



# Imperial Equity High Income Pool

## Interim Financial Reports (unaudited)

for the period ended June 30, 2017

### Statements of Financial Position (unaudited) (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

As at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (note 1)

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Investments (non-derivative financial assets) † (notes 2 and 3)	\$ 1,055,184	\$ 982,871
Cash including foreign currency holdings, at fair value	284	995
Dividends receivable	3,566	3,671
Receivable for portfolio securities sold	25,750	—
Receivable for units issued	936	—
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>1,085,720</b>	<b>987,537</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Payable for portfolio securities purchased	66,651	—
Payable for units redeemed	405	—
Distributions payable to holders of redeemable units	605	—
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>67,661</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b> (note 5)	<b>\$ 1,018,059</b>	<b>\$ 987,537</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class</b>		
Class A	\$ 1,018,059	\$ 987,537
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit</b> (note 5)		
Class A	\$ 13.66	\$ 14.22

### † Securities Lending

The tables that follow indicate the Pool had assets involved in securities lending transactions outstanding as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

	Aggregate Value of Securities on Loan (\$000s)	Aggregate Value of Collateral for Loan (\$000s)
June 30, 2017	60,231	63,264
December 31, 2016	56,485	59,367

### Collateral Type\* (\$000s)

	i	ii	iii	iv
June 30, 2017	—	63,264	—	—
December 31, 2016	—	59,367	—	—

\* See note 2j for Collateral Type definitions.

### Organization of the Fund (note 1)

The Pool was established on February 1, 1991 (*Date Established*).

	Inception Date
Class A	November 24, 2003

# Imperial Equity High Income Pool

## Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited) (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

For the periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (note 1)

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
<b>Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments</b>		
Interest for distribution purposes	\$ 3,269	\$ 3,956
Dividend revenue	14,510	13,478
Other changes in fair value of investments and derivatives		
Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives	89,403	(3,056)
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency (notes 2f and g)	3	2
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	(112,319)	86,178
<b>Net Gain (loss) on Financial Instruments ±</b>	<b>(5,134)</b>	<b>100,558</b>
<b>Other Income</b>		
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash	(4)	(5)
Securities lending revenue ±±	77	91
	73	86
<b>Expenses (note 6)</b>		
Management fees +++)	1,393	1,159
Audit fees	8	5
Custodial fees	20	19
Independent review committee fees	1	1
Legal fees	3	4
Regulatory fees	21	20
Transaction costs +++)	544	14
Unitholder reporting costs	198	206
Withholding taxes (note 7)	31	33
Other expenses	4	4
	2,223	1,465
Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager	(798)	(712)
	1,425	753
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)</b>	<b>(6,486)</b>	<b>99,891</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions)</b>		
Class A	\$ (6,486)	\$ 99,891
<b>Average Number of Units Outstanding for the period per Class</b>		
Class A	71,993	65,440
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions)</b>		
Class A	\$ (0.09)	\$ 1.53

## ± Net Gain (Loss) on Financial Instruments (in 000s)

	Net gains (losses)	
Category	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
<b>Financial assets at FVTPL</b>		
Held for Trading	\$ 1	\$ 3
Designated at Inception	(5,135)	100,555
<b>Total financial assets at FVTPL</b>	<b>\$ (5,134)</b>	<b>\$ 100,558</b>

## ±± Securities Lending Revenue (note 2j)

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
	(in 000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue	(in 000s)	% of Gross securities lending revenue
Gross securities lending revenue	\$ 110	100.0	\$ 142	100.0
Interest paid on collateral	—	—	12	8.4
Withholding taxes	—	—	—	—
Agent fees - Bank of New York Mellon Corp. (The)	33	30.0	39	27.5
<b>Securities lending revenue</b>	<b>\$ 77</b>	<b>70.0</b>	<b>\$ 91</b>	<b>64.1</b>

## +++ Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates (note 6)

Class A	0.25%
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## ++++ Brokerage Commissions and Fees (notes 8 and 9)

	2017	2016
<b>Brokerage commissions and other fees (\$000s)</b>		
Total Paid	544	14
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc.	114	—
Paid to CIBC World Markets Corp.	—	—
<b>Soft dollars (\$000s)</b>		
Total Paid	340	8
Paid to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp.	69	—

## Service Provider (note 9)

The amounts paid by the Pool (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees, and to CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (*CIBC GSS*) for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (all net of absorptions) for the periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	2017	2016
(\$000s)	33	39

*Imperial Equity High Income Pool*

**Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (unaudited)  
(in 000s)**

For the periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (note 1)

	<b>Class A Units</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	<b>June 30, 2016</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)</b>	<b>\$ (6,486)</b>	<b>\$ 99,891</b>
<b>Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units ‡</b>		
From net investment income	(34,654)	(31,403)
	<b>(34,654)</b>	<b>(31,403)</b>
<b>Redeemable Unit Transactions</b>		
Amount received from the issuance of units	108,019	83,760
Amount received from reinvestment of distributions	31,140	28,108
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(67,497)	(80,704)
	<b>71,662</b>	<b>31,164</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b>	<b>30,522</b>	<b>99,652</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period</b>	<b>987,537</b>	<b>811,068</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 1,018,059</b>	<b>\$ 910,720</b>

**Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding (note 5)**

As at June 30, 2017 and 2016

Balance - beginning of period	<b>69,445</b>	64,854
Redeemable units issued	<b>7,613</b>	6,505
Redeemable units issued on reinvestments	<b>2,219</b>	2,148
	<b>79,277</b>	73,507
Redeemable units redeemed	<b>(4,763)</b>	(6,342)
Balance - end of period	<b>74,514</b>	67,165

**‡ Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses (note 7)**

As at December 2016, the Pool had non-capital and capital losses (in \$000s) for income tax purposes available to be carried forward as follows:

<b>Total Non-Capital Losses that Expire in:</b>	<b>2026 to 2036</b>
<b>Total Net Capital Losses</b>	<b>88,944</b>
	<b>—</b>

# Imperial Equity High Income Pool

## Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) (in 000s)

For the periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (note 1)

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>				
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations (excluding distributions)	\$	(6,486)	\$	99,891
Adjustments for:				
Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash		4		5
Net realized (gain) loss on sale of investments and derivatives		(89,403)		3,056
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives		112,319		(86,178)
Purchase of investments		(957,651)		(140,554)
Proceeds from the sale of investments		903,323		123,575
Interest receivable		—		1
Dividends receivable		105		322
		(37,789)		118
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>				
Amount received from the issuance of units		107,083		83,472
Amount paid on redemptions of units		(67,092)		(81,078)
Distributions paid to unitholders		(2,909)		(2,730)
		37,082		(336)
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Cash during the Period</b>		(707)		(218)
<b>Foreign exchange loss (gain) on cash</b>		(4)		(5)
<b>Cash (Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of Period</b>		995		643
<b>Cash (Bank Overdraft) at End of Period</b>	\$	284	\$	420
Interest received	\$	3,269	\$	3,957
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	\$	14,584	\$	13,767

# Imperial Equity High Income Pool

## Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited) As at June 30, 2017

Security	Number of Shares	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
<b>CANADIAN EQUITIES</b>				
<b>Consumer Discretionary</b>				
Cineplex Inc.	264,830	5,406	13,999	
Gildan Activewear Inc.	314,020	12,971	12,513	
Quebecor Inc., Class 'B'	140,350	5,970	6,024	
Shaw Communications Inc., Class 'B'	440,190	13,311	12,453	
		37,658	44,989	4.4%
<b>Consumer Staples</b>				
Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc., Class 'B'	325,480	20,457	20,232	
Loblaws Cos. Ltd.	281,400	20,547	20,300	
North West Co. Inc. (The)	723,820	10,431	22,627	
Saputo Inc.	241,940	10,186	9,980	
		61,621	73,139	7.2%
<b>Energy</b>				
ARC Resources Ltd.	863,756	19,202	14,649	
Canadian Natural Resources Ltd.	910,180	34,294	34,059	
Enbridge Inc.	713,609	31,845	36,865	
Inter Pipeline Ltd.	502,457	12,486	12,762	
Pembina Pipeline Corp.	658,918	18,267	28,301	
Suncor Energy Inc.	872,336	44,068	33,053	
Tourmaline Oil Corp.	500,090	13,253	13,943	
TransCanada Corp.	204,050	9,694	12,614	
Vermilion Energy Inc.	87,388	3,817	3,595	
		186,926	189,841	18.6%
<b>Financials</b>				
Bank of Nova Scotia	459,699	29,670	35,861	
Brookfield Asset Management Inc., Class 'A'	715,800	36,906	36,427	
Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	288,214	22,723	30,375	
Fairfax Financial Holdings Ltd.	32,160	17,942	18,074	
Genworth MI Canada Inc.	155,870	5,677	5,561	
Great-West Lifeco Inc.	416,900	14,423	14,654	
Industrial Alliance Insurance and Financial Services Inc.	179,820	9,731	10,117	
Laurentian Bank of Canada	59,150	3,197	3,204	
Royal Bank of Canada	381,180	23,696	35,892	
Thomson Reuters Corp.	217,820	13,379	13,078	
Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	275,267	10,705	17,989	
		188,049	221,232	21.7%
<b>Industrials</b>				
Canadian National Railway Co.	231,550	24,720	24,364	
Toromont Industries Ltd.	265,130	12,527	12,657	
Waste Connections Inc.	117,660	10,120	9,828	
WSP Global Inc.	123,580	6,647	6,650	
		54,014	53,499	5.3%
<b>Information Technology</b>				
CGI Group Inc., Class 'A'	199,500	13,522	13,219	
Open Text Corp.	311,460	12,810	12,748	
		26,332	25,967	2.5%
<b>Materials</b>				
Agnico Eagle Mines Ltd.	167,690	10,450	9,807	
Chemtrade Logistics Income Fund	428,610	7,852	7,796	
Franco-Nevada Corp.	106,450	10,360	9,961	
		28,662	27,564	2.7%
<b>Real Estate</b>				
Boardwalk REIT	663,660	28,489	31,557	
Canadian Apartment Properties REIT	1,944,213	25,833	65,267	
CREIT	1,230,951	41,825	56,464	
Granite REIT, Stapled Units	1,189,832	46,829	61,026	
H&R REIT	1,854,848	21,092	40,844	
RioCan REIT	1,562,810	29,944	37,617	
		194,012	292,775	28.8%
<b>Telecommunication Services</b>				
BCE Inc.	82,093	4,132	4,794	
Rogers Communications Inc., Class 'B'	287,600	18,050	17,616	
TELUS Corp.	338,860	9,302	15,171	
		31,484	37,581	3.7%
<b>Utilities</b>				
Brookfield Renewable Partners L.P.	232,640	4,768	9,620	
Emera Inc.	209,778	9,213	10,113	
		13,981	19,733	1.9%
<b>TOTAL CANADIAN EQUITIES</b>		<b>822,739</b>	<b>986,320</b>	<b>96.8%</b>
<b>TOTAL EQUITIES</b>		<b>822,739</b>	<b>986,320</b>	<b>96.8%</b>
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS BEFORE SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>		<b>822,739</b>	<b>986,320</b>	<b>96.8%</b>

# Imperial Equity High Income Pool

## Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited) As at June 30, 2017 (cont'd)

Security	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Additional Details	Par Value	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
<b>SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>							
Government of Canada	0.56%	2017/07/13	Treasury Bill	4,900,000	4,892	4,899	
Government of Canada	0.55%	2017/07/27	Treasury Bill	13,750,000	13,730	13,745	
Government of Canada	0.52%	2017/08/10	Treasury Bill	825,000	824	825	
Government of Canada	0.52%	2017/08/24	Treasury Bill	16,450,000	16,427	16,437	
Government of Canada	0.53%	2017/09/07	Treasury Bill	5,675,000	5,667	5,669	
Government of Canada	0.54%	2017/09/21	Treasury Bill	8,900,000	8,887	8,889	
Royal Bank of Canada	0.45%	2017/07/04	Term Deposit	18,400,000	18,400	18,400	
<b>TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>					<b>68,827</b>	<b>68,864</b>	<b>6.8%</b>
Less: Transaction costs included in average cost					(545)		
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS</b>					<b>891,021</b>	<b>1,055,184</b>	<b>103.6%</b>
Other Assets, less Liabilities						(37,125)	(3.6)%
<b>TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS</b>						<b>1,018,059</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## *Imperial Equity High Income Pool*

### **Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited)**

#### **Offsetting Arrangements** (note 2d)

The Pool may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statements of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts.

As at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Pool did not enter into any arrangements whereby the financial instruments were eligible for offset.

#### **Interests in Underlying Funds** (note 4)

As at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Pool had no investments in underlying funds where the ownership exceeded 20% of each underlying fund.

## Imperial Equity High Income Pool

### Financial Instrument Risks

Investment Objective: Imperial Equity High Income Pool (the *Pool*) seeks to generate a high level of current cash flow by investing primarily in income producing securities including Canadian income trusts, preferred shares, common shares, and fixed income securities.

Investment Strategies: The Pool invests primarily in securities that can provide a consistent long-term income stream and capital preservation while considering tax effectiveness.

Significant risks that are relevant to the Pool are discussed here. General information on risk management and specific discussion on concentration, credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, and other price/market risk can be found in note 2 of the financial statements.

In the following risk tables, Net Assets is defined as meaning "Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units".

#### Concentration Risk as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio presents the securities held by the Pool as at June 30, 2017.

The following table presents the investment sectors held by the Pool as at December 31, 2016 and groups the securities by asset type, industry sector, geographic region, or currency exposure:

As at December 31, 2016

Portfolio Breakdown	% of Net Assets
<b>Canadian Equities</b>	
Consumer Discretionary	3.5
Consumer Staples	2.0
Energy	23.8
Financials	27.5
Industrials	0.7
Information Technology	1.6
Materials	2.5
Real Estate	28.4
Telecommunication Services	5.5
Utilities	1.5
<b>Short-Term Investments</b>	2.5
<b>Other Assets, less Liabilities</b>	0.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>

#### Credit Risk

Credit ratings represent a consolidation of the ratings provided by various outside service providers and are subject to change, which could be material.

See the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for counterparties related to over-the-counter derivative contracts, where applicable.

As at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Pool invested in debt securities with the following credit ratings:

	% of Net Assets	
Debt Securities by Credit Rating (note 2b)	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
'AAA'	5.0	2.5
'AA'	1.8	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>2.5</b>

#### Currency Risk

The tables that follow indicate the currencies to which the Pool had significant exposure as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, based on the market value of the Pool's financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) and the underlying principal amounts of forward foreign currency contracts, as applicable.

As at June 30, 2017

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
USD	184	—
GBP	2	—

\* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

As at December 31, 2016

Currency (note 2m)	Total Currency Exposure* (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
USD	306	—
GBP	2	—

\* Amounts reflect the carrying value of monetary and non-monetary items (including the notional amount of forward foreign currency contracts, if any).

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 would have decreased or increased had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 1% in relation to all foreign currencies. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, the actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
<b>Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>

#### Interest Rate Risk

As at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the majority of the Pool's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing and short-term in nature; accordingly, the Pool is not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Pool will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Pool is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Pool maintains sufficient cash on hand to fund anticipated redemptions.

With the exception of derivative contracts, where applicable, all of the Pool's financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the period end.

For pools that hold derivative contracts with a term-to-maturity that exceeds 90 days from the period end, further information related to those contracts can be referenced in the derivative schedules following the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

#### Other Price/Market Risk

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 would have increased or decreased had the value of the Pool's benchmark(s) increased or decreased by 1%. This change is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of Class A units of the Pool as compared to the return of the Pool's benchmark(s), using 36 monthly data points, as available, based on the monthly net returns of the Pool. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of the future correlation and, accordingly, the impact on net assets could be materially different.

	Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	
Benchmark	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index	8,580	8,435
70% S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index	9,028	8,946
30% S&P/TSX Capped REIT Index		

#### Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 in valuing the Pool's financial assets and financial liabilities, carried at fair value:

As at June 30, 2017

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Short-Term Investments	—	68,864	—	68,864
Equities	986,320	—	—	986,320
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>986,320</b>	<b>68,864</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,055,184</b>

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs



## Imperial Equity High Income Pool

As at December 31, 2016

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Short-Term Investments	—	24,484	—	24,484
Equities	958,387	—	—	958,387
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>958,387</b>	<b>24,484</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>982,871</b>

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

### Transfer of assets between Level 1 and Level 2

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 are the result of securities no longer being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 1 to Level 2.

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 are the result of securities now being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 2 to Level 1.

### Reconciliation of financial asset and liability movement – Level 3

The Pool did not hold any significant positions of Level 3 investments at the beginning of, during, or at the end of either reporting period.

# Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

As at and for the periods as disclosed in the financial statements (note 1)

## 1. Organization of the Funds and Financial Reporting Periods

The Imperial Pools consist of Imperial Money Market Pool, Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Imperial Canadian Diversified Income Pool, Imperial International Bond Pool, Imperial Equity High Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Imperial Canadian Equity Pool, Imperial U.S. Equity Pool, Imperial International Equity Pool, Imperial Overseas Equity Pool, and Imperial Emerging Economies Pool (individually, a *Pool*, and collectively, the *Pools*).

The Income Generation Portfolios consist of Conservative Income Portfolio, Balanced Income Portfolio and Enhanced Income Portfolio (individually, a *Portfolio*, and collectively, the *Portfolios*).

Each of the Imperial Pools and Income Generation Portfolios (individually, a *Fund*, and collectively, the *Funds*) is a mutual fund trust organized under the laws of Ontario and governed by a declaration of trust (*Declaration of Trust*). The address of the Funds' registered office is 18 York Street, Suite 1300, Toronto, Ontario.

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (*CIBC*) is the manager (the *Manager*) of the Funds and CIBC Trust Corporation is the trustee (the *Trustee*) of the Funds. Each Fund may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units of each class. As at the date of these financial statements, each of the Pools offer Class A units for sale, Conservative Income Portfolio offers Class T3 and Class T4 units, Balanced Income Portfolio offers Class T4 and Class T5 units, and Enhanced Income Portfolio offers Class T5 and Class T6 units for sale.

The date upon which each Fund was established by Declaration of Trust (*Date Established*) and the date upon which units of each Fund was first sold to the public (*Inception Date*) are reported in footnote *Organization of the Fund* on the Statements of Financial Position.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio of each Fund is as at June 30, 2017. The Statements of Financial Position of each of the Funds are as at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units, and Statements of Cash Flows of each of the Funds are for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, except for Funds established during either year, in which case the information presented is from the Date Established or the Inception Date to June 30, 2017 or 2016.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on August 16, 2017.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards Interim Financial Reporting (*IAS 34*) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board (*IASB*).

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention. However, each Fund is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Funds' accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments and derivatives are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset Value for transactions with unitholders. In applying IFRS, these financial statements include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses during the reporting periods. However, existing circumstances and assumptions may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Funds. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional currency (unless otherwise noted).

### a) Financial Instruments

#### Classification and recognition of financial instruments

In accordance with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, financial assets and financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition into the following categories:

*Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)*

This category is sub-divided into:

- Financial instruments classified as Held For Trading: Financial assets and liabilities are classified as Held For Trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling and/or repurchasing in the near term, and are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price. Derivatives and securities sold short held by the Funds are classified as Held For Trading and do not meet the definition of effective hedging instruments as defined by IAS 39.
- Financial instruments designated as FVTPL through inception: All investments held by the Funds, excluding those classified as Held For Trading (discussed above), are designated as fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These financial assets are designated upon initial recognition on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets that are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with risk management and investment strategies of the Funds, as set out in the Funds' prospectus.

#### *Loans and receivables*

The Funds include in this category receivable balances relating to portfolio investments and other short-term receivables such as receivable for units issued.

#### *Other financial liabilities*

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those classified as fair value through profit or loss. The Funds include in this category amounts relating to payables for portfolio securities purchased and other accrued liabilities such as payable for units redeemed and distributions payable to holders of redeemable units.

All Funds have contractual obligations to distribute cash to the unitholders. As a result, each Fund's obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is presented at the redemption amount.

### b) Risk Management

The Funds' overall risk management approach includes formal guidelines that govern the extent of exposure to various types of risk, including diversification within asset classes and limits on the exposure to individual investments and counterparties. In addition, derivative financial instruments may be used to manage certain risk exposures. The Manager also has various internal controls to oversee the Funds' investment activities, including monitoring compliance with the investment objectives and strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations. Please refer to each Fund's *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio* for specific risk disclosures.

#### Fair value of financial instruments by using valuation techniques

Financial instruments are valued at their fair value which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Refer to note 3a to 3f for valuation of each specific type of financial instrument held by the Funds. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Funds use the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques.

The Funds classify fair value measurement within a hierarchy which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

If inputs are used to measure an asset's or liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Each Fund's fair value hierarchy classification of its assets and liabilities is included in the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*.

The carrying values of all non-investment assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, instruments are reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of a Fund, including the Level 3 measurements. The Manager obtains pricing from third-party pricing vendors and the pricing is reviewed daily. At each financial reporting date, the Manager reviews and approves all Level 3 fair value measurements. The Funds also have a Valuation Committee which meets quarterly to perform detailed reviews of the valuations of investments held by the Funds, which includes discussion on Level 3 measurements.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument, such as a fixed income security or a derivative contract, will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds. The value of fixed income securities and derivatives as presented on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the Funds. Certain Funds may invest in short-term fixed income securities issued or guaranteed primarily by the Government of Canada or any Canadian provincial government, obligations of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies, and commercial paper with approved credit ratings. The risk of default on these short-term fixed income securities is considered low and these securities primarily have credit ratings of 'A-1 (Low)' or higher (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global, or equivalent rating from another rating service).

The bond ratings noted in the Funds' 'Financial Instruments Risk' under sub-section 'Credit Risk' represent ratings collected and disseminated by recognized third party vendors. These ratings utilized by the Manager, while obtained from vendors skilled and recognized for bond rating services, may not be the same as those used directly by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors. Ratings used by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors could be higher or lower than those used for risk disclosure in the financial statements in compliance with their investment policy guidelines.

The Funds may engage in securities lending transactions. The credit risk related to securities lending transactions is limited by the fact that the value of cash or securities held as collateral by the Funds in connection with these transactions is at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. The collateral and loaned securities are marked to market on each business day. Further information regarding the collateral and securities on loan can be found in the footnotes to the Statements of Financial Position and in note 2j.

### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Mutual funds may invest in securities denominated or traded in currencies other than the funds' reporting currency.

### Interest rate risk

Prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. This risk is known as interest rate risk. Prices of longer-term fixed income securities will generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than would shorter-term securities. Due to the nature of short-term fixed income securities with a remaining term-to-maturity of less than one year, these investments are not generally exposed to a significant risk that their value will fluctuate in response to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

### Liquidity risk

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Generally, the Funds retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain adequate liquidity. However, liquidity risk also involves the ability to sell an asset for cash easily and at a fair price. Some securities are illiquid due to legal restrictions on their resale, the nature of the investment, or simply a lack of interested buyers for a particular security or security type. Certain securities may become less liquid due to changes in market conditions, such as interest rate changes or market volatility, which could impair the ability of a Fund to sell such securities quickly or at a fair price. Difficulty in selling securities could result in a loss or lower return for a Fund.

### Other price/market risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. Several factors can influence market trends, such as economic developments, changes in interest rates, political changes, and catastrophic events. All investments are exposed to other price/market risk.

### c) Investment Transactions, Income Recognition, and Recognition of Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

- i) Interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest received by the Fund accounted for on an accrual basis. The Funds do not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.
- ii) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.
- iii) Securities that are exchange-traded are recorded at fair value established by the last traded market price when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. Debt securities are recorded at fair value, established by the last traded price on the over-the-counter market (*OTC*) when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Unlisted securities are recorded at fair value using fair valuation techniques established by the Manager in establishing a fair value.
- iv) Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated using the average cost, excluding transaction costs, of the related investments.
- v) Other income is the sum of income, excluding transaction costs, other than that which is separately classified on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### d) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Where applicable, additional information can be found in the table *Offsetting Arrangements* as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio. This supplemental schedule discloses the OTC derivatives which are subject to offsetting.

### e) Portfolio Securities

The cost of securities of a Fund is determined in the following manner: securities are purchased and sold at a market-traded price to arrive at a value for the position traded. The total purchased value represents the total cost of the security to the Fund. When additional units of the same security are purchased, the cost of those additional units is added to the total security cost. When units of the same security are sold, the proportionate cost of the units of the security sold is deducted from the total security cost. If there is a return of capital paid by a security, the amount of this return of capital is deducted from the total security cost. This method of tracking security cost is known as "average cost" and the current total for any one security is referred to as the "adjusted cost base" or "ACB" of the security. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of investments and are recognized immediately in net income and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

The difference between the fair value of securities and their average cost, excluding transaction costs, represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of the portfolio investments. The applicable period change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments is included on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Short-term investments on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio are presented at their amortized cost which approximates the fair value. Accrued interest for bonds is disclosed separately on the Statements of Financial Position.

### f) Foreign Exchange

The value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the current rates prevailing on each valuation date (unless otherwise indicated).

Purchases and sales of investments, income, and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Funds' functional and presentation currency at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Foreign currency translation gains (losses) on investments and income transactions are included in Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

## Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

### g) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

The Funds may enter into forward foreign currency contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Changes in the fair value of forward foreign currency contracts are included in derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Statements of Financial Position and are recorded as an Increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives during the applicable period on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The gain or loss arising from the difference between the value of the original forward foreign currency contract and the value of such contract at close or delivery is realized and recorded as Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency for Pools that use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging or as Derivative income (loss) for Pools that do not use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging.

### h) Futures Contracts

The margin deposits with brokers relating to futures contracts are included in Margin on the Statements of Financial Position. Any change in the margin requirement is settled daily and included in Receivable for portfolio securities sold or Payable for portfolio securities purchased on the Statements of Financial Position.

Any difference between the settlement value at the close of business on each valuation date and the settlement value at the close of business on the previous valuation date is recorded as Derivative income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### i) Options

Premiums paid for purchased call and put options are included in derivative assets and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position. When a purchased option expires, the Fund will realize a loss in the amount of the cost of the option. For a closing transaction, the Fund will realize a gain or loss depending on whether the proceeds are greater or less than the premium paid at the time of purchase. When a purchased call option is exercised, the cost of the security purchased is increased by the premium paid at the time of purchase.

Premiums received from writing options are included in derivative liabilities and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position as initial reductions in the value of investments. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are recorded as realized gains and reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For a closing transaction, if the cost of closing the transaction exceeds the premium received, the Fund will record a realized loss or, if the premium received at the time the option was written is greater than the amount paid, the Fund will record a realized gain and is reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. If a written put option is exercised, the cost for the security delivered is reduced by the premiums received at the time the option was written.

### j) Securities Lending

A Fund may lend portfolio securities in order to earn additional revenue, which is disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The loaned assets of any one Fund are not permitted to exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of that Fund (excluding collateral debt for the loaned securities). The minimum allowable collateral is 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities as per the requirements of National Instrument 81-102 – *Investment Funds*. Collateral can consist of the following:

- i) Cash.
- ii) Qualified securities.
- iii) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by a Canadian financial institution that is not the counterparty, or an affiliate counterparty, of the pool in the transaction, if evidences of indebtedness of the Canadian financial institution that are rated as short-term debt by an approved credit rating organization have an approved credit rating.
- iv) Securities that are immediately convertible into securities of the same issuer, class, or type, and the same term, as the securities loaned.

The fair value of the loaned securities is determined on the close of any valuation date and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Pool on the next business day. The securities on loan continue to be included on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio, and are included in the total value on the Statements of Financial Position in Investments (non-derivative financial assets) at fair value. Where applicable, a Fund's securities lending transactions are reported in footnote *Securities Lending* on the Statements of Financial Position.

Changes to National Instrument 81-106 – *Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure* took effect for Funds with a financial year beginning on or after January 1, 2016. Those changes now require a reconciliation of the gross amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the Funds to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gross amount generated from securities lending includes interest paid on collateral, withholding taxes deducted, the fees paid to the Funds' lending agent and the securities lending revenue received by the Funds. Where applicable, the reconciliation can be found in the footnotes to the Funds' Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### k) Multi-Class Structured Funds

The realized and unrealized capital gains or losses, income, and common expenses (other than class-specific operating expenses and management fees) of the Fund are allocated on each valuation date to the unitholders in proportion to the respective prior day's net asset value, which includes unitholder trades dated for that day, of each class of units at the date on which the allocation is made. All class-specific operating expenses and management fees do not require allocation. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and are collected from the Funds on a recoverable basis.

### l) Loans and Receivables, Other Assets and Liabilities

Loans and Receivables, other assets and liabilities (other than those classified as FVTPL) are recorded at cost, which approximates their fair value, with the exception of Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units which are presented at the redemption value.

### m) Legend of Abbreviations

The following is a list of abbreviations (foreign currency translation and others) that may be used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

#### Currency Abbreviations

ARS	– Argentine Peso	JPY	– Japanese Yen
AUD	– Australian Dollar	KES	– Kenyan Shilling
BRL	– Brazilian Real	KRW	– South Korean Won
CAD	– Canadian Dollar	MAD	– Morocco Dirham
CHF	– Swiss Franc	MXN	– Mexican Peso
CLP	– Chilean Peso	MYR	– Malaysian Ringgit
CNY	– Chinese Renminbi	NOK	– Norwegian Krone
COP	– Colombian Peso	NZD	– New Zealand Dollar
CZK	– Czech Koruna	PHP	– Philippine Peso
DKK	– Danish Krone	PLN	– Polish Zloty
EGP	– Egyptian Pound	RUB	– Russian Ruble
EUR	– Euro	SEK	– Swedish Krona
GBP	– British Pound	SGD	– Singapore Dollar
HKD	– Hong Kong Dollar	THB	– Thai Baht
HUF	– Hungarian Forint	TRY	– New Turkish Lira

IDR	– Indonesian Rupiah	TWD	– Taiwan Dollar
ILS	– Israeli Shekel	USD	– United States Dollar
INR	– Indian Rupee	ZAR	– South African Rand

*Other Abbreviations*

ADR	– American Depositary Receipt
CVO	– Contingent Value Obligations
ETF	– Exchange-Traded Fund
GDR	– Global Depositary Receipt Securities
NVDR	– Non-Voting Depositary Receipt

**n) Standards Issued but not yet Effective**

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Funds' financial statements are listed below. The Funds intend to adopt applicable standards when they become effective.

*IFRS 9, Financial Instruments - Classification and Measurement*

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early application permitted. The Manager has reviewed the requirements for transition to IFRS 9 and there are no material impacts anticipated for the Funds.

**o) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit**

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class is calculated by dividing the Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (excluding distributions), as reported on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, by the weighted average number of units in issue during the related period.

**3. Valuation of Investments**

The valuation date (*Valuation Date*) for a Fund is any day when the Manager's head office is open for business. The Manager may, at its discretion, establish other Valuation Dates.

The fair value of the investments or assets of a Fund is determined as follows:

**a) Cash and Other Assets**

Cash, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, distributions receivable, and interest receivable are valued at fair value or at their recorded cost, plus or minus any foreign exchange between recognition of the asset by the Fund and the current Valuation Date, which approximates fair value.

**b) Bonds, Debentures, and Other Debt Obligations**

Bonds, debentures, and other debt obligations are fair valued using the last traded price provided by a recognized vendor upon the close of trading on a Valuation Date, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. If the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread, then the Manager will determine the price that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

**c) Listed Securities, Unlisted Securities, and Fair Value Pricing of Foreign Securities**

Any security that is listed or traded on a securities exchange is fair valued using the last traded price, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread or, if there is no traded price on that exchange or the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread and in the case of securities traded on an OTC market, at the fair value as determined by the Manager as an appropriate basis for valuation. In such situations, a fair value will be determined by the Manager to establish current value. If any securities are inter-listed or traded on more than one exchange or market, the Manager will use the principal exchange or market for the fair value of such securities.

Units of each mutual fund in which a Fund invests will be valued at fair value using the most recent net asset value quoted by the Trustee or Manager of the mutual fund on the Valuation Date.

Unlisted securities are fair valued using the last traded price quoted by a recognized dealer, or the Manager may determine a price that more accurately reflects the fair value of these securities if the Manager feels the last traded price does not reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is designed to avoid stale prices and to provide a more accurate fair value, and may assist in the deterrence of harmful short-term or excessive trading in the Fund. When securities listed or traded on markets or exchanges that close prior to North or South American markets or exchanges are valued by the Manager at their fair market value, instead of using quoted or published prices, the prices of such securities used to calculate the Fund's net assets or net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices of such securities.

**d) Derivatives**

Long positions in options, debt-like securities, and listed warrants are valued at fair value using the last traded price as established on either their principal trading exchange or by a recognized dealer in such securities, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread and the credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global) meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

When any option is written by any Fund, the premium received by the Fund will be reflected as a liability that will be valued at an amount equal to the current fair value of the option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment; the liability shall be deducted in arriving at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Fund. The securities that are the subject of a written option, if any, will be valued in the manner described above for listed securities.

Futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps will be valued at fair value of the gain or loss, if any, that would be realized on the Valuation Date if the position in the futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps were to be closed out.

Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts and forward contracts will be reflected as an account receivable and margin consisting of assets other than cash will be noted as held as collateral.

Other derivatives and margin are fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

**e) Restricted Securities**

Restricted securities purchased by any Fund will be fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

**f) Other Investments**

All other investments of the Funds will be fair valued in accordance with the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, where applicable.

The value of any security or other property of a Fund for which a market quotation is not readily available or where the market quotations do not properly reflect the fair value of such securities will be determined by the Manager by valuing the securities at their fair value. In such situations, fair value will be determined using the fair valuation technique that most accurately reflects the fair value as established by the Manager.

**4. Interest in Underlying Funds**

The Funds may invest in other investment funds (*Underlying Funds*). Each Underlying Fund invests in a portfolio of assets to generate returns in the form of investment income and capital appreciation for its unitholders. Each Underlying Fund finances its operations primarily through the issuance of redeemable units, which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitle the unitholder to a proportionate share of the underlying fund's net assets. The Fund's interests in Underlying Funds held in the form of redeemable units, are reported in its Schedule of Investments at fair value, which represents the Funds' maximum exposure on those investments. The Funds' interests in underlying funds as at the prior year period ends are presented in the Financial Instruments Risks - Concentration Risk section in the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of

## Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

Investment Portfolio. Distributions earned from Underlying Funds are included in "Investment Income" in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The total realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) arising from Underlying Funds are also included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The Funds do not provide any additional significant financial or other support to Underlying Funds.

Where applicable, the table "Interests in Underlying Funds" presented as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio, provides additional information on the Funds' investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each Underlying Fund.

### 5. Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding

Each Fund is permitted to have an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The outstanding units represent the capital of a Fund. Each unit has no par value and the value of each unit is the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit next determined. Settlement of the cost for units issued is completed as per security regulations in place at the time of issue. Distributions made by a Fund and reinvested by unitholders in additional units also constitute issued redeemable units of a Fund.

Units are redeemed at the net assets attributable to holders of a redeemable unit per unit of a Fund. A right to redeem units of a Fund may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities or when normal trading is suspended on a stock, options, or futures exchange within Canada or outside of Canada on which securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the value or underlying exposure of the total assets of a Fund, not including any liabilities of a Fund, are traded and when those securities or derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for a Fund. The Fund is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital received by a Fund is utilized within the respective investment mandate of the Fund. This includes the ability to make liquidity available to satisfy unitholder unit redemption requirements upon the unitholder's request.

Changes in issued and outstanding units for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, and 2016 can be found on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

### 6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Management fees are based on the net asset value of the Funds and are calculated daily. Management fees are paid to the Manager in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. The maximum annual management fee expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value that can be charged by a Fund is reported in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In addition to the management fees, the Funds are responsible for all expenses relating to the operation and conduct of the business of the Funds, which may include interest, operating, and administrative costs (other than advertising and promotional expenses, which are the responsibility of the Manager), brokerage fees, commissions, spreads, regulatory fees, Independent Review Committee fees, taxes, audit and legal fees and expenses, safekeeping and custodial fees, investor servicing costs, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. All such operating expenses are paid by the Manager and recovered from the Funds. The Funds do not pay a fee to the Trustee.

The Manager may recover less than the actual operating expenses paid by the Manager, resulting in the Manager absorbing expenses. The Manager may also charge to a Fund less than the maximum management fee in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Annual Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, resulting in the Manager waiving management fees.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may stop absorbing operating expenses and/or waiving management fees at any time. Operating expenses absorbed and/or management fees waived by the Manager are disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In some cases, the Manager may charge management fees to a Fund that are less than the management fees the Manager is entitled to charge in respect of certain investors in a Fund. The difference in the amount of the management fees will be paid out by the Fund to the applicable investors as a distribution of additional units of the Fund (*Management Fee Distributions*). Management Fee Distributions are negotiable between the Manager and the investor and are dependent primarily on the size of the investor's investment in the Fund. Management Fee Distributions paid to qualified investors do not adversely impact the Fund or any of the Fund's other investors. The Manager may increase or decrease the amount of Management Fee Distributions to certain investors from time to time.

Where a Fund invests in units of an Underlying Fund, the Fund does not pay duplicate management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in units of the Underlying Fund. In addition, the Fund will not pay duplicate sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of units of the Underlying Fund. Some of the Underlying Funds held by the Funds may offer Management Fee Distributions. Such Management Fee Distributions of an Underlying Fund will be paid out as required for taxable distribution payments by a Fund. The manager of an Underlying Fund may, in some cases, waive a portion of an Underlying Fund's management fee and/or absorb a portion of an Underlying Fund's operating expenses.

### 7. Income Taxes and Withholding Taxes

The Funds qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). No income tax is payable by the Funds on net income and/or net realized capital gains that are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on undistributed net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the Funds are redeemed. Sufficient net income and realized capital gains of the Funds have been, or will be, distributed to the unitholders such that no tax is payable by the Funds and, accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. Occasionally, a Fund may pay distributions in excess of the net income and net realized capital gains of the Fund. This excess distribution is called a return of capital and is non-taxable to the unitholder. However, a return of capital reduces the average cost of the unitholder's units for tax purposes, which may result in a capital gain to the unitholder to the extent the average cost becomes less than zero.

Non-capital losses that arose in 2006 and thereafter are available to be carried forward for 20 years.

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Where applicable, a Fund's net capital and non-capital losses are reported in footnote *Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses* on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

The Funds have a taxation year-end of December 15 (except Imperial Money Market Pool, which has a taxation year-end of December 31).

The Funds currently incur withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### 8. Brokerage Commissions and Fees

The total commissions paid by the Funds to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In allocating brokerage business to a dealer, consideration may be given by the portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors of the Funds for the provision of goods and services by the dealer or a third party, other than order execution (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor and the portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Funds or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Funds. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Funds to brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Fund. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the applicable Fund.

Fixed income and certain other securities are transacted in an OTC market, where participants are dealing as principals. Such securities are generally traded on a net basis and do not normally involve brokerage commissions, but will typically include a "spread" (being the difference between the bid and the offer prices on the security of the applicable marketplace).

Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading and certain other securities are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the dollar amounts. In addition, the soft dollar amounts only include the value of research and other services supplied by a third party to CIBC Asset Management Inc. (*CAMI* or the *Portfolio Advisor*) and any portfolio sub-advisors, as the value of the services supplied to the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors by the dealer is not ascertainable. When these services benefit more than one Fund, the costs are allocated among the Funds based on transaction activity or some other fair basis as determined by the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors.

### 9. Related Party Transactions

CIBC and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Funds and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities. The Funds may hold securities of CIBC. CIBC and its affiliates may also be involved in underwriting or lending to issuers of securities that may be held by the Funds, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds while acting as principal, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Funds on behalf of another investment fund managed by CIBC or an affiliate, and also may have been involved as a counterparty to derivative transactions. Management fees payable and other accrued expenses on the Statements of Financial Position are amounts generally payable to a related party of the Fund.

## Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

### *Manager, Trustee, Portfolio Advisor, and certain Portfolio Sub-Advisors of the Funds*

CIBC is the Manager, CIBC Trust Corporation is the Trustee, and CAMI is the Portfolio Advisor of each of the Funds.

The Manager also arranges for fund administrative services (other than advertising and promotional, which are the responsibility of the Manager), legal, investor servicing, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. The Manager is the registrar and transfer agent for the Funds and provides, or arranges for the provision of, all other administrative services required by the Funds. The dollar amount (including all applicable taxes) of all fund administrative expenses (net of absorptions) that the Manager recovers from a Fund is reported in footnote *Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### *Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars*

The Portfolio Advisor generally delegates trading and execution authority to the portfolio sub-advisors. Where applicable, disclosure of the amounts of soft dollars can be found in the *Brokerage Commission and Fees* schedule on the Statements of Comprehensive Income for each Fund.

The Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio securities, certain derivative products and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors to CIBC World Markets Inc. and/or CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. The total commissions paid to related brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund.

CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income and other securities, and certain derivative products to the Funds. Dealers, including CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors that process trades through them (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the Portfolio Advisor and portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Fund or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Fund. As per terms of the portfolio sub-advisory agreements, such soft dollar arrangements are in compliance with applicable laws. Custodial fees directly related to portfolio transactions incurred by a Fund, otherwise payable by the Fund, shall be paid by CAMI, and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI, up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Fund, or a portion of the Fund, during that month. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Fund to related brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Fund. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Funds. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the relevant Fund.

### *Custodian*

The custodian holds all cash and securities for the Funds and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the custodian might be holding. The custodian also provides other services to the Funds including record keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the custodian of the Funds (the *Custodian*). The Custodian may hire sub-custodians for the Funds. The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions by a Fund, or a portion of a Fund, are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Funds during that month. All other fees for the services of the Custodian are paid by the Manager, and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC owns a 50% interest in CIBC Mellon Trust Company.

### *Service Provider*

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (*CIBC GSS*) provides certain services to the Funds, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. Such servicing fees are paid by the Manager and charged to the Funds on a recoverable basis. CIBC indirectly owns a 50% interest in CIBC GSS.

The dollar amount paid by the Funds (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodial fees (net of absorptions) and to CIBC GSS for securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation (net of absorptions) for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 is reported in footnote *Service Provider* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

## **10. Hedging**

Certain foreign currency denominated positions have been hedged, or partially hedged, by forward foreign currency contracts as part of the investment strategies of certain Pools. These hedges are indicated by a hedging reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and a corresponding hedging reference number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities Forward Foreign Currency Contracts for those Pools.

## **11. Collateral on Specified Derivatives**

Short-term investments may be used as collateral for futures contracts outstanding with brokers.

## **12. Revision of Comparative Information**

Where applicable, certain comparative figures on the Statements of Cash Flows were revised for the prior period. Amounts reclassified to Reinvested distributions from underlying funds have been presented separately from amounts related to Purchases of investments to appropriately reflect the non-cash components of investments purchased. The impact on the Cash Flows from Operating Activities is nil.

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