

## Annual Financial Statements

for the financial year ended December 31, 2024

### Statements of Financial Position (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023 (note 1)

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Investments (non-derivative financial assets) (notes 2 and 3)	\$ 823,853	\$ 834,233
Cash including foreign currency holdings, at fair value	4,226	2,755
Margin	26	4,804
Interest receivable	—	388
Receivable for portfolio securities sold	—	398
Receivable for units issued	2,311	—
Derivative assets	835	1,455
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>831,251</b>	<b>844,033</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Payable for portfolio securities purchased	31	—
Payable for units redeemed	694	—
Derivative liabilities	451	1,200
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,176</b>	<b>1,200</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b> (note 5)	<b>\$ 830,075</b>	<b>\$ 842,833</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class</b>		
Class T5	\$ 625,326	\$ 643,512
Class T6	\$ 204,749	\$ 199,321
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit</b> (note 5)		
Class T5	\$ 10.65	\$ 9.85
Class T6	\$ 9.77	\$ 9.13

### Organization of the Fund (note 1)

The Portfolio was established on December 14, 2015 (*Date Established*).

Class	Inception Date
Class T5	June 1, 2016
Class T6	June 3, 2016

## Enhanced Income Portfolio

### Statements of Comprehensive Income (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (note 1)

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
<b>Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments</b>		
Interest for distribution purposes	\$ 4,463	\$ 4,378
Investment income	17,508	21,012
Dividend revenue	6,747	8,419
Derivative income (loss)	1,155	(4,344)
Other changes in fair value of investments and derivatives		
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives	16,137	(9,359)
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency (notes 2f and g)	212	(147)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	58,398	30,997
<b>Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments</b>	<b>104,620</b>	<b>50,956</b>
<b>Other Income</b>		
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(85)	134
<b>Total other income</b>	<b>(85)</b>	<b>134</b>
<b>Expenses (note 6)</b>		
Management fees ±±	9,183	9,640
Independent review committee fees	3	3
Transaction costs ±±±	11	400
Withholding taxes (note 7)	25	49
<b>Total expenses before waived/absorbed expenses</b>	<b>9,222</b>	<b>10,092</b>
Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager	(8,910)	(9,354)
<b>Total expenses after waived/absorbed expenses</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>738</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)</b>	<b>104,223</b>	<b>50,352</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions)</b>		
Class T5	\$ 78,571	\$ 38,207
Class T6	\$ 25,652	\$ 12,145
<b>Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class</b>		
Class T5	60,904	67,489
Class T6	21,447	23,330
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions)</b>		
Class T5	\$ 1.30	\$ 0.57
Class T6	\$ 1.20	\$ 0.52

### ±± Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee (note 6)

Class	Fee
Class T5	1.00%
Class T6	1.00%

### ±±± Brokerage Commissions and Fees (notes 8 and 9)

	2024	2023
<b>Brokerage commissions and other fees (\$000s)</b>		
Total Paid	4	285
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc.	3	279
Paid to CIBC World Markets Corp.	—	—
<b>Soft dollars (\$000s)</b>		
Total Paid	—	—
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp.	—	—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units  
(in 000s)**

For the periods ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (note 1)

	Class T5 Units		Class T6 Units	
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)</b>	<b>\$ 78,571</b>	<b>\$ 38,207</b>	<b>\$ 25,652</b>	<b>\$ 12,145</b>
<b>Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b>				
From net investment income	(22,718)	(12,688)	(7,374)	(4,122)
Return of capital	(7,076)	(20,439)	(4,446)	(8,723)
<b>Total Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b>	<b>(29,794)</b>	<b>(33,127)</b>	<b>(11,820)</b>	<b>(12,845)</b>
<b>Redeemable Unit Transactions</b>				
Amount received from the issuance of units	49,176	109,659	29,690	37,137
Amount received from reinvestment of distributions	26,825	29,884	9,196	9,887
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(142,964)	(144,175)	(47,290)	(56,528)
<b>Total Redeemable Unit Transactions</b>	<b>(66,963)</b>	<b>(4,632)</b>	<b>(8,404)</b>	<b>(9,504)</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b>	<b>(18,186)</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>5,428</b>	<b>(10,204)</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period</b>	<b>643,512</b>	<b>643,064</b>	<b>199,321</b>	<b>209,525</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 625,326</b>	<b>\$ 643,512</b>	<b>\$ 204,749</b>	<b>\$ 199,321</b>

**Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding (note 5)**

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023

Balance - beginning of period	65,317	65,906	21,830	22,932
Redeemable units issued	4,796	11,161	3,142	4,051
Redeemable units issued on reinvestments	2,612	3,076	971	1,093
	72,725	80,143	25,943	28,076
Redeemable units redeemed	(14,028)	(14,826)	(4,990)	(6,246)
Balance - end of period	58,697	65,317	20,953	21,830

**Statements of Cash Flows  
(in 000s)**

For the periods ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (note 1)

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations (excluding distributions)	\$ 104,223	\$ 50,352
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	85	(134)
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives	(16,137)	9,359
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	(58,398)	(30,997)
Reinvested distributions from underlying funds	(24,190)	(29,224)
Purchase of investments	(614,865)	(833,769)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	724,270	889,635
Margin	4,778	(752)
Interest receivable	388	192
<b>Total Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>	<b>120,154</b>	<b>54,662</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Amount received from the issuance of units	76,555	146,796
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(189,560)	(200,703)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(5,593)	(6,201)
<b>Total Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>	<b>(118,598)</b>	<b>(60,108)</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Cash during the Period</b>	<b>1,556</b>	<b>(5,446)</b>
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash	(85)	134
<b>Cash (Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of Period</b>	<b>2,755</b>	<b>8,067</b>
<b>Cash (Bank Overdraft) at End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 4,226</b>	<b>\$ 2,755</b>
Interest received	\$ 4,851	\$ 4,570
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$ 55	\$ 176

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Enhanced Income Portfolio

### Schedule of Investment Portfolio As at December 31, 2024

Security	Number of Units	Average Cost (\$'000s)	Fair Value (\$'000s)	% of Net Assets
<sup>1-4</sup> <b>MUTUAL FUNDS</b> (note 10)				
CIBC Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool, Class 'S'	11,425,951	111,743	110,127	
CIBC Real Assets Private Pool, Class 'S'	9,120,351	99,788	116,481	
Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Class 'A'	5,650,229	64,170	58,948	
Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Class 'A'	13,530,601	146,918	188,510	
Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Class 'A'	13,742,432	134,123	166,692	
Imperial International Bond Pool, Class 'A'	4,663,381	51,442	43,726	
Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Class 'A'	4,030,173	40,964	40,294	
<b>TOTAL MUTUAL FUNDS</b>		<b>649,148</b>	<b>724,778</b>	<b>87.4%</b>
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS BEFORE SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>		<b>649,148</b>	<b>724,778</b>	<b>87.4%</b>

Security	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Additional Details	Par Value	Average Cost (\$'000s)	Fair Value (\$'000s)	% of Net Assets
<b>SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>							
Government of Canada	3.96%	2025/01/03	Treasury Bill	37,850,000	37,449	37,842	
Government of Canada	3.87%	2025/01/15	Treasury Bill	35,025,000	34,669	34,974	
Government of Canada	3.55%	2025/01/30	Treasury Bill	21,000,000	20,802	20,941	
Government of Canada	3.53%	2025/02/12	Treasury Bill	1,600,000	1,585	1,593	
Government of Canada	3.48%	2025/02/27	Treasury Bill	1,000,000	991	995	
Government of Canada	3.15%	2025/03/27	Treasury Bill	2,750,000	2,727	2,730	
<b>TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>					<b>98,223</b>	<b>99,075</b>	<b>11.9%</b>
Less: Transaction costs included in average cost					(35)		
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS</b>					<b>747,336</b>	<b>823,853</b>	<b>99.3%</b>
Margin						26	0.0%
Derivative assets						835	0.1%
Derivative liabilities						(451)	(0.1)%
Other Assets, less Liabilities						5,812	0.7%
<b>TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS</b>						<b>830,075</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

<sup>1-4</sup>Hedging reference number. Refers to a corresponding number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contracts.

### Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contracts (note 10)

Hedging Ref. No. **	Counterparty	Credit Rating for Counterparty*	Settlement Date	Currency Buys	Par Value	Currency Sells	Par Value	Forward Rate	Current Rate	Unrealized Gain (Loss) (\$'000s)
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1	2025/03/06	BRL	18,785,000	USD	3,047,831	0.162	0.160	(60)
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1	2025/03/06	USD	385,259	BRL	2,400,000	6.230	6.249	2
1	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	A-1+	2025/02/28	CAD	986,485	CHF	610,000	0.618	0.629	16
1	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2025/02/28	CAD	3,286,764	CHF	2,075,000	0.631	0.629	(13)
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2025/01/29	COP	6,984,115,000	USD	1,621,498	0.000232	0.000226	(60)
2	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	A-1+	2025/01/17	EUR	870,000	CAD	1,286,896	1.479	1.489	9
2	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2025/01/17	CAD	514,982	EUR	345,000	0.670	0.672	1
2	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/01/17	CAD	1,723,156	EUR	1,155,000	0.670	0.672	3
2	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1	2025/01/17	CAD	7,777,877	EUR	5,170,000	0.665	0.672	80
3	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2025/03/11	CAD	2,031,999	HKD	11,240,000	5.532	5.412	(45)
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2025/03/27	IDR	11,128,610,000	USD	682,695	0.000061	0.000061	-
	Royal Bank of Canada	A-1+	2025/03/12	INR	340,815,000	USD	4,004,519	0.012	0.012	(72)
	Bank of Montreal	A-1	2025/02/28	JPY	504,285,000	CAD	4,611,660	0.009	0.009	16
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1	2025/01/16	MXN	40,115,000	CAD	2,779,953	0.069	0.069	(23)
	Bank of Nova Scotia	A-1	2025/01/16	CAD	724,521	MXN	10,755,000	14.844	14.548	(15)
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/01/16	CAD	251,979	MXN	3,670,000	14.565	14.548	-
	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2025/01/29	NOK	11,740,000	CAD	1,479,004	0.126	0.126	2
	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	A-1+	2025/01/29	CAD	1,477,632	NOK	11,740,000	7.945	7.928	(3)
	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	A-1+	2025/01/24	NZD	1,235,000	CAD	1,023,494	0.829	0.804	(31)
	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	A-1+	2025/01/29	SEK	7,510,000	CAD	965,061	0.129	0.130	11
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/01/29	SEK	7,725,000	CAD	1,000,872	0.130	0.130	3
	State Street Trust Co. Canada	A-1+	2025/01/29	CAD	1,996,121	SEK	15,235,000	7.632	7.694	16
4	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1	2025/03/24	CAD	6,082,146	SGD	5,750,000	0.945	0.950	28
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/03/20	TRY	53,385,000	CAD	1,978,871	0.037	0.038	32
	Bank of Nova Scotia	A-1	2025/01/24	USD	10,080,000	CAD	13,888,224	1.378	1.436	589
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/01/24	USD	360,000	CAD	499,073	1.386	1.436	18
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/01/24	USD	155,000	CAD	214,002	1.381	1.436	9
	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	A-1+	2025/01/24	CAD	976,959	USD	700,000	0.717	0.696	(28)
	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	A-1+	2025/01/24	CAD	749,933	USD	540,000	0.720	0.696	(26)
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/01/24	CAD	440,576	USD	310,000	0.704	0.696	(5)
	Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	A-1	2025/01/24	CAD	544,918	USD	380,000	0.697	0.696	(1)
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/03/03	ZAR	38,130,000	CAD	2,919,960	0.077	0.076	(37)
	Goldman Sachs & Co., New York	A-1	2025/03/03	ZAR	10,560,000	CAD	830,135	0.079	0.076	(32)
	<b>Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forwards</b>									<b>384</b>

\* The credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) of the forward foreign currency contracts held by the Portfolio meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

\*\* See corresponding reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Enhanced Income Portfolio

### Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio

#### Offsetting Arrangements (note 2d) (in 000s)

The Portfolio may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statements of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts.

The following table reconciles the net amount of "Over-The-Counter" derivatives presented in the Statements of Financial Position, as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, to:

- The gross amount before offsetting required under IFRS; and
- The net amount after offsetting under the terms of master netting arrangements or other similar arrangements, but which do not meet the criteria for offsetting under IFRS.

Financial Assets and Liabilities	Amounts Offset			Amounts Not Offset			Net
	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Amounts Offset Under IFRS	Net Amounts Presented on Statements of Financial Position	Master Netting Arrangements	Cash Collateral Received		
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>							
OTC Derivative Assets	\$ 835	\$ –	\$ 835	\$ (218)	\$ –	\$	617
OTC Derivative Liabilities	(451)	–	(451)	218	–		(233)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 384</b>	<b>\$ –</b>	<b>\$ 384</b>	<b>\$ –</b>	<b>\$ –</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>384</b>
<b>As at December 31, 2023</b>							
OTC Derivative Assets	\$ 635	\$ –	\$ 635	\$ (367)	\$ –	\$	268
OTC Derivative Liabilities	(481)	–	(481)	367	–		(114)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 154</b>	<b>\$ –</b>	<b>\$ 154</b>	<b>\$ –</b>	<b>\$ –</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>154</b>

#### Interests in Underlying Funds (note 4)

The following table presents additional information on the Portfolio's investments in underlying funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each underlying fund as at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

The Renaissance Investment family of funds are mutual fund trusts organized under the laws of Ontario and the address of the funds' registered office is CIBC Square, 81 Bay Street, 20th floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 0E7.

##### As at December 31, 2024

Holding	% of Net Assets	Country of Establishment & Principal Place of Business	% of Ownership Interest
CIBC Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool	13.3	Canada	25.1
CIBC Real Assets Private Pool	14.0	Canada	23.2

##### As at December 31, 2023

Holding	% of Net Assets	Country of Establishment & Principal Place of Business	% of Ownership Interest
CIBC Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool	13.1	Canada	26.3
CIBC Real Assets Private Pool	14.1	Canada	23.5

### Financial Instrument Risks

**Investment Objective:** Enhanced Income Portfolio (the *Portfolio*) seeks to provide a mix of income and moderate capital appreciation potential by investing primarily in units of Canadian and global mutual funds.

**Investment Strategies:** The Portfolio invests primarily in units of mutual funds managed by the Manager or its affiliates. The Portfolio has, under normal market conditions, a long-term strategic asset mix of fixed income (10%-40%) and equities (60%-90%). The portfolio advisor may review and adjust the asset mix, in its sole discretion, depending on economic conditions and relative value of income and equity securities.

As the Portfolio invests in the Underlying Funds, it may be indirectly exposed to concentration, credit, currency, and interest rate risks from these holdings. Only direct exposure to significant risks that are relevant to the Portfolio is discussed here. General information on risk management and specific discussion on concentration, credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, and other price/market risk can be found in note 2 of the financial statements.

In the following risk tables, Net Assets is defined as meaning "Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units".

#### Concentration Risk as at December 31, 2024 and 2023

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio presents the securities held by the Portfolio as at December 31, 2024.

The following table presents the investment sectors held by the Portfolio as at December 31, 2023, and groups the securities by asset type, industry sector, geographic region, or currency exposure:

##### As at December 31, 2023

Portfolio Breakdown	% of Net Assets
<b>International Equities</b>	
United States	1.2
<b>International Bonds</b>	
Brazil	0.3
Colombia	0.3
Russia	0.1
South Africa	0.5
<b>Mutual Funds</b>	
Canadian Bond	11.9
Canadian Equity	23.0

## Enhanced Income Portfolio

As at December 31, 2023 (cont'd)

Portfolio Breakdown	% of Net Assets
International Bond	18.5
International Equity	34.2
Short-Term Investments	9.0
Margin	0.6
Other Assets, less Liabilities	0.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### Credit Risk

Credit ratings represent a consolidation of the ratings provided by various outside service providers and are subject to change, which could be material.

See the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for counterparties related to over-the-counter derivative contracts, where applicable.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Portfolio invested in debt securities with the following credit ratings:

Debt Securities by Credit Rating (note 2b)	% of Net Assets	
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
'AAA'	11.9	8.2
'A'	—	0.8
'BBB'	—	0.2
Below 'BBB'	—	0.9
Unrated	—	0.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>10.2</b>

### Currency Risk

The tables that follow indicate the currencies to which the Portfolio had significant exposure as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, based on the market value of the Portfolio's financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) and the underlying principal amounts of forward foreign currency contracts, as applicable.

As at December 31, 2024

Currency (note 2n)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
INR	5,670	0.7
JPY	4,628	0.6
BRL	3,760	0.5
CHF	(4,270)	(0.5)
SGD	(6,053)	(0.7)
EUR	(8,636)	(1.0)

\* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

As at December 31, 2023

Currency (note 2n)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
BRL	5,924	0.7
USD	5,677	0.7
ZAR	5,344	0.6
COP	4,410	0.5

\* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have decreased or increased had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 1% in relation to all foreign currencies. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, the actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
<b>Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>279</b>

### Interest Rate Risk

The Portfolio's short-term assets and liabilities were not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing level of market interest rates.

The table that follows indicates the Portfolio's exposure to fixed income securities by remaining term-to-maturity.

Remaining Term-to-Maturity	December 31, 2024 (\$000s)	December 31, 2023 (\$000s)
1-3 years	—	452
3-5 years	—	4,795
> 5 years	—	4,448
<b>Total</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9,695</b>

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased or decreased had the interest rate decreased or increased by 25 basis points and assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve. This change is estimated using the weighted average duration of the fixed income portfolio. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
<b>Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>99</b>

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Portfolio will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Portfolio is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Portfolio maintains sufficient cash on hand to fund anticipated redemptions.

With the exception of derivative contracts, where applicable, all of the Portfolio's financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the period end.

For portfolios that hold derivative contracts with a term-to-maturity that exceeds 90 days from the period end, further information related to those contracts can be referenced in the derivative schedules following the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

### Other Price/Market Risk

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased or decreased had the value of the Portfolio's benchmark(s) increased or decreased by 1%. This change is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of Class T5 units of the Portfolio as compared to the return of the Portfolio's benchmark(s), using 36 monthly data points, as available, based on the monthly net returns of the Portfolio. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of the future correlation and, accordingly, the impact on net assets could be materially different.

Benchmark(s)	Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
MSCI World Index	4,062	4,108
22.9% S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index	8,138	8,283
20.2% MSCI World High Dividend Yield Index		
13.2% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index		
12% FTSE Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index		
7.1% Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Index		
7% FTSE Canada Universe Overall Bond Index		
5.6% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Real Estate Index (Net)		
5.3% FTSE Canada Short Term Overall Bond Index		
5.3% FTSE World Government Bond Index (Hedged to CAD)		
1.0% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index		
0.4% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Market Corporate Index		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Enhanced Income Portfolio

### Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 in valuing the Portfolio's financial assets and financial liabilities, carried at fair value:

#### As at December 31, 2024

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Short-Term Investments	–	99,075	–	99,075
Mutual Funds	–	724,778	–	724,778
Derivative assets	–	835	–	835
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>824,688</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>824,688</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>				
Derivative liabilities	–	(451)	–	(451)
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(451)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(451)</b>
<b>Total Financial Assets and Liabilities</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>824,237</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>824,237</b>

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

#### As at December 31, 2023

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Fixed Income Securities	–	9,695	–	9,695
Short-Term Investments	–	76,106	–	76,106
Equities	9,965	–	–	9,965
Mutual Funds	–	738,467	–	738,467
Derivative assets	820	635	–	1,455
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>10,785</b>	<b>824,903</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>835,688</b>
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>				
Derivative liabilities	(719)	(481)	–	(1,200)
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>(719)</b>	<b>(481)</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(1,200)</b>
<b>Total Financial Assets and Liabilities</b>	<b>10,066</b>	<b>824,422</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>834,488</b>

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

### Transfer of assets between Level 1 and Level 2

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 are the result of securities no longer being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 1 to Level 2.

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 are the result of securities now being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 2 to Level 1.

### Reconciliation of financial asset and liability movement - Level 3

The Pool did not hold any Level 3 investments at the beginning of, during, or at the end of either reporting period.



# Notes to Financial Statements

As at and for the periods as disclosed in the financial statements (note 1)

## 1. Organization of the Funds and Financial Reporting Periods

The Imperial Pools consist of Imperial Money Market Pool, Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool, Imperial International Bond Pool, Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Equity Pool, Imperial U.S. Equity Pool, Imperial International Equity Pool, Imperial Overseas Equity Pool and Imperial Emerging Economies Pool (individually, a *Pool*, and collectively, the *Pools*).

The Income Generation Portfolios consist of Conservative Income Portfolio, Balanced Income Portfolio and Enhanced Income Portfolio (individually, a *Portfolio*, and collectively, the *Portfolios*).

Each of the Imperial Pools and Income Generation Portfolios (individually, a *Fund*, and collectively, the *Funds*) is a mutual fund trust organized under the laws of Ontario and governed by a declaration of trust (*Declaration of Trust*). The address of the Funds' head office is CIBC Square, 81 Bay Street, 20th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 0E7.

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (CIBC) is the manager (the *Manager*) of the Funds and CIBC Trust Corporation is the trustee (the *Trustee*) of the Funds. Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units of each class. As at the date of these financial statements, each of the Pools offer Class A units for sale, and the Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool and Imperial Global Equity Income Pool also offer Class W units for sale. The Conservative Income Portfolio offers Class T3 and Class T4 units, the Balanced Income Portfolio offers Class T4 and Class T5 units, and the Enhanced Income Portfolio offers Class T5 and Class T6 units for sale.

The date upon which each Fund was established by Declaration of Trust (*Date Established*) and the date upon which units of each Fund were first sold to the public (*Inception Date*) are reported in the footnote *Organization of the Fund* on the Statements of Financial Position.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio of each Fund is as at December 31, 2024. The Statements of Financial Position of each of the Funds are as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, and Statements of Cash Flows of each of the Funds are for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, except for Funds established during either year, in which case the information presented is from the Date Established or the Inception Date to December 31, 2024 and 2023.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on March 5, 2025.

## 2. Material Accounting Policy Information

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (*IFRS*) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board (*IASB*).

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention. However, each Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments and derivatives are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset Value for transactions with unitholders. In applying IFRS, these financial statements include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses during the reporting periods. However, existing circumstances and assumptions may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Funds. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional currency (unless otherwise noted).

### a) Financial Instruments

#### Classification and recognition of financial instruments

Under IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, the Funds classify financial assets into one of three categories based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Those categories are:

- *Amortized Cost* - Assets held within a business model whose objective is to collect cash flows and where the contractual cash flows of the assets are solely payments of principal and interest (*SPPI criterion*). Amortization of the asset is calculated utilizing the Effective Interest Rate Method.
- *Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)* - Financial assets such as debt instruments that meet the SPPI criterion and are held within a business model with objectives that include both collecting the associated contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. Gains and losses are reclassified to profit or loss upon derecognition for debt instruments but remain in other comprehensive income for equity instruments.
- *Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)* - A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at Amortized Cost or FVOCI. Derivative contracts are measured at FVTPL. For all instruments classified as FVTPL, the gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified at FVTPL when they meet the definition of held-for-trading or when they are designated as FVTPL on initial recognition using the fair value option.

The Manager has assessed the business models of the Funds and has determined that the Funds' portfolio of financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' risk management and investment strategies; therefore, classification and measurement of financial assets is FVTPL.

All Funds have contractual obligations to distribute cash to the unitholders. As a result, each Fund's obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is presented at the redemption amount.

### b) Risk Management

The Funds' overall risk management approach includes formal guidelines that govern the extent of exposure to various types of risk, including diversification within asset classes and limits on the exposure to individual investments and counterparties. In addition, derivative financial instruments may be used to manage certain risk exposures. The Manager also has various internal controls to oversee the Funds' investment activities, including monitoring compliance with the investment objectives and strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations. Please refer to each Fund's *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio* for specific risk disclosures.

#### Fair value of financial instruments by using valuation techniques

Financial instruments are valued at their fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Refer to note 3a to 3f for valuation of each specific type of financial instrument held by the Funds. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Funds use the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques.

The Funds classify fair value measurement within a hierarchy, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (*Level 1*) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (*Level 3*). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

If inputs are used to measure an asset's or a liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Each Fund's fair value hierarchy classification of its assets and liabilities is included in the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*.



The carrying values of all non-investment assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, the instrument is reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of a Fund, including the Level 3 measurements. The Manager obtains pricing from third-party pricing vendors and the pricing is reviewed daily. At each financial reporting date, the Manager reviews and approves all Level 3 fair value measurements. The Funds also have a Valuation Committee that meets quarterly to perform detailed reviews of the valuations of investments held by the Funds, which includes discussion on Level 3 measurements.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument, such as a fixed income security or a derivative contract, will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds. The value of fixed income securities and derivatives as presented on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the Funds. Certain Funds may invest in short-term fixed income securities issued or guaranteed primarily by the Government of Canada or any Canadian provincial government, obligations of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies, and commercial paper with approved credit ratings. The risk of default on these short-term fixed income securities is considered low and these securities primarily have credit ratings of "A-1 (Low)" or higher (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global, or an equivalent rating from another rating service).

The bond ratings noted in the "Financial Instruments Risk" section under sub-section "Credit Risk" represent ratings collected and disseminated by recognized third-party vendors. These ratings utilized by the Manager, while obtained from vendors skilled and recognized for bond rating services, may not be the same as those used directly by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors. Ratings used by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors could be higher or lower than those used for risk disclosure in the financial statements in compliance with their investment policy guidelines.

The Funds may engage in securities lending transactions. The credit risk related to securities lending transactions is limited by the fact that the value of cash or securities held as collateral by the Funds in connection with these transactions is at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. The collateral and loaned securities are marked to market on each business day. Further information regarding the collateral and securities on loan can be found in the footnotes to the Statements of Financial Position and in note 2k.

### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Mutual funds may invest in securities denominated or traded in currencies other than the Funds' reporting currency.

### Interest rate risk

Prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. This risk is known as interest rate risk. Prices of longer-term fixed income securities will generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than would shorter-term securities. Due to the nature of short-term fixed income securities with a remaining term-to-maturity of less than one year, these investments are not generally exposed to a significant risk that their value will fluctuate in response to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

### Liquidity risk

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Generally, the Funds retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain adequate liquidity. However, liquidity risk also involves the ability to sell an asset for cash easily and at a fair price. Some securities are illiquid due to legal restrictions on their resale, the nature of the investment, or simply a lack of interested buyers for a particular security or security type. Certain securities may become less liquid due to changes in market conditions, such as interest rate changes or market volatility, which could impair the ability of a Fund to sell such securities quickly or at a fair price. Difficulty in selling securities could result in a loss or lower return for a Fund.

### Other price/market risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. Several factors can influence market trends, such as economic developments, changes in interest rates, political changes, and catastrophic events, such as pandemics or disasters, which occur naturally or are exacerbated by climate change. Pandemics such as coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) may adversely affect global markets and the performance of the Pools. All investments are exposed to other price/market risk.

#### Russian Federation-Ukraine Conflict

The escalating conflict between the Russian Federation and Ukraine has resulted in significant volatility and uncertainty in financial markets. NATO, EU and G7 member countries, including Canada, have imposed severe and coordinated sanctions against Russia. Restrictive measures have also been imposed by Russia. These actions have resulted in significant disruptions to investing activities and businesses with operations in Russia and certain securities have become illiquid and/or have materially declined in value. The longer-term impact to geopolitical norms, supply chains and investment valuations is uncertain.

As at December 31, 2024, the Pools had either no exposure or an exposure of less than 1% of their net assets to Russian securities. It is unclear what further actions may be taken by governments and the resulting impact on global economies, businesses, and financial markets. While the situation remains fluid, the Manager continues to monitor ongoing developments and the impact to investment strategies.

### c) Investment Transactions, Income Recognition, and Recognition of Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

- i) Interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest received by the Funds accounted for on an accrual basis. The Funds do not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.
- ii) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.
- iii) Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Securities that are exchange-traded are recorded at fair value established by the last traded market price when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. Debt securities are recorded at fair value, established by the last traded price on the over-the-counter market (OTC) when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Unlisted securities are recorded at fair value using fair valuation techniques established by the Manager in establishing a fair value.
- iv) Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated using the average cost, excluding transaction costs, of the related investments.
- v) Other income is the sum of income, excluding transaction costs, other than that which is separately classified on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### d) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Where applicable, additional information can be found in the table *Offsetting Arrangements* as part of the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*. This supplemental schedule discloses the OTC derivatives which are subject to offsetting.

### e) Portfolio Securities

The cost of securities of a Fund is determined in the following manner: securities are purchased and sold at a market-traded price to arrive at a value for the position traded. The total purchased value represents the total cost of the security to the Fund. When additional units of the same security are purchased, the cost of those additional units is added to the total security cost. When units of the same security are sold, the proportionate cost of the units of the security sold is deducted from the total security cost. If there is a return of capital paid by a security, the amount of this return of capital is deducted from the total security cost. This method of tracking security cost is known as "average cost" and the current total for any one security is the "adjusted cost base" or "ACB" of the security. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of investments and are recognized immediately in net income and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The difference between the fair value of securities and their average cost, excluding transaction costs, represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of the portfolio investments. The applicable period change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments is included on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Short-term investments on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio are presented at their amortized cost, which approximates the fair value. Accrued interest for bonds is disclosed separately on the Statements of Financial Position.

### f) Foreign Exchange

The value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the current rates prevailing on each valuation date (unless otherwise indicated).

Purchases and sales of investments, income and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Foreign currency translation gains (losses) on investments and income transactions are included in Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### g) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

The Funds may enter into forward foreign currency contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Changes in the fair value of forward foreign currency contracts are included in derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Statements of Financial Position and are recorded as an increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives during the applicable period on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The gain or loss arising from the difference between the value of the original forward foreign currency contract and the value of such contract at close or delivery is realized and recorded as Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency for Funds that use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging or as Derivative income (loss) for Funds that do not use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging.

### h) Futures Contracts

The Funds may enter into futures contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

The margin deposits with brokers relating to futures contracts are included in Margin on the Statements of Financial Position. Any change in the margin requirement is settled daily and included in Receivable for portfolio securities sold or Payable for portfolio securities purchased on the Statements of Financial Position.

Any difference between the settlement value at the close of business on each valuation date and the settlement value at the close of business on the previous valuation date is recorded as Derivative income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### i) Options

The Funds may enter into options contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Premiums paid for purchased call and put options are included in derivative assets and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position. When a purchased option expires, the Fund will realize a loss in the amount of the cost of the option. For a closing transaction, the Fund will realize a gain or loss depending on whether the proceeds are greater or less than the premium paid at the time of purchase. When a purchased call option is exercised, the cost of the security purchased is increased by the premium paid at the time of purchase.

Premiums received from writing options are included in derivative liabilities and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position as initial reductions in the value of investments. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are recorded as realized gains and reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For a closing transaction, if the cost of closing the transaction exceeds the premium received, the Fund will record a realized loss or, if the premium received at the time the option was written is greater than the amount paid, the Fund will record a realized gain and is reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. If a written put option is exercised, the cost for the security delivered is reduced by the premiums received at the time the option was written.

### j) Swap Contracts

The Pools may enter into swap contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities. The Pools can enter into swap contracts either through exchanges that provide clearing and settlement, or with financial institutions counterparties. The swap contracts with counterparties result in the Pools having credit exposure to the counterparties or guarantors. The Pools will only enter into swap contracts with counterparties having a designated rating.

The amount to be received (or paid) on the swap contracts is recognized as Derivative asset or Derivative liability on the Statements of Financial Position over the life of the contracts. Unrealized gains are reported as an asset and unrealized losses are reported as a liability on the Statements of Financial Position. A realized gain or loss is recorded upon early or partial termination and upon maturity of the swap contracts and is recorded as Derivative income (loss). Changes in the amount to be received (or paid) on the swap contract are recorded as Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Details of swap contracts open at period end are included with the applicable Pools in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio under the caption Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Swap Contracts.

### k) Securities Lending

A Fund may lend portfolio securities in order to earn additional revenue, which is disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The loaned assets of any one Fund are not permitted to exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of that Fund (excluding collateral debt for the loaned securities). The minimum allowable collateral is 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities as per the requirements of National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds*. Collateral can consist of the following:

- i) Cash.
- ii) Qualified securities.
- iii) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by a Canadian financial institution that is not the counterparty, or an affiliate counterparty, of the pool in the transaction, if evidences of indebtedness of the Canadian financial institution that are rated as short-term debt by an approved credit rating organization have an approved credit rating.
- iv) Securities that are immediately convertible into securities of the same issuer, class, or type, and the same term, as the securities loaned.

The fair value of the loaned securities is determined on the close of any valuation date and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Pool on the next business day. The securities on loan continue to be included on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio, and are included in the total value on the Statements of Financial Position in Investments (non-derivative financial assets) at fair value. Where applicable, a Fund's securities lending transactions are reported in the footnote *Securities Lending* on the Statements of Financial Position.

National Instrument 81-106 – *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure* requires a reconciliation of the gross income amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the Funds to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gross amount generated from securities lending includes interest paid on collateral, withholding taxes deducted, the fees paid to the Funds' lending agent and the securities lending revenue received by the Funds. Where applicable, the reconciliation can be found in the footnotes to the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income.

**l) Multi-Class Structured Funds**

The realized and unrealized capital gains or losses, income, and common expenses (other than class-specific operating expenses and management fees) of the Fund are allocated on each valuation date to the unitholders in proportion to the respective prior day's net asset value, which includes unitholder trades dated for that day, of each class of units at the date on which the allocation is made. All class-specific operating expenses and management fees do not require allocation. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and are collected from the Funds on a recoverable basis.

**m) Loans and Receivables, Other Assets and Liabilities**

Loans and receivables, other assets and liabilities are recorded at cost, which approximates their fair value, with the exception of Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, which are presented at the redemption value.

**n) Legend of Abbreviations**

The following is a list of abbreviations (foreign currency translation and others) that may be used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

<i>Currency Abbreviations</i>	<i>Currency Name</i>	<i>Currency Abbreviations</i>	<i>Currency Name</i>
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	JPY	Japanese Yen
ARS	Argentine Peso	KES	Kenyan Shilling
AUD	Australian Dollar	KRW	South Korean Won
BRL	Brazilian Real	MAD	Morocco Dirham
CAD	Canadian Dollar	MXN	Mexican Peso
CHF	Swiss Franc	MYR	Malaysian Ringgit
CLP	Chilean Peso	NOK	Norwegian Krone
CNY	Chinese Renminbi	NZD	New Zealand Dollar
COP	Colombian Peso	PHP	Philippine Peso
CZK	Czech Koruna	PLN	Polish Zloty
DKK	Danish Krone	RON	Romanian Leu
EGP	Egyptian Pound	RUB	Russian Ruble
EUR	Euro	SEK	Swedish Krona
GBP	British Pound	SGD	Singapore Dollar
GEL	Georgian Lari	THB	Thai Baht
HKD	Hong Kong Dollar	TRY	New Turkish Lira
HUF	Hungarian Forint	TWD	Taiwan Dollar
IDR	Indonesian Rupiah	USD	United States Dollar
ILS	Israeli Shekel	ZAR	South African Rand
INR	Indian Rupee		

<i>Other Abbreviations</i>	<i>Description</i>
ADR	American Depositary Receipt
CVO	Contingent Value Obligations
ELN	Equity Linked Note
ETF	Exchange-Traded Fund
GDR	Global Depositary Receipt Securities
NVDR	Non-Voting Depositary Receipt

**o) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit**

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class is calculated by dividing the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (excluding distributions), as reported on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, by the weighted average number of units in issue during the related period.

**p) Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective**

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective as of December 31, 2024 and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements.

i) *Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments* (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)

In May 2024, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7. Among other amendments, IASB clarified that a financial liability is derecognized on the 'settlement date' and introduced an accounting policy choice to derecognize financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment system before the settlement date. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026, with early adoption permitted.

ii) *IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements*

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. It introduces several new requirements that are expected to impact the presentation and disclosure of the financial statements. These include:

- The requirement to classify all income and expense into specified categories and provide specified totals and subtotals in the statement of profit or loss.
- Enhanced guidance on the aggregation, location and labeling of items across the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.
- Required disclosures about management-defined performance measures.

IFRS 18 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted.

The Pools are currently assessing the effect of the above standard and amendments. No other new standards, amendments and interpretations are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Pools.

**3. Valuation of Investments**

The valuation date (*Valuation Date*) for a Fund is any day when the Manager's head office is open for business. The Manager may, at its discretion, establish other Valuation Dates. The fair value of the investments or assets of a Fund is determined as follows:

## Notes to Financial Statements

### a) Cash and Other Assets

Cash, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, distributions receivable, and interest receivable are valued at fair value or at their recorded cost, plus or minus any foreign exchange between recognition of the asset by the Fund and the current Valuation Date, which approximates fair value.

### b) Bonds, Debentures, and Other Debt Obligations

Bonds, debentures, and other debt obligations are fair valued using the last traded price provided by a recognized vendor upon the close of trading on a Valuation Date, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. If the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread, then the Manager will determine the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

### c) Listed Securities, Unlisted Securities, and Fair Value Pricing of Foreign Securities

Any security that is listed or traded on a securities exchange is fair valued using the last traded price, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread or, if there is no traded price on that exchange or the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread and in the case of securities traded on an OTC market, at the fair value as determined by the Manager as an appropriate basis for valuation. In such situations, a fair value will be determined by the Manager to establish current value. If any securities are inter-listed or traded on more than one exchange or market, the Manager will use the principal exchange or market for the fair value of such securities.

Units of each mutual fund in which a Fund invests will be valued at fair value using the most recent net asset value quoted by the Trustee or Manager of the mutual fund on the Valuation Date.

Unlisted securities are fair valued using the last traded price quoted by a recognized dealer, or the Manager may determine a price that more accurately reflects the fair value of these securities if the Manager feels the last traded price does not reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is designed to avoid stale prices and to provide a more accurate net asset value, and may assist in the deterrence of harmful short-term or excessive trading in the Fund. When securities listed or traded on markets or exchanges that close prior to North or South American markets or exchanges are valued by the Manager at their fair market value, instead of using quoted or published prices, the prices of such securities used to calculate the Fund's net assets or net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices of such securities.

### d) Derivatives

Long positions in options, debt-like securities, and listed warrants are valued at fair value using the last traded price as established on either their principal trading exchange or by a recognized dealer in such securities, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread and the credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

When any option is written by any Fund, the premium received by the Fund will be reflected as a liability that will be valued at an amount equal to the current fair value of the option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment; the liability shall be deducted in arriving at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Fund. The securities that are the subject of a written option, if any, will be valued in the manner described above for listed securities.

Futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps will be valued at fair value of the gain or loss, if any, that would be realized on the Valuation Date if the position in the futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps were to be closed out.

Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts and forward contracts will be reflected as an account receivable and margin consisting of assets other than cash will be noted as held as collateral. Other derivatives and margin are fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

### e) Restricted Securities

Restricted securities purchased by any Fund will be fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

### f) Other Investments

All other investments of the Funds will be fair valued in accordance with the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, where applicable.

The value of any security or other property of a Fund for which a market quotation is not readily available or where the market quotations do not properly reflect the fair value of such securities will be determined by the Manager by valuing the securities at their fair value. In such situations, fair value will be determined using the fair valuation technique that most accurately reflects the fair value as established by the Manager.

## 4. Interests in Underlying Funds

The Funds may invest in other investment funds (*Underlying Funds*). Each Underlying Fund invests in a portfolio of assets to generate returns in the form of investment income and capital appreciation for its unitholders. Each Underlying Fund finances its operations primarily through the issuance of redeemable units, which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitle the unitholder to a proportionate share of the Underlying Fund's net assets. The Fund's interests in Underlying Funds held in the form of redeemable units, are reported in its Schedule of Investments at fair value, which represents the Funds' maximum exposure on those investments. The Funds' interests in Underlying Funds as at the prior year period ends are presented in the "Financial Instruments Risk" section under sub-section "Credit Risk" in the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*. Distributions earned from Underlying Funds are included in "Investment Income" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The total realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) arising from Underlying Funds are also included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The Funds do not provide any additional significant financial or other support to Underlying Funds.

Where applicable, the table "Interests in Underlying Funds" presented as part of the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*, provides additional information on the Funds' investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each Underlying Fund.

## 5. Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding

Each Fund is permitted to have an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The outstanding units represent the capital of a Fund. Each unit has no par value and the value of each unit is the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit next determined. Settlement of the cost for units issued is completed as per security regulations in place at the time of issue. Distributions made by a Fund and reinvested by unitholders in additional units also constitute issued redeemable units of a Fund.

Units are redeemed at the net assets attributable to holders of a redeemable unit per unit of a Fund. A right to redeem units of a Fund may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities or when normal trading is suspended on a stock, options, or futures exchange within Canada or outside of Canada on which securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the value or underlying exposure of the total assets of a Fund, not including any liabilities of a Fund, are traded and when those securities or derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for a Fund. The Fund is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital received by a Fund is utilized within the respective investment mandate of the Fund. This includes the ability to make liquidity available to satisfy unitholder unit redemption requirements upon the unitholder's request.

Changes in issued and outstanding units for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 can be found on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

## 6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Management fees are based on the net asset value of the Funds and are calculated daily. Management fees are paid to the Manager in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. The maximum annual management fee expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value that can be charged by a Fund is reported in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In addition to the payment of the management fee and, unless absorbed or reimbursed by the Manager, the only expenses payable by each of the Pools are the fees, costs and expenses associated with borrowing and interest; fees and expenses of the IRC or members of the IRC; any new types of costs, expenses or fees arising from new governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after March 25, 2024; any fees, costs and expenses associated with litigation or brought to pursue rights on behalf of the Funds; any sales taxes (including GST/HST) on those expenses and any income taxes, withholding or other taxes.

The Manager may decide, in its discretion, to pay for some of these operating expenses otherwise payable by a Fund, rather than having the Fund incur such expenses. The decision to pay for these operating expenses is at the Manager's discretion and may continue indefinitely or may be terminated at any time without notice to unitholders.

The Manager may recover less than the actual operating expenses paid by the Manager, resulting in the Manager absorbing expenses. The Manager may also charge to a Fund less than the maximum management fee in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, resulting in the Manager waiving management fees.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may stop absorbing operating expenses and/or waiving management fees at any time. Operating expenses absorbed and/or management fees waived by the Manager are disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In some cases, the Manager may charge management fees to a Fund that are less than the management fees the Manager is entitled to charge in respect of certain investors in a Fund. The difference in the amount of the management fees will be paid out by the Fund to the applicable investors as a distribution of additional units of the Fund (*Management Fee Distributions*). Management Fee Distributions are negotiable between the Manager and the investor and are dependent primarily on the size of the investor's investment in the Fund. Management Fee Distributions paid to qualified investors do not adversely impact the Fund or any of the Fund's other investors. The Manager may increase or decrease the amount of Management Fee Distributions to certain investors from time to time.

Where a Fund invests in units of an Underlying Fund, the Fund does not pay duplicate management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in units of the Underlying Fund. In addition, the Fund will not pay duplicate sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of units of the Underlying Fund. Some of the Underlying Funds held by the Funds may offer Management Fee Distributions. Such Management Fee Distributions of an Underlying Fund will be paid out as required for taxable distribution payments by a Fund. The manager of an Underlying Fund may, in some cases, waive a portion of an Underlying Fund's management fee and/or absorb a portion of an Underlying Fund's operating expenses.

### 7. Income Taxes and Withholding Taxes

The Funds qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). No income tax is payable by the Funds on net income and/or net realized capital gains that are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on undistributed net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the Funds are redeemed. Sufficient net income and realized capital gains of the Funds have been, or will be, distributed to the unitholders such that no tax is payable by the Funds and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. Occasionally, a Fund may pay distributions in excess of the net income and net realized capital gains of the Fund. This excess distribution is called a return of capital and is non-taxable to the unitholder. However, a return of capital reduces the average cost of the unitholder's units for tax purposes, which may result in a capital gain to the unitholder to the extent the average cost becomes less than zero.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for 20 years.

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Where applicable, a Fund's net capital and non-capital losses are reported in footnote *Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses* on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

The Funds have a taxation year-end of December 15 (except Imperial Money Market Pool, which has a taxation year-end of December 31).

The Funds currently incur withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

#### *Tax Provision for Indian Securities*

The Pools, may invest in securities that are listed on a recognized stock exchange in India and as a foreign portfolio investor in India, those Pools would be subject to local tax on capital gains realized on the sale of those Indian securities. Accordingly, the Pools, accrue for such local taxes on the net unrealized gain on such Indian securities with the amount reflected in "Provision for withholding taxes" in the Statements of Financial Position and "Withholding taxes" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### 8. Brokerage Commissions and Fees

The total commissions paid by the Funds to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund where applicable. In allocating brokerage business to a dealer, consideration may be given by the portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors of the Funds to the provision of goods and services by the dealer or a third party, other than order execution (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor and the portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Funds or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Funds. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Funds to brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Fund. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the applicable Fund.

Fixed income and certain other securities are transacted in an OTC market, where participants are dealing as principals. Such securities are generally traded on a net basis and do not normally involve brokerage commissions, but will typically include a "spread" (being the difference between the bid and the offer prices on the security of the applicable marketplace).

Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading and certain other securities are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the dollar amounts. In addition, the soft dollar amounts only include the value of research and other services supplied by a third party to CIBC Asset Management Inc. (*CAMI* or the *Portfolio Advisor*) and any portfolio sub-advisors, as the value of the services supplied to the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors by the dealer is not ascertainable. When these services benefit more than one Fund, the costs are allocated among the Funds based on transaction activity or some other fair basis as determined by the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors.

### 9. Related Party Transactions

CIBC and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Funds and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities. The Funds may hold securities of CIBC. CIBC and its affiliates may also be involved in underwriting or lending to issuers of securities that may be held by the Funds, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds while acting as principal, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds on behalf of another investment fund managed by CIBC or an affiliate, and also may have been involved as a counterparty to derivative transactions. Management fees payable and other accrued expenses on the Statements of Financial Position are amounts generally payable to a related party of the Fund.

#### *Manager, Trustee, Portfolio Advisor, and certain Portfolio Sub-Advisors of the Funds*

CIBC is the Manager, CIBC Trust Corporation is the Trustee, and CAMI is the Portfolio Advisor of each of the Funds.

The Manager also arranges for fund administrative services (other than advertising and promotional, which are the responsibility of the Manager), legal, investor servicing, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. The Manager is the registrar and transfer agent for the Funds and provides, or arranges for the provision of, all other administrative services required by the Funds.

#### *Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars*

The Portfolio Advisor generally delegates trading and execution authority to the portfolio sub-advisors. Where applicable, disclosure of the amounts of soft dollars can be found in the *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* schedule on the Statements of Comprehensive Income for each Fund.

The Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio securities, certain derivative products and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors to CIBC World Markets Inc. and or CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. The total commissions paid to related brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund.

## Notes to Financial Statements

CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income and other securities, and certain derivative products to the Funds. Dealers, including CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors that process trades through them. These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Fund or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Fund. As per terms of the portfolio advisory and sub-advisory agreements, such soft dollar arrangements are in compliance with applicable laws. Custodial fees directly related to portfolio transactions incurred by a Fund, otherwise payable by the Fund, shall be paid by CAMI, and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI, up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Fund, or a portion of the Fund, during that month. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Fund to related brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Funds. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the relevant Fund.

### *Custodian*

The custodian holds all cash and securities for the Funds and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the custodian might be holding. The custodian also provides other services to the Funds including record keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the custodian of the Funds (the *Custodian*). The Custodian may hire sub-custodians for the Funds. The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions by a Fund, or a portion of a Fund, are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Funds during that month. All other fees for the services of the Custodian are paid by the Manager. CIBC owns a 50% interest in the Custodian.

### *Service Provider*

The custodian also provides certain services to the Funds, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. Such servicing fees are paid by the Manager.

The dollar amount paid by the Funds (including all applicable taxes) to the custodian for securities lending for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is reported in footnote *Service Provider* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

## 10. Hedging

Certain foreign-currency denominated positions have been hedged, or partially hedged, by forward foreign currency contracts as part of the investment strategies of certain Funds. These hedges are indicated by a hedging reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and a corresponding hedging reference number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities Forward Foreign Currency Contracts for those Funds.

## 11. Collateral on Specified Derivatives

Short-term investments may be used as collateral for futures contracts outstanding with brokers.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of

Imperial Money Market Pool  
Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool  
Imperial Canadian Bond Pool  
Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool  
Imperial International Bond Pool  
Imperial Equity High Income Pool  
Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool  
Imperial Global Equity Income Pool

Imperial Canadian Equity Pool  
Imperial U.S. Equity Pool  
Imperial International Equity Pool  
Imperial Overseas Equity Pool  
Imperial Emerging Economies Pool  
Conservative Income Portfolio  
Balanced Income Portfolio  
Enhanced Income Portfolio

(collectively, the "Funds")

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Funds, which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units and statements of cash flows for the periods then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Funds as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and their financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ["IFRSs"].

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Fund Performance of the Funds prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing each Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Funds' financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



## ***INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT***

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

*Ernst & Young LLP*

Chartered Professional Accountants  
Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Canada  
March 21, 2025



**Imperial Pools  
Income Generation Portfolios**

**CIBC**  
1-888-357-8777  
[www.cibc.com/mutualfunds](http://www.cibc.com/mutualfunds)  
[info@cibcassetmanagement.com](mailto:info@cibcassetmanagement.com)

CIBC Square  
81 Bay Street, 20th Floor  
Toronto, Ontario  
M5J 0E7