



Annual Financial Statements

for the financial year ended December 31, 2021

Statements of Financial Position (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020 (note 1)

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets		
Current assets		
Investments (non-derivative financial assets) † (notes 2 and 3)	\$ 942,438	\$ 936,841
Cash including foreign currency holdings, at fair value	23,803	17,826
Dividends receivable	2,684	2,186
Receivable for portfolio securities sold	408	12,140
Receivable for units issued	846	619
Total Assets	970,179	969,612
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Payable for portfolio securities purchased	100	9,371
Payable for units redeemed	140	234
Total Liabilities	240	9,605
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (note 5)	\$ 969,939	\$ 960,007
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class		
Class A	\$ 969,939	\$ 960,007
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (note 5)		
Class A	\$ 14.14	\$ 15.10

† Securities Lending

The tables that follow indicate the Pool had assets involved in securities lending transactions outstanding as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

	Aggregate Value of Securities on Loan (\$000s)	Aggregate Value of Collateral for Loan (\$000s)
December 31, 2021	14,243	15,239
December 31, 2020	18,556	19,823

Collateral Type* (\$000s)

	i	ii	iii	iv
December 31, 2021	–	15,239	–	–
December 31, 2020	–	19,823	–	–

* See note 2j for Collateral Type definitions.

Organization of the Fund (note 1)

The Pool was established on June 28, 1999 (referred to as *Date Established*).

	Inception Date
Class A	June 28, 1999

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Statements of Comprehensive Income (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (note 1)

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments		
Interest for distribution purposes	\$ —	\$ 39
Dividend revenue	26,478	17,967
Derivative income (loss)	(43)	15
Other changes in fair value of investments and derivatives		
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives	48,349	16,988
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency (notes 2f and g)	(752)	(653)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	(93,086)	69,958
Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments	(19,054)	104,314
Other Income		
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	9	74
Securities lending revenue ±	75	97
	84	171
Expenses (note 6)		
Management fees ±±	2,815	2,268
Audit fees	11	10
Custodial fees	906	750
Independent review committee fees	3	3
Legal fees	4	4
Regulatory fees	24	33
Transaction costs ±±±	2,052	1,971
Unitholder reporting costs	439	441
Withholding taxes (note 7)	3,719	2,115
Other expenses	32	12
	10,005	7,607
Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager	(1,931)	(1,666)
	8,074	5,941
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)	(27,044)	98,544
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions)		
Class A	\$ (27,044)	\$ 98,544
Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class		
Class A	65,686	63,466
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions)		
Class A	\$ (0.42)	\$ 1.55

± Securities Lending Revenue (note 2)

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
	(in 000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue	(in 000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue
Gross securities lending revenue	\$ 101	100.0	\$ 133	100.0
Interest paid on collateral	—	—	—	—
Withholding taxes	(1)	(1.0)	(4)	(3.0)
Agent fees - Bank of New York Mellon Corp. (The)	(25)	(24.7)	(32)	(24.1)
Securities lending revenue	\$ 75	74.3	\$ 97	72.9

±± Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates (note 6)

Class A	0.25%
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±±± Brokerage Commissions and Fees (notes 8 and 9)

	2021	2020
Brokerage commissions and other fees (\$000s)		
Total Paid	1,151	1,138
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc.	—	—
Paid to CIBC World Markets Corp.	—	—
Soft dollars (\$000s)		
Total Paid	517	436
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp.	—	—

Service Provider (note 9)

The amounts paid by the Pool (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees, and to CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (referred to as *CIBC GSS*) for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (all net of absorptions) for the periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	2021	2020
(\$000s)	25	32

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

**Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units
(in 000s)**

For the periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (note 1)

	Class A Units	
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)	\$ (27,044)	\$ 98,544
Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units		
From net investment income	(19,667)	(15,053)
From net realized capital gains	(19,380)	—
	(39,047)	(15,053)
Redeemable Unit Transactions		
Amount received from the issuance of units	225,890	116,952
Amount received from reinvestment of distributions	37,675	14,549
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(187,542)	(126,004)
	76,023	5,497
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	9,932	88,988
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period	960,007	871,019
Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period	\$ 969,939	\$ 960,007

Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding (note 5)

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020

Balance - beginning of period	63,597	63,244
Redeemable units issued	14,399	9,127
Redeemable units issued on reinvestments	2,655	977
	80,651	73,348
Redeemable units redeemed	(12,068)	(9,751)
Balance - end of period	68,583	63,597

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

**Statements of Cash Flows
(in 000s)**

For the periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (note 1)

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations (excluding distributions)	\$ (27,044)	\$ 98,544
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	(9)	(74)
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives	(48,349)	(16,988)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	93,086	(69,958)
Purchase of investments	(594,839)	(477,775)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	546,966	475,785
Interest receivable	-	16
Dividends receivable	(498)	904
	(30,687)	10,454
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Amount received from the issuance of units	225,663	117,038
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(187,636)	(125,926)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(1,372)	(504)
	36,655	(9,392)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash during the Period	5,968	1,062
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	9	74
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of Period	17,826	16,690
Cash (Bank Overdraft) at End of Period	\$ 23,803	\$ 17,826
Interest received	\$ -	\$ 55
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 22,261	\$ 16,756

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2021

Security	Number of Shares	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
CANADIAN EQUITIES				
Parex Resources Inc.	154,034	3,423	3,329	
		3,423	3,329	0.4%
TOTAL CANADIAN EQUITIES				
		3,423	3,329	0.4%
INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES				
Brazil				
Ambev SA	1,216,391	3,983	4,260	
Ambev SA, ADR	1,060,332	5,930	3,755	
B3 SA - Brasil Bolsa Balcao	938,650	2,895	2,375	
Banco Bradesco SA, ADR	293,957	1,909	1,272	
Cia Brasileira de Distribuicao, ADR	62,360	1,957	315	
Companhia Energetica de Minas Gerais SA, Preferred	1,492,972	4,155	4,445	
Dexco SA	497,420	2,543	1,690	
Itau Unibanco Holding SA, ADR	1,155,986	7,934	5,483	
Itau Unibanco Holding SA, Preferred	350,377	2,366	1,667	
Light SA	479,700	3,228	1,280	
Localiza Rent a Car SA	281,230	2,942	3,385	
Lojas Renner SA	212,960	1,829	1,182	
Magazine Luiza SA	609,000	1,965	999	
Randon SA Implementos e Participações, Preferred	630,500	1,702	1,556	
Sendas Distribuidora SA	573,004	2,456	1,686	
Simpar SA	594,796	1,234	1,578	
SLC Agricola SA	228,800	2,716	2,340	
Ultrapar Participações SA	340,704	1,850	1,125	
Vibra Energia SA	849,800	5,075	4,130	
WEG SA	316,088	1,030	2,367	
XP Inc., Class 'A'	61,063	2,846	2,220	
		62,545	49,110	5.1%
Chile				
Antofagasta PLC	34,104	361	784	
Banco Santander Chile, ADR	41,041	1,256	846	
		1,617	1,630	0.2%
China				
51job Inc., ADR	42,246	2,908	2,615	
Airtac International Group	166,710	5,082	7,743	
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd.	607,248	19,123	11,288	
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd., ADR	98,474	21,101	14,797	
Baidu Inc.	144,302	4,080	3,405	
Baidu Inc., ADR	34,350	8,496	6,465	
BYD Co. Ltd., Class 'H'	57,000	2,911	2,439	
China Construction Bank Corp., Class 'H'	1,807,000	1,756	1,584	
China Hongqiao Group Ltd.	2,045,500	2,436	2,735	
China Longyuan Power Group Corp.	1,432,000	1,710	4,231	
China Merchants Bank Co. Ltd., Class 'H'	739,000	5,416	7,272	
China Railway Group Ltd., Class 'H'	5,396,000	3,887	3,612	
Chinasoft International Ltd.	2,408,000	3,590	3,972	
Country Garden Services Holdings Co. Ltd.	832,000	9,121	6,319	
CSPC Pharmaceutical Group Ltd.	3,359,387	5,290	4,627	
Dongfeng Motor Corp. Ltd., Class 'H'	1,248,000	1,680	1,312	
ENN Energy Holdings Ltd.	294,500	2,667	7,023	
Fuyao Glass Industry Group Co. Ltd.	1,550,400	8,784	10,142	
Grand Baoxin Auto Group Ltd.	3,413,500	1,932	377	
Hygeia Healthcare Holdings Co.	222,000	3,650	1,759	
JD.com Inc., ADR	70,963	5,163	6,290	
Jiumaojiu International Holdings Ltd.	755,000	2,897	1,679	
Lenovo Group Ltd.	1,800,000	1,591	2,617	
Meituan, Class 'B'	108,100	3,661	3,954	
NetEase Inc., ADR	44,198	6,145	5,690	
Pharmaron Beijing Co. Ltd.	110,700	2,954	2,163	
Ping An Insurance (Group) Co. of China Ltd., Class 'H'	619,500	8,196	5,647	
Postal Savings Bank of China Co. Ltd.	4,746,000	4,435	4,216	
Shenzhen International Group	386,525	6,793	9,468	
Silergy Corp.	26,300	2,892	6,021	
Sunny Optical Technology Group Co. Ltd.	179,100	4,050	7,176	
Tencent Holdings Ltd.	452,735	20,204	33,417	
Topsports International Holdings Ltd.	1,517,000	2,817	1,944	
Trip.com Group Ltd., ADR	123,208	4,657	3,837	
WuXi Biologics (Cayman) Inc.	562,021	7,014	8,417	
Xinte Energy Co Ltd., Class 'H'	826,800	3,124	1,941	
ZTO Express (Cayman) Inc., ADR	131,199	4,899	4,683	
		207,112	212,877	21.9%
Colombia				
Bancolombia SA, ADR	62,288	3,344	2,489	
		3,344	2,489	0.2%
Czech Republic				
CEZ AS	64,478	1,959	3,087	
Komerční Banka AS	62,589	2,897	3,385	
		4,856	6,472	0.7%

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2021 (cont'd)

Security	Number of Shares	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
Egypt				
Commercial International Bank Egypt SAE, GDR	596,471	2,304	2,491	
		2,304	2,491	0.2%
Georgia				
Bank of Georgia Group PLC	34,196	1,966	981	
		1,966	981	0.1%
Greece				
Mytilineos SA	138,577	2,574	3,020	
National Bank of Greece SA	698,115	1,800	2,946	
		4,374	5,966	0.6%
Hong Kong				
AIA Group Ltd.	651,180	5,399	8,314	
ASM Pacific Technology Ltd.	387,701	6,324	5,300	
BOC Hong Kong (Holdings) Ltd.	919,500	4,190	3,815	
Bosideng International Holdings Ltd.	3,670,000	3,297	2,925	
Brilliance China Automotive Holdings Ltd.	1,226,000	1,416	746	
China Mengniu Dairy Co. Ltd.	352,000	2,713	2,524	
China Overseas Land & Investment Ltd.	1,072,000	3,088	3,212	
China Resources Land Ltd.	704,000	3,873	3,752	
Galaxy Entertainment Group Ltd.	538,000	4,936	3,530	
JS Global Lifestyle Co. Ltd.	831,000	3,025	1,770	
Kingboard Laminates Holding Ltd.	1,957,000	4,764	4,210	
Pacific Basin Shipping Ltd.	13,014,157	4,418	6,052	
Sino Biopharmaceutical Ltd.	2,494,557	2,864	2,215	
Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd.	393,500	3,849	9,923	
Vtech Holdings Ltd.	127,200	1,433	1,260	
Yue Yuen Industrial Holdings Ltd.	1,083,500	2,435	2,294	
		58,024	61,842	6.4%
Hungary				
OTP Bank Nyrt.	49,486	2,138	3,192	
		2,138	3,192	0.3%
India				
Apollo Hospitals Enterprise Ltd.	43,302	3,464	3,687	
Aurobindo Pharma Ltd.	213,160	2,196	2,658	
Balkrishna Industries Ltd.	88,476	3,695	3,488	
Cholamandalam Investment and Finance Co. Ltd.	323,949	1,482	2,858	
Dalmia Bharat Ltd.	96,954	2,944	3,040	
Dr. Reddy's Laboratories Ltd.	34,089	2,617	2,841	
HDFC Bank Ltd., ADR	50,803	3,080	4,182	
Hindustan Petroleum Corp. Ltd.	851,386	3,374	4,224	
Housing Development Finance Corp. Ltd.	216,586	6,536	9,479	
ICICI Bank Ltd.	60,411	347	760	
Infosys Ltd., ADR	366,089	6,522	11,721	
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	176,372	4,751	5,370	
Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	140,002	4,435	4,498	
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd.	37,814	3,849	4,762	
Shriram Transport Finance Co. Ltd.	143,720	3,250	2,959	
State Bank of India	181,271	882	1,415	
Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	156,833	6,150	9,950	
Tata Steel Ltd.	177,510	3,545	3,339	
UTI Asset Management Co. Ltd.	185,749	3,576	3,323	
WNS Holdings Ltd., ADR	20,954	2,326	2,338	
		69,021	86,892	9.0%
Indonesia				
PT Astra International TBK	4,087,520	2,823	2,070	
PT Bank Central Asia TBK	6,321,780	2,792	4,096	
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) TBK	6,652,300	4,092	4,155	
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) TBK	12,696,805	2,845	4,624	
PT Telkom Indonesia (Persero) TBK	8,540,200	2,810	3,083	
		15,362	18,028	1.9%
Kenya				
East African Breweries Ltd.	300,300	1,061	554	
Safaricom PLC	9,661,890	3,102	4,094	
		4,163	4,648	0.5%
Luxembourg				
Tenaris SA, ADR	115,834	4,725	3,056	
		4,725	3,056	0.3%
Malaysia				
MR D.I.Y. Group (M) BHD	2,489,400	2,903	2,729	
Public Bank BHD	3,200,000	3,911	4,040	
		6,814	6,769	0.7%

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2021 (cont'd)

Security	Number of Shares	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
Mexico				
Aalsea SAB de CV	929,664	2,010	2,186	
Cemex SAB de CV, ADR	430,619	3,926	3,693	
Corporacion Inmobiliaria Vesta SAB de CV	1,023,115	2,185	2,594	
Fomento Economico Mexicano SAB de CV, ADR	50,225	5,181	4,937	
Grupo Aeroportuario del Sureste SAB de CV, ADR	16,728	2,774	4,362	
Grupo Financiero Banorte SAB de CV	1,342,445	9,632	11,045	
Wal-Mart de Mexico SAB de CV, Series 'V'	1,479,600	5,155	6,967	
		30,863	35,784	3.7%
Netherlands				
Yandex NV, Class 'A'	85,072	4,794	6,511	
		4,794	6,511	0.7%
Panama				
Copa Holdings SA, Class 'A'	18,090	2,533	1,891	
		2,533	1,891	0.2%
Peru				
Credicorp Ltd.	19,190	2,864	2,963	
		2,864	2,963	0.3%
Philippines				
BDO Unibank Inc.	844,590	2,695	2,528	
		2,695	2,528	0.3%
Poland				
CD Projekt SA	28,031	3,257	1,686	
		3,257	1,686	0.2%
Romania				
Banca Transilvania SA	1,923,615	1,099	1,445	
		1,099	1,445	0.1%
Russia				
Gazprom PJSC	1,098,540	5,491	6,363	
LUKOIL PJSC, ADR	122,889	9,384	13,954	
Magnit PJSC	26,630	2,648	2,436	
NovaTek PJSC, GDR	29,929	5,324	8,851	
Rosneft Oil Co., GDR	420,640	3,699	4,279	
Sberbank of Russia PJSC, ADR	821,219	11,604	16,646	
		38,150	52,529	5.4%
Saudi Arabia				
Alinma Bank	392,667	3,164	3,164	
Leejam Sports Co. JSC	74,300	2,511	2,722	
Saudi National Bank (The)	252,265	5,129	5,471	
		10,804	11,357	1.2%
Singapore				
Flex Ltd.	131,597	1,637	3,051	
Sea Ltd., ADR	8,533	2,100	2,415	
Wilmar International Ltd.	783,900	2,573	3,052	
		6,310	8,518	0.9%
South Africa				
Absa Group Ltd.	281,529	2,864	3,408	
Capitec Bank Holdings Ltd.	25,265	3,202	4,089	
Discovery Ltd.	304,032	3,556	3,467	
Impala Platinum Holdings Ltd.	196,238	3,256	3,502	
MTN Group Ltd.	318,156	2,014	4,314	
Reunert Ltd.	211,192	1,417	889	
Sasol Ltd.	131,899	5,215	2,732	
Standard Bank Group Ltd.	262,539	4,094	2,918	
		25,618	25,319	2.6%
South Korea				
Amorepacific Corp.	6,943	2,145	1,232	
CJ Corp.	21,606	2,712	1,915	
Coway Co. Ltd.	34,333	3,449	2,721	
DB Insurance Co. Ltd.	113,301	6,174	6,507	
Hana Financial Group Inc.	92,569	3,813	4,137	
Hankook Tire & Technology Co. Ltd.	86,076	2,323	3,637	
Hanon Systems	188,002	3,306	2,689	
Hugel Inc.	8,857	2,079	1,445	
Hyundai Engineering & Construction Co. Ltd.	46,273	2,736	2,184	
Hyundai Motor Co. Ltd.	5,928	978	1,316	
InBody Co. Ltd.	44,279	1,399	1,089	
Innox Advanced Materials Co. Ltd.	49,231	2,217	2,413	
JYP Entertainment Corp.	51,688	2,696	2,782	
KB Financial Group Inc.	32,840	1,486	1,921	
Kolon Industries Inc.	20,395	2,056	1,537	
Korea Shipbuilding & Offshore Engineering Co. Ltd.	17,854	2,794	1,795	
LG Corp.	23,284	2,128	2,005	
LG Household & Health Care Ltd.	5,653	7,375	6,600	
LG Uplus Corp.	242,748	3,490	3,504	
NCsoft Corp.	3,553	3,253	2,428	
PI Advanced Materials Co. Ltd.	45,401	2,353	2,658	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2021 (cont'd)

Security	Number of Shares	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
POSCO	13,009	3,519	3,816	
Samsung Biologics Co. Ltd.	2,748	2,622	2,639	
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.	344,167	19,970	28,592	
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd., GDR	8,977	10,022	18,673	
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd., GDR, Preferred	743	688	1,411	
Samsung Engineering Co. Ltd.	116,388	2,986	2,831	
Samsung Securities Co. Ltd.	65,221	2,546	3,111	
Shinhan Financial Group Co. Ltd.	59,200	2,789	2,314	
Shinsegae Co. Ltd.	10,235	2,789	2,763	
Woori Financial Group Inc.	378,391	4,340	5,104	
		113,233	127,769	13.2%
Switzerland				
Coca-Cola HBC AG	187,866	6,826	8,228	
		6,826	8,228	0.8%
Taiwan				
ASE Industrial Holding Co. Ltd.	455,000	2,380	2,224	
Compal Electronics Inc.	1,969,000	1,765	2,177	
CTBC Financial Holding Co. Ltd.	3,680,000	3,813	4,361	
Eclat Textile Co. Ltd.	240,737	3,918	6,939	
Elite Material Co. Ltd.	114,000	1,284	1,445	
Formosa Plastics Corp.	574,000	2,748	2,725	
Gold Circuit Electronics Ltd.	820,000	2,776	2,840	
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co. Ltd.	2,696,159	11,856	12,790	
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co. Ltd., GDR	155,559	807	1,452	
Largan Precision Co. Ltd.	27,540	4,130	3,099	
Lite-On Technology Corp.	1,180,000	2,692	3,437	
MediaTek Inc.	124,000	3,580	6,731	
Pegavision Corp.	99,000	2,507	1,926	
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	2,195,660	25,107	61,439	
Unimicron Technology Corp.	217,000	2,260	2,284	
United Integrated Services Co. Ltd.	196,000	1,883	1,625	
Yuanta Financial Holding Co. Ltd.	3,713,720	2,649	4,291	
		76,155	121,785	12.5%
Thailand				
AP Thailand PCL, NVDR	8,807,400	2,804	3,184	
Bangkok Bank PCL, NVDR	150,100	1,066	688	
Bangkok Bank PCL, Registered	277,300	1,507	1,267	
Indorama Ventures PCL, NVDR	1,659,900	2,801	2,715	
Mega Lifesciences PCL, NVDR	1,252,000	2,247	2,389	
PTT PCL	2,221,700	3,645	3,189	
Siam Commercial Bank PCL	916,055	4,879	4,398	
Siam Commercial Bank PCL, NVDR	1,615,900	6,389	7,759	
		25,338	25,589	2.6%
Turkey				
Akbank TAS	2,249,326	3,855	1,537	
Tofas Turk Otomobil Fabrikasi AS	303,495	2,115	2,190	
Turkiye Sise ve Cam Fabrikalari AS (Sisecam)	1,481,469	1,900	1,900	
		7,870	5,627	0.6%
United Arab Emirates				
Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank PJSC	1,203,880	3,732	3,533	
Network International Holdings PLC	338,147	1,781	1,696	
		5,513	5,229	0.5%
United Kingdom				
Anglo American PLC	76,988	3,159	4,006	
Standard Chartered PLC	453,668	3,905	3,489	
		7,064	7,495	0.8%
United States				
Cognizant Technology Solutions Corp., Class 'A'	48,533	3,910	5,447	
EPAM Systems Inc.	17,700	3,576	14,966	
		7,486	20,413	2.1%
TOTAL INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES		826,837	939,109	96.8%
TOTAL EQUITIES		830,260	942,438	97.2%
Less: Transaction costs included in average cost		(1,312)		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		828,948	942,438	97.2%
Other Assets, less Liabilities			27,501	2.8%
TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS			969,939	100.00%

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio

Offsetting Arrangements (note 2d)

The Pool may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statements of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Pool did not enter into any arrangements whereby the financial instruments were eligible for offset.

Interests in Underlying Funds (note 4)

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Pool had no investments in underlying funds where the ownership exceeded 20% of each underlying fund.

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Financial Instrument Risks

Investment Objective: Imperial Emerging Economies Pool (referred to as the *Pool*) seeks to provide long-term growth through capital appreciation by investing primarily in equity securities of companies that trade in an emerging country and/or that trade in any market if the companies earn a significant amount of their annual revenue from emerging countries. An emerging country includes any country that is included in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index.

Investment Strategies: The Pool employs a combination of investment styles such as growth, value-oriented, and core strategies when making investment decisions and will analyze several investment criteria in the investment decision-making process such as country/region selection, currency allocation, and sector/security level analysis. Security selection will be based primarily on a detailed bottom-up approach.

Significant risks that are relevant to the Pool are discussed here. General information on risk management and specific discussion on concentration, credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, and other price/market risk can be found in note 2 of the financial statements.

In the following risk tables, Net Assets is defined as meaning "Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units".

Concentration Risk as at December 31, 2021 and 2020

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio presents the securities held by the Pool as at December 31, 2021.

The following table presents the investment sectors held by the Pool as at December 31, 2020, and groups the securities by asset type, industry sector, geographic region, or currency exposure:

As at December 31, 2020

Portfolio Breakdown	% of Net Assets
International Equities	
Brazil	7.7
Chile	0.7
China	27.6
Colombia	0.6
Czech Republic	0.5
Egypt	0.2
Georgia	0.1
Greece	0.6
Hong Kong	4.9
Hungary	0.2
India	7.9
Indonesia	1.9
Kenya	0.4
Luxembourg	0.5
Macau	0.8
Malaysia	0.1
Mexico	2.6
Netherlands	0.6
Panama	0.2
Peru	0.3
Philippines	0.3
Poland	0.7
Romania	0.1
Russia	4.3
Singapore	1.0
South Africa	2.0
South Korea	14.0
Switzerland	0.8
Taiwan	10.5
Thailand	1.5
Turkey	0.7
United Arab Emirates	0.5
United Kingdom	0.8
United States	2.0
Other Assets, less Liabilities	2.4
Total	100.0

Credit Risk

Credit ratings represent a consolidation of the ratings provided by various outside service providers and are subject to change, which could be material.

See the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for counterparties related to over-the-counter derivative contracts, where applicable.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Pool had no significant investments in debt securities.

Currency Risk

The tables that follow indicate the currencies to which the Pool had significant exposure as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, based on the market value of the Pool's financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) and the underlying principal amounts of forward foreign currency contracts, as applicable.

As at December 31, 2021

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
HKD	216,698	22.3
USD	204,900	21.1
TWD	138,470	14.3
KRW	108,743	11.2
INR	68,663	7.1
BRL	36,972	3.8
THB	25,589	2.6
ZAR	25,496	2.6
MXN	22,791	2.3
GBP	19,185	2.0
IDR	18,027	1.9
SAR	11,357	1.2
RUB	8,911	0.9
MYR	6,769	0.7
CZK	6,472	0.7
EUR	5,966	0.6
TRY	5,627	0.6
KES	4,648	0.5

* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

As at December 31, 2020

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
HKD	242,479	25.3
USD	239,850	25.0
KRW	113,039	11.8
TWD	112,260	11.7
INR	62,102	6.5
BRL	46,546	4.8
GBP	23,326	2.4
ZAR	19,850	2.1
IDR	18,245	1.9
THB	14,960	1.6
MXN	12,482	1.3
PLN	6,589	0.7
TRY	6,400	0.7
EUR	5,361	0.6
CZK	4,695	0.5

* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have decreased or increased had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 1% in relation to all foreign currencies. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, the actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	9,507	9,482

Interest Rate Risk

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the majority of the Pool's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing and short-term in nature; accordingly, the Pool is not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

Imperial Emerging Economies Pool

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Pool will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Pool is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Pool maintains sufficient cash on hand to fund anticipated redemptions.

With the exception of derivative contracts, where applicable, all of the Pool's financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the period end.

For pools that hold derivative contracts with a term-to-maturity that exceeds 90 days from the period end, further information related to those contracts can be referenced in the derivative schedules following the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

Other Price/Market Risk

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased or decreased had the value of the Pool's benchmark(s) increased or decreased by 1%. This change is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of Class A units of the Pool as compared to the return of the Pool's benchmark(s), using 36 monthly data points, as available, based on the monthly net returns of the Pool. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of the future correlation and, accordingly, the impact on net assets could be materially different.

Benchmark	Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
MSCI Emerging Markets Index	11,049	10,997

Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 in valuing the Pool's financial assets and financial liabilities, carried at fair value:

As at December 31, 2021

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
Financial Assets				
Equities	207,110	735,328	–	942,438
Total Financial Assets	207,110	735,328	–	942,438

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

As at December 31, 2020

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
Financial Assets				
Equities	244,401	692,440	–	936,841
Total Financial Assets	244,401	692,440	–	936,841

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

Transfer of assets between Level 1 and Level 2

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 are the result of securities no longer being traded in an active market.

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Fair value of assets transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 during the period (\$000s)	1,188	1,737

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 are the result of securities now being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 2 to Level 1.

Reconciliation of financial asset and liability movement – Level 3

The Pool did not hold any Level 3 investments at the beginning of, during, or at the end of either reporting period.

Notes to Financial Statements

As at and for the periods as disclosed in the financial statements (note 1)

1. Organization of the Funds and Financial Reporting Periods

The Imperial Pools consist of Imperial Money Market Pool, Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool, Imperial International Bond Pool, Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Equity Pool, Imperial U.S. Equity Pool, Imperial International Equity Pool, Imperial Overseas Equity Pool, and Imperial Emerging Economies Pool (referred to as individually, a *Pool*, and collectively, the *Pools*).

The Income Generation Portfolios consist of Conservative Income Portfolio, Balanced Income Portfolio and Enhanced Income Portfolio (referred to as individually, a *Portfolio*, and collectively, the *Portfolios*).

Each of the Imperial Pools and Income Generation Portfolios (referred to as individually, a *Fund*, and collectively, the *Funds*) is a mutual fund trust organized under the laws of Ontario and governed by a declaration of trust (referred to as *Declaration of Trust*). The address of the Funds' head office is CIBC Square, 81 Bay Street, 20th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 0E7.

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (referred to as *CIBC*) is the manager (referred to as the *Manager*) of the Funds and CIBC Trust Corporation is the trustee (referred to as the *Trustee*) of the Funds. Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units of each class. As at the date of these financial statements, each of the Pools offer Class A units for sale, and the Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool and Imperial Global Equity Income Pool also offer Class W units for sale. The Conservative Income Portfolio offers Class T3 and Class T4 units, the Balanced Income Portfolio offers Class T4 and Class T5 units, and the Enhanced Income Portfolio offers Class T5 and Class T6 units for sale.

The date upon which each Fund was established by Declaration of Trust (referred to as *Date Established*) and the date upon which units of each Fund were first sold to the public (referred to as *Inception Date*) are reported in the footnote *Organization of the Fund* on the Statements of Financial Position.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio of each Fund is as at December 31, 2021. The Statements of Financial Position of each of the Funds are as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, and Statements of Cash Flows of each of the Funds are for the annual periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, except for Funds established during either year, in which case the information presented is from the Date Established or the Inception Date to December 31, 2021 and 2020.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on March 9, 2022.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (referred to as *IFRS*) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention. However, each Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments and derivatives are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset Value for transactions with unitholders. In applying IFRS, these financial statements include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses during the reporting periods. However, existing circumstances and assumptions may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Funds. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional currency (unless otherwise noted).

a) Financial Instruments

Classification and recognition of financial instruments

Under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*, the Funds classify financial assets into one of three categories based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Those categories are:

- *Amortized Cost* - Assets held within a business model whose objective is to collect cash flows and where the contractual cash flows of the assets are solely payments of principal and interest (referred to as *SPPI criterion*). Amortization of the asset is calculated utilizing the Effective Interest Rate Method.
- *Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income* (referred to as *FVOCI*) - Financial assets such as debt instruments that meet the SPPI criterion and are held within a business model with objectives that include both collecting the associated contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Gains and losses are reclassified to profit or loss upon derecognition for debt instruments but remain in other comprehensive income for equity instruments.
- *Fair Value Through Profit or Loss* (referred to as *FVTPL*) - A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at Amortized Cost or FVOCI. Derivative contracts are measured at FVTPL. For all instruments classified as FVTPL, the gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified at FVTPL when they meet the definition of held-for-trading or when they are designated as FVTPL on initial recognition using the fair value option.

The Manager has assessed the business models of the Funds and has determined that the Funds' portfolio of financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' risk management and investment strategies; therefore, classification and measurement of financial assets is FVTPL.

All Funds have contractual obligations to distribute cash to the unitholders. As a result, each Fund's obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is presented at the redemption amount.

b) Risk Management

The Funds' overall risk management approach includes formal guidelines that govern the extent of exposure to various types of risk, including diversification within asset classes and limits on the exposure to individual investments and counterparties. In addition, derivative financial instruments may be used to manage certain risk exposures. The Manager also has various internal controls to oversee the Funds' investment activities, including monitoring compliance with the investment objectives and strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations. Please refer to each Fund's *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio* for specific risk disclosures.

Fair value of financial instruments by using valuation techniques

Financial instruments are valued at their fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Refer to note 3a to 3f for valuation of each specific type of financial instrument held by the Funds. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Funds use the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques.

The Funds classify fair value measurement within a hierarchy, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (referred to as *Level 1*) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (referred to as *Level 3*). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

If inputs are used to measure an asset's or a liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Each Fund's fair value hierarchy classification of its assets and liabilities is included in the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*.

The carrying values of all non-investment assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, instruments are reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of a Fund, including the Level 3 measurements. The Manager obtains pricing from third-party pricing vendors and the pricing is reviewed daily. At each financial reporting date, the Manager reviews and approves all Level 3 fair value measurements. The Funds also have a Valuation Committee that meets quarterly to perform detailed reviews of the valuations of investments held by the Funds, which includes discussion on Level 3 measurements.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument, such as a fixed income security or a derivative contract, will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds. The value of fixed income securities and derivatives as presented on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the Funds. Certain Funds may invest in short-term fixed income securities issued or guaranteed primarily by the Government of Canada or any Canadian provincial government, obligations of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies, and commercial paper with approved credit ratings. The risk of default on these short-term fixed income securities is considered low and these securities primarily have credit ratings of "A-1 (Low)" or higher (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global, or equivalent rating from another rating service).

The bond ratings noted in the "Financial Instruments Risk" section under sub-section "Credit Risk" represent ratings collected and disseminated by recognized third-party vendors. These ratings utilized by the Manager, while obtained from vendors skilled and recognized for bond rating services, may not be the same as those used directly by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors. Ratings used by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors could be higher or lower than those used for risk disclosure in the financial statements in compliance with their investment policy guidelines.

The Funds may engage in securities lending transactions. The credit risk related to securities lending transactions is limited by the fact that the value of cash or securities held as collateral by the Funds in connection with these transactions is at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. The collateral and loaned securities are marked to market on each business day. Further information regarding the collateral and securities on loan can be found in the footnotes to the Statements of Financial Position and in note 2].

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Mutual funds may invest in securities denominated or traded in currencies other than the Funds' reporting currency.

Interest rate risk

Prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. This risk is known as interest rate risk. Prices of longer-term fixed income securities will generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than would shorter-term securities. Due to the nature of short-term fixed income securities with a remaining term-to-maturity of less than one year, these investments are not generally exposed to a significant risk that their value will fluctuate in response to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

Liquidity risk

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Generally, the Funds retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain adequate liquidity. However, liquidity risk also involves the ability to sell an asset for cash easily and at a fair price. Some securities are illiquid due to legal restrictions on their resale, the nature of the investment, or simply a lack of interested buyers for a particular security or security type. Certain securities may become less liquid due to changes in market conditions, such as interest rate changes or market volatility, which could impair the ability of a Fund to sell such securities quickly or at a fair price. Difficulty in selling securities could result in a loss or lower return for a Fund.

Other price/market risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. Several factors can influence market trends, such as economic developments, changes in interest rates, political changes, and catastrophic events, such as pandemics or disasters which occur naturally or are exacerbated by climate change. Pandemics such as coronavirus disease 2019 (referred to as *COVID-19*) may adversely affect global markets and the performance of the Pools. All investments are exposed to other price/market risk.

c) Investment Transactions, Income Recognition, and Recognition of Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

- i) Interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest received by the Funds accounted for on an accrual basis. The Funds do not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.
- ii) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.
- iii) Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Securities that are exchange-traded are recorded at fair value established by the last traded market price when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. Debt securities are recorded at fair value, established by the last traded price on the over-the-counter market (referred to as *OTC*) when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Unlisted securities are recorded at fair value using fair valuation techniques established by the Manager in establishing a fair value.
- iv) Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated using the average cost, excluding transaction costs, of the related investments.
- v) Other income is the sum of income, excluding transaction costs, other than that which is separately classified on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

d) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Where applicable, additional information can be found in the table *Offsetting Arrangements* as part of the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*. This supplemental schedule discloses the OTC derivatives which are subject to offsetting.

e) Portfolio Securities

The cost of securities of a Fund is determined in the following manner: securities are purchased and sold at a market-traded price to arrive at a value for the position traded. The total purchased value represents the total cost of the security to the Fund. When additional units of the same security are purchased, the cost of those additional units is added to the total security cost. When units of the same security are sold, the proportionate cost of the units of the security sold is deducted from the total security cost. If there is a return of capital paid by a security, the amount of this return of capital is deducted from the total security cost. This method of tracking security cost is known as "average cost" and the current total for any one security is referred to as the "adjusted cost base" or "ACB" of the security. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of investments and are recognized immediately in net income and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

The difference between the fair value of securities and their average cost, excluding transaction costs, represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of the portfolio investments. The applicable period change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments is included on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Short-term investments on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio are presented at their amortized cost which approximates the fair value. Accrued interest for bonds is disclosed separately on the Statements of Financial Position.

f) Foreign Exchange

The value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the current rates prevailing on each valuation date (unless otherwise indicated).

Purchases and sales of investments, income, and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Foreign currency translation gains (losses) on investments and income transactions are included in Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

g) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

The Funds may enter into forward foreign currency contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Changes in the fair value of forward foreign currency contracts are included in derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Statements of Financial Position and are recorded as an Increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives during the applicable period on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Notes to Financial Statements

The gain or loss arising from the difference between the value of the original forward foreign currency contract and the value of such contract at close or delivery is realized and recorded as Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency for Funds that use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging or as Derivative income (loss) for Funds that do not use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging.

h) Futures Contracts

The Funds may enter into futures contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

The margin deposits with brokers relating to futures contracts are included in Margin on the Statements of Financial Position. Any change in the margin requirement is settled daily and included in Receivable for portfolio securities sold or Payable for portfolio securities purchased on the Statements of Financial Position.

Any difference between the settlement value at the close of business on each valuation date and the settlement value at the close of business on the previous valuation date is recorded as Derivative income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

i) Options

The Funds may enter into options contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Premiums paid for purchased call and put options are included in derivative assets and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position. When a purchased option expires, the Fund will realize a loss in the amount of the cost of the option. For a closing transaction, the Fund will realize a gain or loss depending on whether the proceeds are greater or less than the premium paid at the time of purchase. When a purchased call option is exercised, the cost of the security purchased is increased by the premium paid at the time of purchase.

Premiums received from writing options are included in derivative liabilities and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position as initial reductions in the value of investments. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are recorded as realized gains and reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For a closing transaction, if the cost of closing the transaction exceeds the premium received, the Fund will record a realized loss or, if the premium received at the time the option was written is greater than the amount paid, the Fund will record a realized gain and is reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. If a written put option is exercised, the cost for the security delivered is reduced by the premiums received at the time the option was written.

j) Securities Lending

A Fund may lend portfolio securities in order to earn additional revenue, which is disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The loaned assets of any one Fund are not permitted to exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of that Fund (excluding collateral debt for the loaned securities). The minimum allowable collateral is 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities as per the requirements of National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds*. Collateral can consist of the following:

- i) Cash.
- ii) Qualified securities.
- iii) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by a Canadian financial institution that is not the counterparty, or an affiliate counterparty, of the pool in the transaction, if evidences of indebtedness of the Canadian financial institution that are rated as short-term debt by an approved credit rating organization have an approved credit rating.
- iv) Securities that are immediately convertible into securities of the same issuer, class, or type, and the same term, as the securities loaned.

The fair value of the loaned securities is determined on the close of any valuation date and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Pool on the next business day. The securities on loan continue to be included on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio, and are included in the total value on the Statements of Financial Position in Investments (non-derivative financial assets) at fair value. Where applicable, a Fund's securities lending transactions are reported in the footnote *Securities Lending* on the Statements of Financial Position.

National Instrument 81-106 – *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure* requires a reconciliation of the gross income amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the Funds to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gross amount generated from securities lending includes interest paid on collateral, withholding taxes deducted, the fees paid to the Funds' lending agent and the securities lending revenue received by the Funds. Where applicable, the reconciliation can be found in the footnotes to the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income.

k) Multi-Class Structured Funds

The realized and unrealized capital gains or losses, income, and common expenses (other than class-specific operating expenses and management fees) of the Fund are allocated on each valuation date to the unitholders in proportion to the respective prior day's net asset value, which includes unitholder trades dated for that day, of each class of units at the date on which the allocation is made. All class-specific operating expenses and management fees do not require allocation. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and are collected from the Funds on a recoverable basis.

l) Loans and Receivables, Other Assets and Liabilities

Loans and receivables, other assets and liabilities are recorded at cost, which approximates their fair value, with the exception of Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units which are presented at the redemption value.

m) Legend of Abbreviations

The following is a list of abbreviations (foreign currency translation and others) that may be used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

Currency Abbreviations

AED	– United Arab Emirates Dirham	JPY	– Japanese Yen
ARS	– Argentine Peso	KES	– Kenyan Shilling
AUD	– Australian Dollar	KRW	– South Korean Won
BRL	– Brazilian Real	MAD	– Morocco Dirham
CAD	– Canadian Dollar	MXN	– Mexican Peso
CHF	– Swiss Franc	MYR	– Malaysian Ringgit
CLP	– Chilean Peso	NOK	– Norwegian Krone
CNY	– Chinese Renminbi	NZD	– New Zealand Dollar
COP	– Colombian Peso	PHP	– Philippine Peso
CZK	– Czech Koruna	PLN	– Polish Zloty
DKK	– Danish Krone	RON	– Romanian Leu
EGP	– Egyptian Pound	RUB	– Russian Ruble
EUR	– Euro	SEK	– Swedish Krona
GBP	– British Pound	SGD	– Singapore Dollar
GEL	– Georgian Lari	THB	– Thai Baht
HKD	– Hong Kong Dollar	TRY	– New Turkish Lira
HUF	– Hungarian Forint	TWD	– Taiwan Dollar
IDR	– Indonesian Rupiah	USD	– United States Dollar
ILS	– Israeli Shekel	ZAR	– South African Rand
INR	– Indian Rupee		

Other Abbreviations

ADR	– American Depositary Receipt	ETF	– Exchange-Traded Fund
CVO	– Contingent Value Obligations	GDR	– Global Depositary Receipt Securities
ELN	– Equity Linked Note	NVDR	– Non-Voting Depositary Receipt

n) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class is calculated by dividing the Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (excluding distributions), as reported on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, by the weighted average number of units in issue during the related period.

3. Valuation of Investments

The valuation date (referred to as *Valuation Date*) for a Fund is any day when the Manager's head office is open for business. The Manager may, at its discretion, establish other Valuation Dates.

The fair value of the investments or assets of a Fund is determined as follows:

a) Cash and Other Assets

Cash, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, distributions receivable, and interest receivable are valued at fair value or at their recorded cost, plus or minus any foreign exchange between recognition of the asset by the Fund and the current Valuation Date, which approximates fair value.

b) Bonds, Debentures, and Other Debt Obligations

Bonds, debentures, and other debt obligations are fair valued using the last traded price provided by a recognized vendor upon the close of trading on a Valuation Date, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. If the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread, then the Manager will determine the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

c) Listed Securities, Unlisted Securities, and Fair Value Pricing of Foreign Securities

Any security that is listed or traded on a securities exchange is fair valued using the last traded price, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread or, if there is no traded price on that exchange or the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread and in the case of securities traded on an OTC market, at the fair value as determined by the Manager as an appropriate basis for valuation. In such situations, a fair value will be determined by the Manager to establish current value. If any securities are inter-listed or traded on more than one exchange or market, the Manager will use the principal exchange or market for the fair value of such securities.

Units of each mutual fund in which a Fund invests will be valued at fair value using the most recent net asset value quoted by the Trustee or Manager of the mutual fund on the Valuation Date.

Unlisted securities are fair valued using the last traded price quoted by a recognized dealer, or the Manager may determine a price that more accurately reflects the fair value of these securities if the Manager feels the last traded price does not reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is designed to avoid stale prices and to provide a more accurate fair value, and may assist in the deterrence of harmful short-term or excessive trading in the Fund. When securities listed or traded on markets or exchanges that close prior to North or South American markets or exchanges are valued by the Manager at their fair market value, instead of using quoted or published prices, the prices of such securities used to calculate the Fund's net assets or net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices of such securities.

d) Derivatives

Long positions in options, debt-like securities, and listed warrants are valued at fair value using the last traded price as established on either their principal trading exchange or by a recognized dealer in such securities, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread and the credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

When any option is written by any Fund, the premium received by the Fund will be reflected as a liability that will be valued at an amount equal to the current fair value of the option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment; the liability shall be deducted in arriving at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Fund. The securities that are the subject of a written option, if any, will be valued in the manner described above for listed securities.

Futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps will be valued at fair value of the gain or loss, if any, that would be realized on the Valuation Date if the position in the futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps were to be closed out.

Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts and forward contracts will be reflected as an account receivable and margin consisting of assets other than cash will be noted as held as collateral.

Other derivatives and margin are fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

e) Restricted Securities

Restricted securities purchased by any Fund will be fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

f) Other Investments

All other investments of the Funds will be fair valued in accordance with the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, where applicable.

The value of any security or other property of a Fund for which a market quotation is not readily available or where the market quotations do not properly reflect the fair value of such securities will be determined by the Manager by valuing the securities at their fair value. In such situations, fair value will be determined using the fair valuation technique that most accurately reflects the fair value as established by the Manager.

4. Interests in Underlying Funds

The Funds may invest in other investment funds (*Underlying Funds*). Each Underlying Fund invests in a portfolio of assets to generate returns in the form of investment income and capital appreciation for its unitholders. Each Underlying Fund finances its operations primarily through the issuance of redeemable units, which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitle the unitholder to a proportionate share of the Underlying Fund's net assets. The Fund's interests in Underlying Funds held in the form of redeemable units, are reported in its Schedule of Investments at fair value, which represents the Funds' maximum exposure on those investments. The Funds' interests in Underlying Funds as at the prior year period ends are presented in the "Financial Instruments Risk" section under sub-section "Credit Risk" in the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*. Distributions earned from Underlying Funds are included in "Investment Income" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The total realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) arising from Underlying Funds are also included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The Funds do not provide any additional significant financial or other support to Underlying Funds.

Where applicable, the table "Interests in Underlying Funds" presented as part of the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*, provides additional information on the Funds' investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each Underlying Fund.

5. Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding

Each Fund is permitted to have an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The outstanding units represent the capital of a Fund. Each unit has no par value and the value of each unit is the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit next determined. Settlement of the cost for units issued is completed as per security regulations in place at the time of issue. Distributions made by a Fund and reinvested by unitholders in additional units also constitute issued redeemable units of a Fund.

Units are redeemed at the net assets attributable to holders of a redeemable unit per unit of a Fund. A right to redeem units of a Fund may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities or when normal trading is suspended on a stock, options, or futures exchange within Canada or outside of Canada on which securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the value or underlying exposure of the total assets of a Fund, not including any liabilities of a Fund, are traded and when those securities or derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for a Fund. The Fund is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The capital received by a Fund is utilized within the respective investment mandate of the Fund. This includes the ability to make liquidity available to satisfy unitholder unit redemption requirements upon the unitholder's request.

Changes in issued and outstanding units for the annual periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 can be found on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Management fees are based on the net asset value of the Funds and are calculated daily. Management fees are paid to the Manager in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. The maximum annual management fee expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value that can be charged by a Fund is reported in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In addition to the management fees, the Funds are responsible for all expenses relating to the operation and conduct of the business of the Funds, which may include interest, operating, and administrative costs (other than advertising and promotional expenses, which are the responsibility of the Manager), brokerage fees, commissions, spreads, regulatory fees, Independent Review Committee fees, taxes, audit and legal fees and expenses, safekeeping and custodial fees, investor servicing costs, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. All such operating expenses are paid by the Manager and recovered from the Funds. The Funds do not pay a fee to the Trustee.

The Manager may recover less than the actual operating expenses paid by the Manager, resulting in the Manager absorbing expenses. The Manager may also charge to a Fund less than the maximum management fee in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, resulting in the Manager waiving management fees.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may stop absorbing operating expenses and/or waiving management fees at any time. Operating expenses absorbed and/or management fees waived by the Manager are disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In some cases, the Manager may charge management fees to a Fund that are less than the management fees the Manager is entitled to charge in respect of certain investors in a Fund. The difference in the amount of the management fees will be paid out by the Fund to the applicable investors as a distribution of additional units of the Fund (*Management Fee Distributions*). Management Fee Distributions are negotiable between the Manager and the investor and are dependent primarily on the size of the investor's investment in the Fund. Management Fee Distributions paid to qualified investors do not adversely impact the Fund or any of the Fund's other investors. The Manager may increase or decrease the amount of Management Fee Distributions to certain investors from time to time.

Where a Fund invests in units of an Underlying Fund, the Fund does not pay duplicate management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in units of the Underlying Fund. In addition, the Fund will not pay duplicate sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of units of the Underlying Fund. Some of the Underlying Funds held by the Funds may offer Management Fee Distributions. Such Management Fee Distributions of an Underlying Fund will be paid out as required for taxable distribution payments by a Fund. The manager of an Underlying Fund may, in some cases, waive a portion of an Underlying Fund's management fee and/or absorb a portion of an Underlying Fund's operating expenses.

7. Income Taxes and Withholding Taxes

The Funds qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). No income tax is payable by the Funds on net income and/or net realized capital gains that are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on undistributed net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the Funds are redeemed. Sufficient net income and realized capital gains of the Funds have been, or will be, distributed to the unitholders such that no tax is payable by the Funds and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. Occasionally, a Fund may pay distributions in excess of the net income and net realized capital gains of the Fund. This excess distribution is called a return of capital and is non-taxable to the unitholder. However, a return of capital reduces the average cost of the unitholder's units for tax purposes, which may result in a capital gain to the unitholder to the extent the average cost becomes less than zero.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for 20 years.

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Where applicable, a Fund's net capital and non-capital losses are reported in footnote *Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses* on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

The Funds have a taxation year-end of December 15 (except Imperial Money Market Pool, which has a taxation year-end of December 31).

The Funds currently incur withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

8. Brokerage Commissions and Fees

The total commissions paid by the Funds to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund where applicable. In allocating brokerage business to a dealer, consideration may be given by the portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors of the Funds to the provision of goods and services by the dealer or a third party, other than order execution (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor and the portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Funds or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Funds. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Funds to brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Fund. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the applicable Fund.

Fixed income and certain other securities are transacted in an OTC market, where participants are dealing as principals. Such securities are generally traded on a net basis and do not normally involve brokerage commissions, but will typically include a "spread" (being the difference between the bid and the offer prices on the security of the applicable marketplace).

Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading and certain other securities are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the dollar amounts. In addition, the soft dollar amounts only include the value of research and other services supplied by a third party to CIBC Asset Management Inc. (*CAMI* or the *Portfolio Advisor*) and any portfolio sub-advisors, as the value of the services supplied to the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors by the dealer is not ascertainable. When these services benefit more than one Fund, the costs are allocated among the Funds based on transaction activity or some other fair basis as determined by the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors.

9. Related Party Transactions

CIBC and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Funds and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities. The Funds may hold securities of CIBC. CIBC and its affiliates may also be involved in underwriting or lending to issuers of securities that may be held by the Funds, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds while acting as principal, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds on behalf of another investment fund managed by CIBC or an affiliate, and also may have been involved as a counterparty to derivative transactions. Management fees payable and other accrued expenses on the Statements of Financial Position are amounts generally payable to a related party of the Fund.

Manager, Trustee, Portfolio Advisor, and certain Portfolio Sub-Advisors of the Funds

CIBC is the Manager, CIBC Trust Corporation is the Trustee, and CAMI is the Portfolio Advisor of each of the Funds.

The Manager also arranges for fund administrative services (other than advertising and promotional, which are the responsibility of the Manager), legal, investor servicing, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. The Manager is the registrar and transfer agent for the Funds and provides, or arranges for the provision of, all other administrative services required by the Funds. The dollar amount (including all applicable taxes) of all fund administrative expenses (net of absorptions) that the Manager recovers from a Fund is reported in footnote *Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars

The Portfolio Advisor generally delegates trading and execution authority to the portfolio sub-advisors. Where applicable, disclosure of the amounts of soft dollars can be found in the *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* schedule on the Statements of Comprehensive Income for each Fund.

The Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio securities, certain derivative products and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors to CIBC World Markets Inc. and/or CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. The total commissions paid to related brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund.

CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income and other securities, and certain derivative products to the Funds. Dealers, including CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors that process trades through them (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Fund or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Fund. As per terms of the portfolio advisory and sub-advisory agreements, such soft dollar arrangements

are in compliance with applicable laws. Custodial fees directly related to portfolio transactions incurred by a Fund, otherwise payable by the Fund, shall be paid by CAMI, and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI, up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Fund, or a portion of the Fund, during that month. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Fund to related brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Funds. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the relevant Fund.

Custodian

The custodian holds all cash and securities for the Funds and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the custodian might be holding. The custodian also provides other services to the Funds including record keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the custodian of the Funds (the *Custodian*). The Custodian may hire sub-custodians for the Funds. The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions by a Fund, or a portion of a Fund, are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Funds during that month. All other fees for the services of the Custodian are paid by the Manager, and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC owns a 50% interest in CIBC Mellon Trust Company.

Service Provider

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (referred to as *CIBC GSS*) provides certain services to the Funds, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. Such servicing fees are paid by the Manager and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC indirectly owns a 50% interest in CIBC GSS.

The dollar amount paid by the Funds (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees (net of absorptions) and to CIBC GSS for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (net of absorptions) for the annual periods ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is reported in footnote *Service Provider* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

10. Hedging

Certain foreign currency denominated positions have been hedged, or partially hedged, by forward foreign currency contracts as part of the investment strategies of certain Funds. These hedges are indicated by a hedging reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and a corresponding hedging reference number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities Forward Foreign Currency Contracts for those Funds.

11. Collateral on Specified Derivatives

Short-term investments may be used as collateral for futures contracts outstanding with brokers.

12. Subsequent Events - Russian Federation-Ukraine Conflict

Subsequent to December 31, 2021, the escalating conflict between the Russian Federation and Ukraine has resulted in significant volatility and uncertainty in financial markets. NATO, EU and G7 member countries, including Canada, have imposed severe and coordinated sanctions against Russia. Restrictive measures have also been imposed by Russia. These actions have resulted in significant disruptions to investing activities and businesses with operations in Russia and certain securities have become illiquid and/or have materially declined in value. The longer-term impact to geopolitical norms, supply chains and investment valuations is uncertain.

As at December 31, 2021, 5.4% of the net assets of the Imperial Emerging Economies Pool was exposed to Russian securities. These positions have materially declined in value in the subsequent period. All other Pools had either no exposure or an exposure of less than 1% their of net assets to Russian securities. It is unclear what further actions may be taken by governments and the resulting impact on global economies, businesses and financial markets. While the situation remains fluid, the Pools continue to monitor ongoing developments and the impact to investment strategies.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of

Imperial Money Market Pool
Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool
Imperial Canadian Bond Pool
Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool
Imperial International Bond Pool
Imperial Equity High Income Pool
Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool
Imperial Global Equity Income Pool
(collectively, the "Funds")

Imperial Canadian Equity Pool
Imperial U.S. Equity Pool
Imperial International Equity Pool
Imperial Overseas Equity Pool
Imperial Emerging Economies Pool
Conservative Income Portfolio
Balanced Income Portfolio
Enhanced Income Portfolio

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Funds, which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Funds as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and their financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (referred to as IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing each Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Funds' financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Canada
March 23, 2022

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