

If inputs are used to measure an asset's or liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Each Fund's fair value hierarchy classification of its assets and liabilities is included in the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

The carrying values of all non-investment assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, instruments are reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of a Fund, including the Level 3 measurements. The Manager obtains pricing from third-party pricing vendors and the pricing is reviewed daily. At each financial reporting date, the Manager reviews and approves all Level 3 fair value measurements. The Funds also have a Valuation Committee that meets quarterly to perform detailed reviews of the valuations of investments held by the Funds, which includes discussion on Level 3 measurements.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument, such as a fixed income security or a derivative contract, will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds. The value of fixed income securities and derivatives as presented on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the Funds. Certain Funds may invest in short-term fixed income securities issued or guaranteed primarily by the Government of Canada or any Canadian provincial government, obligations of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies, and commercial paper with approved credit ratings. The risk of default on these short-term fixed income securities is considered low and these securities primarily have credit ratings of "A-1 (Low)" or higher (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global. or equivalent rating from another rating service).

The bond ratings noted in the Funds' 'Financial Instruments Risk' under sub-section 'Credit Risk' represent ratings collected and disseminated by recognized third-party vendors. These ratings utilized by the Manager, while obtained from vendors skilled and recognized for bond rating services, may not be the same as those used directly by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors. Ratings used by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors could be higher or lower than those used for risk disclosure in the financial statements in compliance with their investment policy guidelines.

The Funds may engage in securities lending transactions. The credit risk related to securities lending transactions is limited by the fact that the value of cash or securities held as collateral by the Funds in connection with these transactions is at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. The collateral and loaned securities are marked to market on each business day. Further information regarding the collateral and securities on loan can be found in the footnotes to the Statements of Financial Position and in note 2j.

#### **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Mutual funds may invest in securities denominated or traded in currencies other than the Funds' reporting currency.

#### Interest rate risk

Prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. This risk is known as interest rate risk. Prices of longer-term fixed income securities will generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than would shorter-term securities. Due to the nature of short-term fixed income securities with a remaining term-to-maturity of less than one year, these investments are not generally exposed to a significant risk that their value will fluctuate in response to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

#### Liquidity risk

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Generally, the Funds retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain adequate liquidity. However, liquidity risk also involves the ability to sell an asset for cash easily and at a fair price. Some securities are illiquid due to legal restrictions on their resale, the nature of the investment, or simply a lack of interested buyers for a particular security or security type. Certain securities may become less liquid due to changes in market conditions, such as interest rate changes or market volatility, which could impair the ability of a Fund to sell such securities quickly or at a fair price. Difficulty in selling securities could result in a loss or lower return for a Fund.

#### Other price/market risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. Several factors can influence market trends, such as economic developments, changes in interest rates, political changes, and catastrophic events, such as pandemics or disasters which occur naturally or are exacerbated by climate change. Pandemics such as coronavirus disease 2019 (referred to as *COVID-19*) may adversely affect global markets and the performance of the Pools. All investments are exposed to other price/market risk.

## c) Investment Transactions, Income Recognition, and Recognition of Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

- i) Interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest received by the Fund accounted for on an accrual basis. The Funds do not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.
- ii) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.
- iii) Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Securities that are exchange-traded are recorded at fair value established by the last traded market price when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. Debt securities are recorded at fair value, established by the last traded price on the over-the-counter market (referred to as OTC) when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Unlisted securities are recorded at fair value using fair valuation techniques established by the Manager in establishing a fair value.
- iv) Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated using the average cost, excluding transaction costs, of the related investments.
- v) Other income is the sum of income, excluding transaction costs, other than that which is separately classified on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

# d) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Where applicable, additional information can be found in the table Offsetting Arrangements as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio. This supplemental schedule discloses the OTC derivatives which are subject to offsetting.

# e) Portfolio Securities

The cost of securities of a Fund is determined in the following manner: securities are purchased and sold at a market-traded price to arrive at a value for the position traded. The total purchased value represents the total cost of the security to the Fund. When additional units of the same security are purchased, the cost of those additional units is added to the total security cost. When units of the same security are sold, the proportionate cost of the units of the security sold is deducted from the total security cost. If there is a return of capital paid by a security, the amount of this return of capital is deducted from the total security cost. This method of tracking security cost is known as "average cost" and the current total for any one security is referred to as the "adjusted cost base" or "ACB" of the security. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of investments and are recognized immediately in net income and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

The difference between the fair value of securities and their average cost, excluding transaction costs, represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of the portfolio investments. The applicable period change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments is included on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Short-term investments on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio are presented at their amortized cost which approximates the fair value. Accrued interest for bonds is disclosed separately on the Statements of Financial Position.

# f) Foreign Exchange

The value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the current rates prevailing on each valuation date (unless otherwise indicated).

Purchases and sales of investments, income, and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Foreign currency translation gains (losses) on investments and income transactions are included in Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

# g) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

The Funds may enter into forward foreign currency contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Changes in the fair value of forward foreign currency contracts are included in derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Statements of Financial Position and are recorded as an Increase (Decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives during the applicable period on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The gain or loss arising from the difference between the value of the original forward foreign currency contract and the value of such contract at close or delivery is realized and recorded as Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency for Funds that use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging or as Derivative income (loss) for Funds that do not use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging.

#### h) Futures Contracts

The Funds may enter into futures contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

The margin deposits with brokers relating to futures contracts are included in Margin on the Statements of Financial Position. Any change in the margin requirement is settled daily and included in Receivable for portfolio securities sold or Payable for portfolio securities purchased on the Statements of Financial Position.

Any difference between the settlement value at the close of business on each valuation date and the settlement value at the close of business on the previous valuation date is recorded as Derivative income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

#### i) Options

The Funds may enter into options contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities

Premiums paid for purchased call and put options are included in derivative assets and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position. When a purchased option expires, the Fund will realize a loss in the amount of the cost of the option. For a closing transaction, the Fund will realize a gain or loss depending on whether the proceeds are greater or less than the premium paid at the time of purchase. When a purchased call option is exercised, the cost of the security purchased is increased by the premium paid at the time of purchase.

Premiums received from writing options are included in derivative liabilities and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position as initial reductions in the value of investments. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are recorded as realized gains and reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For a closing transaction, if the cost of closing the transaction exceeds the premium received, the Fund will record a realized loss or, if the premium received at the time the option was written is greater than the amount paid, the Fund will record a realized gain and is reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. If a written put option is exercised, the cost for the security delivered is reduced by the premiums received at the time the option was written.

## j) Securities Lending

A Fund may lend portfolio securities in order to earn additional revenue, which is disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The loaned assets of any one Fund are not permitted to exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of that Fund (excluding collateral debt for the loaned securities). The minimum allowable collateral is 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities as per the requirements of National Instrument 81-102 — *Investment Funds*. Collateral can consist of the following:

- ) Cash
- ii) Qualified securities.
- iii) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by a Canadian financial institution that is not the counterparty, or an affiliate counterparty, of the pool in the transaction, if evidences of indebtedness of the Canadian financial institution that are rated as short-term debt by an approved credit rating organization have an approved credit rating.
- iv) Securities that are immediately convertible into securities of the same issuer, class, or type, and the same term, as the securities loaned.

The fair value of the loaned securities is determined on the close of any valuation date and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Pool on the next business day. The securities on loan continue to be included on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio, and are included in the total value on the Statements of Financial Position in Investments (non-derivative financial assets) at fair value. Where applicable, a Fund's securities lending transactions are reported in the footnote Securities Lending on the Statements of Financial Position.

National Instrument 81-106 — *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure* requires a reconciliation of the gross income amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the Funds to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gross amount generated from securities lending includes interest paid on collateral, withholding taxes deducted, the fees paid to the Funds' lending agent and the securities lending revenue received by the Funds. Where applicable, the reconciliation can be found in the footnotes to the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income.

# k) Multi-Class Structured Funds

The realized and unrealized capital gains or losses, income, and common expenses (other than class-specific operating expenses and management fees) of the Fund are allocated on each valuation date to the unitholders in proportion to the respective prior day's net asset value, which includes unitholder trades dated for that day, of each class of units at the date on which the allocation is made. All class-specific operating expenses and management fees do not require allocation. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and are collected from the Funds on a recoverable basis.

# I) Loans and Receivables, Other Assets and Liabilities

Loans and receivables, other assets and liabilities are recorded at cost, which approximates their fair value, with the exception of Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units which are presented at the redemption value.

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# m) Legend of Abbreviations

The following is a list of abbreviations (foreign currency translation and others) that may be used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

# Currency Abbreviations

ARS         - Argentine Peso         KES         - Kenyan Sh           AUD         - Australian Dollar         KRW         - South Kord           BRL         - Brazilian Real         MAD         - Morocco D           CAD         - Canadian Dollar         MXN         - Mexican P           CHF         - Swiss Franc         MYR         - Malaysian           CLP         - Chilean Peso         NOK         - Norwegian           CNY         - Chinese Renminbi         NZD         - New Zeala           COP         - Colombian Peso         PHP         - Philippine           CZK         - Czech Koruna         PLN         - Polish Zlot           DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian Ri           EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish K           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht           HKD         - Hong Kong Dollar         TRY         - New Turki	
BRL         - Brazilian Real         MAD         - Morocco of CAD           CAD         - Canadian Dollar         MXN         - Mexican P           CHF         - Swiss Franc         MYR         - Malaysian           CLP         - Chilean Peso         NOK         - Norwegian           CNY         - Chinese Renminbi         NZD         - New Zeala           COP         - Colombian Peso         PHP         - Philippine           CZK         - Czech Koruna         PLN         - Polish Zlot           DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian Real           EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish K           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht	n Shilling
CAD         — Canadian Dollar         MXN         — Mexican P           CHF         — Swiss Franc         MYR         — Malaysian           CLP         — Chilean Peso         NOK         — Norwegian           CNY         — Chinese Renminbi         NZD         — New Zeala           COP         — Colombian Peso         PHP         — Philippine           CZK         — Czech Koruna         PLN         — Polish Zlot           DKK         — Danish Krone         RON         — Romanian           EGP         — Egyptian Pound         RUB         — Russian Re           EUR         — Euro         SEK         — Swedish K           GBP         — British Pound         SGD         — Singapore           GEL         — Georgian Lari         THB         — Thai Baht	Korean Won
CHF         - Swiss Franc         MYR         - Malaysian           CLP         - Chilean Peso         NOK         - Norwegian           CNY         - Chinese Renminbi         NZD         - New Zeala           COP         - Colombian Peso         PHP         - Philippine           CZK         - Czech Koruna         PLN         - Polish Zlot           DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian Rus           EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish K           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht	co Dirham
CLP         - Chilean Peso         NOK         - Norwegian           CNY         - Chinese Renminbi         NZD         - New Zeala           COP         - Colombian Peso         PHP         - Philippine           CZK         - Czech Koruna         PLN         - Polish Zlot           DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian Rus           EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish K           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht	an Peso
CNY         - Chinese Renminbi         NZD         - New Zealz           COP         - Colombian Peso         PHP         - Philippine           CZK         - Czech Koruna         PLN         - Polish Zlot           DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian R	sian Ringgit
COP         - Colombian Peso         PHP         - Philippine           CZK         - Czech Koruna         PLN         - Polish Zlot           DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian	gian Krone
CZK         - Czech Koruna         PLN         - Polish Zlot           DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian Rus           EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish Kone           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht	ealand Dolla
DKK         - Danish Krone         RON         - Romanian           EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian Ru           EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish K           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht	ine Peso
EGP         - Egyptian Pound         RUB         - Russian Ru           EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish K           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht	Zloty
EUR         - Euro         SEK         - Swedish K           GBP         - British Pound         SGD         - Singapore           GEL         - Georgian Lari         THB         - Thai Baht	nian Leu
GBP - British Pound SGD - Singapore GEL - Georgian Lari THB - Thai Baht	n Ruble
GEL – Georgian Lari THB – Thai Baht	sh Krona
•	ore Dollar
HKD - Hong Kong Dollar TRY - New Turki	aht
	urkish Lira
HUF — Hungarian Forint TWD — Taiwan Do	n Dollar
IDR – Indonesian Rupiah USD – United Sta	States Dolla
ILS — Israeli Shekel ZAR — South Afri	African Rand
INR – Indian Rupee	

#### Other Abbreviations

ADR - American Depositary Receipt ETF - Exchange-Traded Fund

CVO - Contingent Value Obligations GDR - Global Depositary Receipt Securities
ELN - Equity Linked Note NVDR - Non-Voting Depositary Receipt

## n) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class is calculated by dividing the Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (excluding distributions), as reported on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, by the weighted average number of units in issue during the related period.

#### 3. Valuation of Investments

The valuation date (referred to as Valuation Date) for a Fund is any day when the Manager's head office is open for business. The Manager may, at its discretion, establish other Valuation Dates.

The fair value of the investments or assets of a Fund is determined as follows:

#### a) Cash and Other Assets

Cash, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, distributions receivable, and interest receivable are valued at fair value or at their recorded cost, plus or minus any foreign exchange between recognition of the asset by the Fund and the current Valuation Date, which approximates fair value.

#### b) Bonds, Debentures, and Other Debt Obligations

Bonds, debentures, and other debt obligations are fair valued using the last traded price provided by a recognized vendor upon the close of trading on a Valuation Date, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. If the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread, then the Manager will determine the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

## c) Listed Securities, Unlisted Securities, and Fair Value Pricing of Foreign Securities

Any security that is listed or traded on a securities exchange is fair valued using the last traded price, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread or, if there is no traded price on that exchange or the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread and in the case of securities traded on an OTC market, at the fair value as determined by the Manager as an appropriate basis for valuation. In such situations, a fair value will be determined by the Manager to establish current value. If any securities are inter-listed or traded on more than one exchange or market, the Manager will use the principal exchange or market for the fair value of such securities.

Units of each mutual fund in which a Fund invests will be valued at fair value using the most recent net asset value quoted by the Trustee or Manager of the mutual fund on the Valuation Date.

Unlisted securities are fair valued using the last traded price quoted by a recognized dealer, or the Manager may determine a price that more accurately reflects the fair value of these securities if the Manager feels the last traded price does not reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is designed to avoid stale prices and to provide a more accurate fair value, and may assist in the deterrence of harmful short-term or excessive trading in the Fund. When securities listed or traded on markets or exchanges that close prior to North or South American markets or exchanges are valued by the Manager at their fair market value, instead of using quoted or published prices, the prices of such securities used to calculate the Fund's net assets or net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices of such securities.

#### d) Derivatives

Long positions in options, debt-like securities, and listed warrants are valued at fair value using the last traded price as established on either their principal trading exchange or by a recognized dealer in such securities, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread and the credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

When any option is written by any Fund, the premium received by the Fund will be reflected as a liability that will be valued at an amount equal to the current fair value of the option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment; the liability shall be deducted in arriving at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Fund. The securities that are the subject of a written option, if any, will be valued in the manner described above for listed securities.

Futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps will be valued at fair value of the gain or loss, if any, that would be realized on the Valuation Date if the position in the futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps were to be closed out.

Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts and forward contracts will be reflected as an account receivable and margin consisting of assets other than cash will be noted as held as collateral.

Other derivatives and margin are fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

# e) Restricted Securities

Restricted securities purchased by any Fund will be fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

# f) Other Investments

All other investments of the Funds will be fair valued in accordance with the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, where applicable

The value of any security or other property of a Fund for which a market quotation is not readily available or where the market quotations do not properly reflect the fair value of such securities will be determined by the Manager by valuing the securities at their fair value. In such situations, fair value will be determined using the fair valuation technique that most accurately reflects the fair value as established by the Manager.

# 4. Interest in Underlying Funds

The Funds may invest in other investment funds (*Underlying Funds*). Each Underlying Fund invests in a portfolio of assets to generate returns in the form of investment income and capital appreciation for its unitholders. Each Underlying Fund finances its operations primarily through the issuance of redeemable units, which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitle the unitholder to a proportionate share of the underlying fund's net assets. The Fund's interests in Underlying Funds held in the form of redeemable units, are reported in its Schedule of Investments at fair value, which represents the Funds' maximum exposure on those investments. The Funds' interests in underlying funds as at the prior year period ends are presented in the Financial Instruments Risks - Concentration Risk section in the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio. Distributions earned from Underlying Funds are included in "Investment Income" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The total realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) arising from Underlying Funds are also included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The Funds do not provide any additional significant financial or other support to Underlying Funds.

Where applicable, the table "Interests in Underlying Funds" presented as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio, provides additional information on the Funds' investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each Underlying Fund.

# 5. Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding

Each Fund is permitted to have an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The outstanding units represent the capital of a Fund. Each unit has no par value and the value of each unit is the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit next determined. Settlement of the cost for units issued is completed as per security regulations in place at the time of issue. Distributions made by a Fund and reinvested by unitholders in additional units also constitute issued redeemable units of a Fund.

Units are redeemed at the net assets attributable to holders of a redeemable unit per unit of a Fund. A right to redeem units of a Fund may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities or when normal trading is suspended on a stock, options, or futures exchange within Canada or outside of Canada on which securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the value or underlying exposure of the total assets of a Fund, not including any liabilities of a Fund, are traded and when those securities or derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for a Fund. The Fund is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital received by a Fund is utilized within the respective investment mandate of the Fund. This includes the ability to make liquidity available to satisfy unitholder unit redemption requirements upon the unitholder's request.

Changes in issued and outstanding units for the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 can be found on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

#### 6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Management fees are based on the net asset value of the Funds and are calculated daily. Management fees are paid to the Manager in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. The maximum annual management fee expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value that can be charged by a Fund is reported in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In addition to the management fees, the Funds are responsible for all expenses relating to the operation and conduct of the business of the Funds, which may include interest, operating, and administrative costs (other than advertising and promotional expenses, which are the responsibility of the Manager), brokerage fees, commissions, spreads, regulatory fees, Independent Review Committee fees, taxes, audit and legal fees and expenses, safekeeping and custodial fees, investor servicing costs, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. All such operating expenses are paid by the Manager and recovered from the Funds. The Funds do not pay a fee to the Trustee.

The Manager may recover less than the actual operating expenses paid by the Manager, resulting in the Manager absorbing expenses. The Manager may also charge to a Fund less than the maximum management fee in footnote Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, resulting in the Manager waiving management fees.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may stop absorbing operating expenses and/or waiving management fees at any time. Operating expenses absorbed and/or management fees waived by the Manager are disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In some cases, the Manager may charge management fees to a Fund that are less than the management fees the Manager is entitled to charge in respect of certain investors in a Fund. The difference in the amount of the management fees will be paid out by the Fund to the applicable investors as a distribution of additional units of the Fund (Management Fee Distributions). Management Fee Distributions are negotiable between the Manager and the investor and are dependent primarily on the size of the investor's investment in the Fund. Management Fee Distributions paid to qualified investors do not adversely impact the Fund or any of the Fund's other investors. The Manager may increase or decrease the amount of Management Fee Distributions to certain investors from time to time.

Where a Fund invests in units of an Underlying Fund, the Fund does not pay duplicate management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in units of the Underlying Fund. In addition, the Fund will not pay duplicate sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of units of the Underlying Fund. Some of the Underlying Funds held by the Funds may offer Management Fee Distributions. Such Management Fee Distributions of an Underlying Fund will be paid out as required for taxable distribution payments by a Fund. The manager of an Underlying Fund may, in some cases, waive a portion of an Underlying Fund's operating expenses.

# 7. Income Taxes and Withholding Taxes

The Funds qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). No income tax is payable by the Funds on net income and/or net realized capital gains that are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on undistributed net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the Funds are redeemed. Sufficient net income and realized capital gains of the Funds have been, or will be, distributed to the unitholders such that no tax is payable by the Funds and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. Occasionally, a Fund may pay distributions in excess of the net income and net realized capital gains of the Fund. This excess distribution is called a return of capital and is non-taxable to the unitholder. However, a return of capital reduces the average cost of the unitholder's units for tax purposes, which may result in a capital gain to the unitholder to the extent the average cost becomes less than zero.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for 20 years

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Where applicable, a Fund's net capital and non-capital losses are reported in footnote Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

The Funds have a taxation year-end of December 15 (except Imperial Money Market Pool, which has a taxation year-end of December 31).

The Funds currently incur withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

# 8. Brokerage Commissions and Fees

The total commissions paid by the Funds to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund where applicable. In allocating brokerage business to a dealer, consideration may be given by the portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors of the Funds to the provision of goods and services by the dealer or a third party, other than order execution (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor and the portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Funds or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Funds. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Funds to brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Fund. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the applicable Fund.

Fixed income and certain other securities are transacted in an OTC market, where participants are dealing as principals. Such securities are generally traded on a net basis and do not normally involve brokerage commissions, but will typically include a "spread" (being the difference between the bid and the offer prices on the security of the applicable marketplace).

Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading and certain other securities are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the dollar amounts. In addition, the soft dollar amounts only include the value of research and other services supplied by a third party to CIBC Asset Management Inc. (CAMI) or the Portfolio Advisor) and any portfolio sub-advisors, as the value of the services supplied to the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors by the dealer is not ascertainable. When these services benefit more than one Fund, the costs are allocated among the Funds based on transaction activity or some other fair basis as determined by the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors.

# 9. Related Party Transactions

CIBC and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Funds and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities. The Funds may hold securities of CIBC. CIBC and its affiliates may also be involved in underwriting or lending to issuers of securities that may be held by the Funds, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds while acting as principal, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds on behalf of another investment fund managed by CIBC or an affiliate, and also may have been involved as a counterparty to derivative transactions. Management fees payable and other accrued expenses on the Statements of Financial Position are amounts generally payable to a related party of the Fund.

Manager, Trustee, Portfolio Advisor, and certain Portfolio Sub-Advisors of the Funds

CIBC is the Manager, CIBC Trust Corporation is the Trustee, and CAMI is the Portfolio Advisor of each of the Funds.

The Manager also arranges for fund administrative services (other than advertising and promotional, which are the responsibility of the Manager), legal, investor servicing, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. The Manager is the registrar and transfer agent for the Funds and provides, or arranges for the provision of, all other administrative services required by the Funds. The dollar amount (including all applicable taxes) of all fund administrative expenses (net of absorptions) that the Manager recovers from a Fund is reported in footnote *Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars

The Portfolio Advisor generally delegates trading and execution authority to the portfolio sub-advisors. Where applicable, disclosure of the amounts of soft dollars can be found in the Brokerage Commission and Fees schedule on the Statements of Comprehensive Income for each Fund.

The Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio securities, certain derivative products and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors to CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. The total commissions paid to related brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund.

CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income and other securities, and certain derivative products to the Funds. Dealers, including CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors that process trades through them (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Fund or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Fund. As per terms of the portfolio advisory and sub-advisory agreements, such soft dollar arrangements

are in compliance with applicable laws. Custodial fees directly related to portfolio transactions incurred by a Fund, otherwise payable by the Fund, shall be paid by CAMI, and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI, up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Fund, or a portion of the Fund, during that month. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Fund to related brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Funds. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the relevant Fund.

#### Custodian

The custodian holds all cash and securities for the Funds and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the custodian might be holding. The custodian also provides other services to the Funds including record keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the custodian of the Funds (the Custodian). The Custodian may hire sub-custodians for the Funds. The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions by a Fund, or a portion of a Fund, are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Funds during that month. All other fees for the services of the Custodian are paid by the Manager, and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC owns a 50% interest in CIBC Mellon Trust Company.

#### Service Provide

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (referred to as CIBC GSS) provides certain services to the Funds, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. Such servicing fees are paid by the Manager and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC indirectly owns a 50% interest in CIBC GSS.

The dollar amount paid by the Funds (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees (net of absorptions) and to CIBC GSS for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (net of absorptions) for the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is reported in footnote Service Provider on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

#### 10. Hedging

Certain foreign currency denominated positions have been hedged, or partially hedged, by forward foreign currency contracts as part of the investment strategies of certain Funds. These hedges are indicated by a hedging reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and a corresponding hedging reference number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities Forward Foreign Currency Contracts for those Funds.

## 11. Collateral on Specified Derivatives

Short-term investments may be used as collateral for futures contracts outstanding with brokers.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of

Imperial Money Market Pool
Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool
Imperial Canadian Bond Pool
Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool
Imperial International Bond Pool
Imperial Equity High Income Pool
Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool
Imperial Global Equity Income Pool
(collectively, the "Funds")

Imperial Canadian Equity Pool
Imperial U.S. Equity Pool
Imperial International Equity Pool
Imperial Overseas Equity Pool
Imperial Emerging Economies Pool
Conservative Income Portfolio
Balanced Income Portfolio
Enhanced Income Portfolio

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Funds, which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units and statements of cash flows for the periods then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Funds as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and their financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (referred to as IFRSs).

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing each Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Funds' financial reporting process.

# **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ernst & Young LLP

Toronto, Canada March 23, 2021

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