



Annual Management Report of Fund Performance

for the financial year ended December 31, 2020

All figures are reported in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

This annual management report of fund performance contains financial highlights but does not contain the complete annual financial statements of the investment fund. You can get a copy of the annual financial statements at your request, and at no cost, by calling toll-free at 1-888-357-8777, by writing to us at CIBC, Brookfield Place, 161 Bay Street, 22nd floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2S1, or by visiting our website at www.cibc.com/mutualfunds or SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Unitholders may also contact us using one of these methods to request a copy of the investment fund's interim financial report, proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record, or quarterly portfolio disclosure.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance

Investment Objective and Strategies

Investment Objective: Conservative Income Portfolio (referred to as the *Portfolio*) seeks to provide a mix of income and some capital appreciation potential by investing primarily in units of Canadian and global mutual funds.

Investment Strategies: The Portfolio invests primarily in units of mutual funds managed by the Manager or its affiliates. The Portfolio has, under normal market conditions, a long-term strategic asset mix of fixed income (60%-90%) and equities (10%-40%). The portfolio advisor may review and adjust the asset mix, in its sole discretion, depending on economic conditions and relative value of income and equity securities.

Risk

The Portfolio is a Canadian fixed income balanced portfolio that is suitable for short- to medium-term investors who can tolerate low investment risk.

For the period ended December 31, 2020, the Portfolio's overall level of risk remained as discussed in the simplified prospectus.

Results of Operations

The Portfolio's portfolio advisor is CIBC Asset Management Inc. (referred to as *CAMI* or the *Portfolio Advisor*). The commentary that follows provides a summary of the results of operations for the period ended December 31, 2020. All dollar figures are expressed in thousands, unless otherwise indicated.

The Portfolio's net asset value increased by 9% during the period, from \$354,490 as at December 31, 2019 to \$387,748 as at December 31, 2020. Net sales of \$17,680 and positive investment performance resulted in an overall increase in net asset value.

Class T3 units of the Portfolio posted a return of 5.2% for the period. The Portfolio's primary benchmark, the FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index (referred to as the *primary benchmark*), returned 8.7% for the same period. The Portfolio's blended benchmark, as described in the *Annual Compound Returns* section under *Past Performance*, returned 5.1% for the same period. The blended benchmark closely reflects the asset classes the Portfolio invests in, and provides a more useful

comparative to the Portfolio's performance. The Portfolio's return is after the deduction of fees and expenses, unlike the primary and blended benchmarks' returns. See the section *Past Performance* for the returns of other classes of units offered by the Portfolio.

The Portfolio has target allocations of 58% Canadian fixed income securities, 13% Canadian equities, 12% global equities, 12% high yield fixed income securities and 5% global fixed income securities.

During the period, the second wave of the pandemic continued to grow and lockdowns were implemented to halt the spread of COVID-19. However, vaccines by Pfizer Inc. and Moderna Inc. showed a higher-than-expected efficacy during their final clinical trials and were granted emergency approval by health authorities in some countries. Distribution already started with some limited number of doses available, while billions more are scheduled to be produced throughout 2021.

Canada's economy entered a recession in the second quarter of 2020, as lockdowns in response to the spread of COVID-19 significantly slowed economic activity in late March. Canada's gross domestic product fell at a record pace in the second quarter. As public health restrictions eased, Canada's economy expanded at its fastest pace on record in the third quarter. Canada's economy contracted again in October, however, as COVID-19 infection rates continued to climb and governments imposed new lockdown restrictions.

As a result of business shutdowns, millions of jobs were lost and the unemployment rate rose to its highest level on record. The labour market improved over the second half of the period, however, as public health restrictions eased and business activity restarted. That said, Canada's unemployment rate was still over 8% in December, compared to roughly 5.5% at the start of 2020.

Canada's inflation rate declined as lower energy prices and a substantial drop in consumer demand weighed on price growth. During the spring lockdowns, inflation turned negative for the first time since 2009. The inflation rate ended the period well below the Bank of Canada's (referred to as *BoC*) 2% target.

In response to the substantial decline in economic conditions, the BoC reduced its central interest rate three times, by 50 basis points (referred to as *bps*) each time, in March. This reduced the BoC's benchmark overnight interest rate to 0.25%. The BoC signalled that it expects to maintain this low interest rate until its inflation target is achieved, which the BoC believes could take a few years. The BoC also implemented a bond-buying program to bolster the economy and ensure the proper functioning of financial markets.

Similarly, the U.S. Federal Reserve Board (referred to as *Fed*) reduced its central interest rate by 50 bps and 100 bps at two meetings in March, as the lockdowns in response to the COVID-19 pandemic brought economic activity to a near standstill. This lowered the target range of the federal funds rate to 0.00%-0.25%.

In response to the unprecedented stimulus programs, which kept global yields at historically low levels, equity prices plunged sharply lower in March before rallying. The U.S. economy recovered faster than generally expected, and China's recovery also had good momentum. Recreational sectors were predominantly the ones negatively impacted by the second lockdown measures, while the manufacturing sector continued to perform well. Importantly, consumers appeared to be in good shape. Market volatility declined following the U.S. elections and vaccine announcements. While the 2020 recession was quite severe, disposable and household income continued expanding thanks to generous government transfers. Monetary policy was highly accommodative and central banks guided that they will maintain these policies until growth and inflation are back to target.

Renaissance Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool was the most significant detractor from the Portfolio's performance relative to the Underlying Funds' benchmark, followed by Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool and Imperial Global Equity Income Pool.

Imperial Canadian Bond Pool was the most significant contributor to the Portfolio's performance relative to the Underlying Funds' benchmark, followed by Imperial International Bond Pool and Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool.

Recent Developments

The composition of the Independent Review Committee (referred to as *IRC*) changed. Don Hunter and Merle Kriss retired effective April 26, 2020. Effective April 27, 2020, David Forster and Deborah Leckman were appointed as members of the IRC. Marcia Lewis Brown was appointed Chair effective April 1, 2020.

The international spread of COVID-19 caused a significant slowdown in the global economy and volatility in financial markets. The COVID-19 outbreak may adversely affect global markets and the Portfolio's performance.

Related Party Transactions

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (referred to as *CIBC*) and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Portfolio, and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities.

Manager

CIBC is the Portfolio's manager (referred to as the *Manager*). CIBC receives management fees with respect to the Portfolio's day-to-day business and operations, calculated based on the Portfolio's net asset value as described in the section entitled *Management Fees*.

Trustee

CIBC Trust Corporation (referred to as *CIBC Trust*), a wholly-owned subsidiary of CIBC, is the Portfolio's trustee (referred to as the *Trustee*). The Trustee holds title to the Portfolio's property (cash and securities) on behalf of its unitholders.

Portfolio Advisor

The portfolio advisor provides, or arranges to provide, investment advice and portfolio management services to the Portfolio. CAMI, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CIBC, is the Portfolio's portfolio advisor.

Discretionary Managers

As at the date of this report, units of the Portfolio are offered through discretionary investment management services provided by certain subsidiaries of CIBC (collectively, referred to as the *Discretionary Managers*). The Discretionary Managers may include CIBC Trust and CAMI. The Discretionary Managers arrange to purchase, convert, switch and redeem units of the Portfolio on behalf of their clients who have entered into discretionary investment management agreements with one of the Discretionary Managers. The Discretionary Managers are the registered unitholders of the Portfolios for the purposes of receiving all unitholder materials and having the right to vote all proxies with respect to units of the Portfolio. Units of the Portfolio are also offered to investors in connection with certain products offered by affiliated dealers pursuant to the terms of the account agreements governing such products. There are no compensation arrangements with these dealers in respect of the sale of units of the Portfolio. However, CIBC Trust receives fees from its clients for offering discretionary management services and, from these fees, CIBC Trust may pay affiliated dealers and other CIBC members for services provided in connection with the client's discretionary investment managed account, which may hold units of the Portfolio.

CIBC receives fees from CIBC Trust for the services of CIBC advisors that assist investors with opening discretionary investment management accounts where CIBC Trust acts as the Discretionary Manager and for acting as the investors' ongoing relationship manager. CIBC is responsible for the remuneration of the CIBC advisors and may pay the CIBC advisors out of such fees. Further details of the arrangement between CIBC and CIBC Trust may be found in the discretionary investment management agreement between CIBC Trust and investors. CAMI receives fees from their clients for offering discretionary investment managed accounts, which may hold units of the Portfolio, and may pay a portion of such fees to their investment counsellors.

Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars

The Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio

securities, certain derivative products and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors to CIBC World Markets Inc. (referred to as *CIBC WM*) and CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. CIBC WM and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income and other securities and certain derivative products to the Portfolio. A spread is the difference between the bid and ask prices for a security in the applicable marketplace, with respect to the execution of portfolio transactions. The spread will differ based upon various factors such as the nature and liquidity of the security.

Dealers, including CIBC WM and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors in partial exchange for processing trades through them (referred to in the industry as “soft dollar” arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of the brokerage commissions and assist the Portfolio Advisor and any portfolio sub-advisors with investment decision-making services for the Portfolio or relate directly to the execution of portfolio transactions on behalf of the Portfolio. As per the terms of the portfolio sub-advisory agreement, such soft dollar arrangements are in compliance with applicable laws.

In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Portfolio. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the Portfolio.

During the period, the Portfolio did not pay any brokerage commissions or other fees to CIBC WM or CIBC World Markets Corp. Spreads associated with fixed income and other securities are not ascertainable and, for that reason, cannot be included when determining these amounts.

Portfolio Transactions

The Portfolio may enter into one or more of the following transactions (referred to as the *Related Party Transactions*) in reliance on the standing instructions issued by the IRC:

- invest in or hold equity securities of CIBC or issuers related to a portfolio sub-advisor;
- invest in or hold non-exchange-traded debt securities of CIBC or an issuer related to CIBC, with terms-to-maturity of 365 days or more, issued in a primary offering and in the secondary market;
- invest in or hold debt securities of CIBC or issuers related to a portfolio sub-advisor purchased in the secondary market;
- make an investment in the securities of an issuer for which CIBC WM, CIBC World Markets Corp., or any affiliate of CIBC (referred to as a *Related Dealer*) acts as an underwriter during the offering of the securities or at any time during the 60-day period following the completion of the offering of the securities (in the case of a “private placement” offering, in accordance with the exemptive relief order granted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and in accordance with the policies and procedures relating to such investment);

- purchase equity or debt securities from or sell them to a Related Dealer, where it is acting as principal;
- undertake currency and currency derivative transactions where a Related Dealer is the counterparty;
- purchase securities from or sell securities to another investment fund or a managed account managed by the Manager or an affiliate; and
- engage in in-specie transfers by receiving portfolio securities from, or delivering portfolio securities to, a managed account or another investment fund managed by the Manager or an affiliate, in respect of a purchase or redemption on units in the fund, subject to certain conditions.

At least annually, the IRC reviews the Related Party Transactions for which they have issued standing instructions. The IRC is required to advise the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, after a matter has been referred or reported to the IRC by the Manager, if it determines that an investment decision was not made in accordance with a condition imposed by securities legislation or the IRC in any Related Party Transactions requiring its approval.

Custodian

CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the Portfolio's custodian (referred to as the *Custodian*). The Custodian holds all cash and securities for the Portfolio and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the Custodian might be holding. The Custodian also provides other services to the Portfolio including record-keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. The Custodian may hire sub-custodians for the Portfolio. The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions initiated by CAMI as the Portfolio Advisor are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI, up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading by CAMI on behalf of the Portfolio during that month. All other fees and spreads for the services of the Custodian are paid by the Manager and charged to the Portfolio on a recoverable basis. CIBC owns a 50% interest in the Custodian.

Service Provider

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (referred to as *CIBC GSS*) provides certain services to the Portfolio, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. Such servicing fees are paid by the Manager and charged to the Portfolio on a recoverable basis. CIBC indirectly owns a 50% interest in CIBC GSS.

Conservative Income Portfolio

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the Portfolio and are intended to help you understand the Portfolio's financial performance for the period ended December 31.

The Portfolio's Net Assets per Unit¹ - Class T3 Units

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Net Assets, beginning of period | \$ 10.32 | \$ 9.77 | \$ 10.06 | \$ 10.09 | \$ 10.00 |
| Increase (decrease) from operations: | | | | | |
| Total revenue | \$ 0.32 | \$ 0.42 | \$ 0.37 | \$ 0.41 | \$ 0.28 |
| Total expenses | (0.01) | (0.01) | (0.01) | (0.01) | — |
| Realized gains (losses) for the period | — | 0.01 | (0.09) | 0.02 | (0.01) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) for the period | 0.17 | 0.45 | (0.21) | (0.08) | (0.15) |
| Total increase (decrease) from operations² | \$ 0.48 | \$ 0.87 | \$ 0.06 | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.12 |
| Distributions: | | | | | |
| From income (excluding dividends) | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.29 | \$ 0.30 | \$ 0.27 | \$ 0.14 |
| From dividends | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | — |
| From capital gains | — | — | — | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| Return of capital | 0.01 | — | — | — | — |
| Total Distributions³ | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.33 | \$ 0.34 | \$ 0.40 | \$ 0.18 |
| Net Assets, end of period | \$ 10.53 | \$ 10.32 | \$ 9.77 | \$ 10.06 | \$ 10.09 |

¹ This information is derived from the Portfolio's audited annual financial statements.

² Net assets and distributions are based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant time. The total increase (decrease) from operations is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

³ Distributions were paid in cash, reinvested in additional units of the Portfolio, or both.

Ratios and Supplemental Data - Class T3 Units

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Total Net Asset Value (000s)⁴ | \$ 236,524 | \$ 215,925 | \$ 199,680 | \$ 305,126 | \$ 175,395 |
| Number of Units Outstanding⁴ | 22,465,649 | 20,919,101 | 20,429,469 | 30,324,669 | 17,382,411 |
| Management Expense Ratio⁵ | 0.19% | 0.18% | 0.18% | 0.19% | 0.19% |
| Management Expense Ratio before waivers or absorptions⁶ | 1.19% | 1.14% | 1.17% | 1.23% | 1.19% |
| Trading Expense Ratio⁷ | 0.03% | 0.04% | 0.03% | 0.04% | 0.03% |
| Portfolio Turnover Rate⁸ | 17.32% | 19.50% | 12.64% | 41.48% | 5.98% |
| Net Asset Value per Unit | \$ 10.53 | \$ 10.32 | \$ 9.77 | \$ 10.06 | \$ 10.09 |

⁴ This information is presented as at December 31 of the periods shown.

⁵ Management expense ratio is based on the total expenses of the pool (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs), incurred by or allocated to a class of units for the period shown, expressed as an annualized percentage of the daily average net asset value of that class during the period. The management expense ratio includes the fees attributable to exchange traded funds.

⁶ The decision to waive and/or absorb management fees and operating expenses is at the discretion of the Manager. The practice of waiving and/or absorbing management fees and operating expenses may continue indefinitely or may be terminated at any time without notice to unitholders. The management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions includes the fees attributable to exchange traded funds.

⁷ The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs before income taxes expressed as an annualized percentage of the daily average net asset value during the period. Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the trading expense ratio calculation. Previously, the trading expense ratio included the non-trading expenses attributable to exchange traded funds which are now no longer included in the TER. Prior year fees attributable to exchange traded funds have been reclassified to the management expense ratio and management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions.

⁸ The portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the portfolio advisor and/or portfolio sub-advisor manages the portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to a fund buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the period. The higher a portfolio turnover rate in a period, the greater the trading costs payable by a fund in the period, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a fund.

Conservative Income Portfolio

The Portfolio's Net Assets per Unit¹ - Class T4 Units

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 ^a |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Net Assets, beginning of period | \$ 10.14 | \$ 9.66 | \$ 10.00 | \$ 10.03 | \$ 9.98 ^b |
| Increase (decrease) from operations: | | | | | |
| Total revenue | \$ 0.32 | \$ 0.41 | \$ 0.36 | \$ 0.40 | \$ 0.28 |
| Total expenses | (0.01) | (0.01) | (0.01) | (0.01) | — |
| Realized gains (losses) for the period | — | 0.01 | (0.09) | 0.02 | (0.01) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) for the period | 0.18 | 0.44 | (0.22) | (0.09) | (0.15) |
| Total increase (decrease) from operations² | \$ 0.49 | \$ 0.85 | \$ 0.04 | \$ 0.32 | \$ 0.12 |
| Distributions: | | | | | |
| From income (excluding dividends) | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.28 | \$ 0.29 | \$ 0.27 | \$ 0.12 |
| From dividends | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | — |
| From capital gains | — | — | — | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Return of capital | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.07 | — | 0.01 |
| Total Distributions³ | \$ 0.41 | \$ 0.38 | \$ 0.40 | \$ 0.40 | \$ 0.23 |
| Net Assets, end of period | \$ 10.24 | \$ 10.14 | \$ 9.66 | \$ 10.00 | \$ 10.03 |

^a Information presented is for the period from June 3, 2016 to December 31, 2016.

^b Initial offering price.

¹ This information is derived from the Portfolio's audited annual financial statements.

² Net assets and distributions are based on the actual number of units outstanding at the relevant time. The total increase (decrease) from operations is based on the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

³ Distributions were paid in cash, reinvested in additional units of the Portfolio, or both.

Ratios and Supplemental Data - Class T4 Units

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 ^a |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|
| Total Net Asset Value (000s)⁴ | \$ 151,224 | \$ 138,565 | \$ 119,695 | \$ 155,973 | \$ 71,878 |
| Number of Units Outstanding⁴ | 14,770,678 | 13,663,813 | 12,391,913 | 15,592,973 | 7,167,542 |
| Management Expense Ratio⁵ | 0.19% | 0.19% | 0.18% | 0.19% | 0.19% * |
| Management Expense Ratio before waivers or absorptions⁶ | 1.19% | 1.13% | 1.16% | 1.22% | 1.17% * |
| Trading Expense Ratio⁷ | 0.03% | 0.04% | 0.03% | 0.04% | 0.03% * |
| Portfolio Turnover Rate⁸ | 17.32% | 19.50% | 12.64% | 41.48% | 5.98% |
| Net Asset Value per Unit | \$ 10.24 | \$ 10.14 | \$ 9.66 | \$ 10.00 | \$ 10.03 |

^a Information presented is for the period from June 3, 2016 to December 31, 2016.

* Ratio has been annualized.

⁴ This information is presented as at December 31 of the periods shown.

⁵ Management expense ratio is based on the total expenses of the pool (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs), incurred by or allocated to a class of units for the period shown, expressed as an annualized percentage of the daily average net asset value of that class during the period. The management expense ratio includes the fees attributable to exchange traded funds.

⁶ The decision to waive and/or absorb management fees and operating expenses is at the discretion of the Manager. The practice of waiving and/or absorbing management fees and operating expenses may continue indefinitely or may be terminated at any time without notice to unitholders. The management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions includes the fees attributable to exchange traded funds.

⁷ The trading expense ratio represents total commissions and other portfolio transaction costs before income taxes expressed as an annualized percentage of the daily average net asset value during the period. Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the trading expense ratio calculation. Previously, the trading expense ratio included the non-trading expenses attributable to exchange traded funds which are now no longer included in the TER. Prior year fees attributable to exchange traded funds have been reclassified to the management expense ratio and management expense ratio before waivers or absorptions.

⁸ The portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the portfolio advisor and/or portfolio sub-advisor manages the portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to a fund buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of the period. The higher a portfolio turnover rate in a period, the greater the trading costs payable by a fund in the period, and the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of a fund.

Management Fees

The Portfolio, either directly or indirectly, pays CIBC an annual management fee to cover the costs of managing the Portfolio. Management fees are based on the Portfolio's net asset value and are calculated daily and paid monthly. Management fees are paid to CIBC in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. Advertising and promotional expenses, office overhead expenses and trailing commissions are paid by CIBC out of the management fees received from the Portfolio. The Portfolio is required to pay applicable taxes on the management fees paid to CIBC. Refer to the Simplified Prospectus for the annual management fee rate for each class of units.

For the period ended December 31, 2020, 100% of the management fees collected from the Portfolio was attributable to general administration, investment advice, and profit.

Past Performance

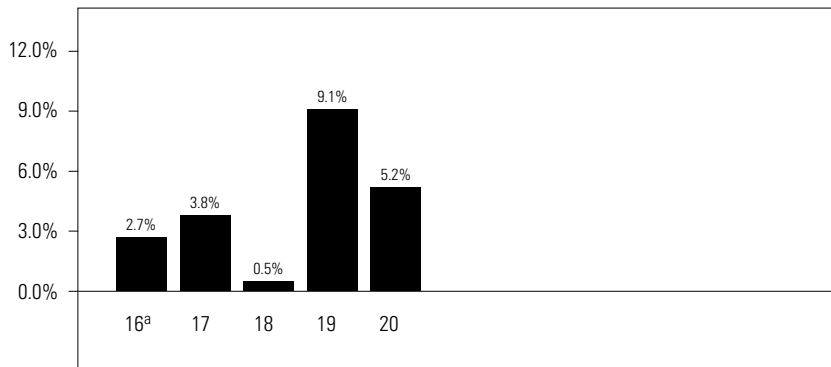
The performance data provided assumes reinvestment of distributions only and does not take into account sales, redemption, distribution, or other optional charges payable by any unitholder that would have reduced returns. Past performance does not necessarily indicate how a fund will perform in the future.

The Portfolio's returns are after the deduction of fees and expenses. See *Financial Highlights* section for the management expense ratio.

Year-by-Year Returns

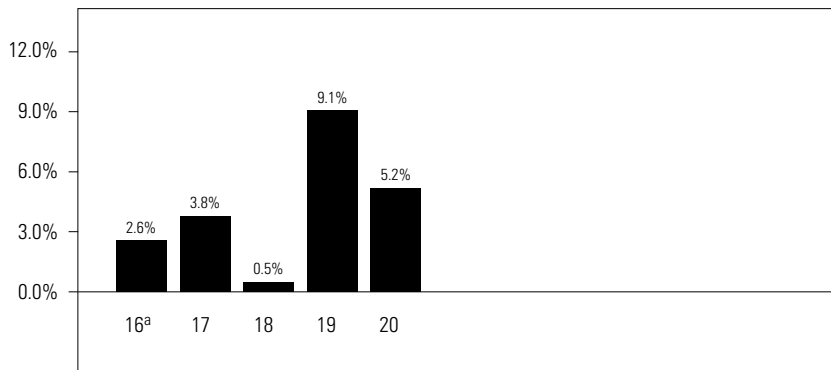
These bar charts show the annual performance of each class of units of the Portfolio for each of the periods shown, and illustrate how the performance has changed from period to period. These bar charts show, in percentage terms, how an investment made on January 1 would have increased or decreased by December 31, unless otherwise indicated.

Class T3 Units



^a 2016 return is for the period from June 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016.

Class T4 Units



^a 2016 return is for the period from June 3, 2016 to December 31, 2016.

Annual Compound Returns

This table shows the annual compound return of each class of units of the Portfolio for each indicated period ended on December 31, 2020. The annual compound total return is also compared to the Portfolio's benchmarks.

The Portfolio's primary benchmark is the FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index.

During the period, the Portfolio's blended benchmark was changed to better reflect the Portfolio's strategic asset mix.

The Portfolio's current blended benchmark (referred to as *Blended Benchmark*) is comprised of the following:

- 35% FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index
- 18.4% FTSE Canada Short Term Overall Bond Index
- 12% S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index
- 11% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index
- 8% FTSE Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index
- 6.4% MSCI World High Dividend Yield Index
- 4.6% FTSE World Government Bond Index (Hedged to CAD)
- 2.3% Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Index
- 1.8% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Real Estate Index (Net)
- 0.3% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index
- 0.2% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Market Corporate Index

The Portfolio's previous blended benchmark (referred to as *Previous Blended Benchmark*) was comprised of the following:

- 35% FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index
- 18.4% FTSE Canada Short Term Overall Bond Index
- 12% S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index
- 11% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index
- 8% FTSE Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index
- 6.4% MSCI World Index
- 4.6% FTSE World Government Bond Index (Hedged to CAD)

- 2.3% Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Index
- 1.8% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Real Estate Index (Net)
- 0.3% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index
- 0.2% Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Market Corporate Index

| | 1 Year | 3 Years | 5 Years | 10 Years* | or | Since Inception* | Inception Date |
|---------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|----|------------------|----------------|
| Class T3 units | 5.2% | 4.9% | | | | 4.6% | June 1, 2016 |
| FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index | 8.7% | 5.6% | | | | 4.1% | |
| Blended Benchmark | 5.1% | 4.8% | | | | 4.2% | |
| Previous Blended Benchmark | 5.9% | 5.1% | | | | 4.5% | |
| Class T4 units | 5.2% | 4.9% | | | | 4.6% | June 3, 2016 |
| FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index | 8.7% | 5.6% | | | | 4.0% | |
| Blended Benchmark | 5.1% | 4.8% | | | | 4.2% | |
| Previous Blended Benchmark | 5.9% | 5.1% | | | | 4.5% | |

* If a class of units has been outstanding for less than 10 years, the annual compound return since inception is shown.

Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Broad Market Corporate Index tracks the performance of investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the major domestic and Eurobond markets. Qualifying securities must have an investment grade rating (based on an average of Moody's, S&P and Fitch), at least 18 months to final maturity at the time of issuance, at least one year remaining term to final maturity as of the rebalancing date and a fixed coupon schedule.

Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global High Yield Index tracks the performance of below investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the major domestic or Eurobond markets. Qualifying securities must have a below investment grade rating.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is a broad-based bond index comprised of government, corporate, mortgage and asset-backed issues, rated investment grade or higher.

Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Index designed to measure the performance of pure-play infrastructure companies domiciled globally. The index covers all sectors of the infrastructure market. To be included in the index, a company must derive at least 70% of cash flows from infrastructure lines of business.

FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Real Estate Index (Net) is designed to track the performance of listed real estate companies and REITS worldwide.

FTSE Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index measures the returns attributable to 91-day Treasury Bills.

FTSE Canada Short Term Overall Bond Index is intended to represent the Canadian short-term bond market. It contains bonds with remaining effective terms greater than or equal to one year and less than or equal to 5 years.

FTSE Canada Universe Bond Index is comprised of marketable Canadian bonds intended to reflect the performance of the broad Canadian investment-grade bond market. Returns are calculated daily and are weighted by market capitalization.

FTSE World Government Bond Index (Hedged to CAD) measures the performance of fixed-rate, local currency, investment-grade sovereign bonds. It currently includes sovereign debt from over 20 countries, denominated in a variety of currencies, and has more than 30 years of history available. Hedged to CAD represents a close estimation of the performance that can be achieved by hedging the currency exposures of the index, FTSE World Government Bond Index, to CAD.

MSCI World High Dividend Yield Index is based on the MSCI World Index, its parent index, and includes large and mid cap stocks across 23 Developed Markets countries. The index is designed to reflect the performance of equities in the parent index (excluding REITs) with higher dividend income and quality characteristics than average dividend yields that are both sustainable and persistent.

MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index composed of companies representative of the market structure of developed market countries in North America, Europe and the Asia/Pacific region.

S&P/TSX Composite Dividend Index aims to provide a broad-based benchmark of Canadian dividend-paying stocks. It includes all stocks in the S&P/TSX Composite Index with positive annual dividend yields as of the latest rebalancing of the S&P/TSX Composite Index.

Conservative Income Portfolio

A discussion of the Portfolio's relative performance compared to its Blended Benchmark can be found in *Results of Operations*.

Summary of Investment Portfolio (as at December 31, 2020)

The Portfolio invests in units of its Underlying Funds. You can find the prospectus and additional information about the Underlying Funds by visiting www.sedar.com.

The summary of investment portfolio may change due to ongoing portfolio transactions of the investment fund. A quarterly update is available by visiting www.cibc.com/mutualfunds. The Top Positions table shows a fund's 25 largest positions. If the fund holds fewer than 25 positions in total, all positions are shown. Cash and cash equivalents are shown in total as one position.

| <i>Portfolio Breakdown</i> | <i>% of Net Asset Value</i> | <i>Top Positions</i> | <i>% of Net Asset Value</i> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Canadian Bond Mutual Funds | 53.0 | Imperial Canadian Bond Pool, Class 'A' | 35.1 |
| International Bond Mutual Funds | 15.7 | Imperial Short-Term Bond Pool, Class 'A' | 17.9 |
| Canadian Equity Mutual Funds | 11.8 | Imperial Canadian Dividend Income Pool, Class 'A' | 11.8 |
| International Equity Mutual Funds | 11.1 | Renaissance Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool, Class 'S' | 11.0 |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | 2.9 | Imperial Global Equity Income Pool, Class 'A' | 6.5 |
| Financials | 2.3 | Imperial International Bond Pool, Class 'A' | 4.7 |
| Foreign Currency Bonds | 2.2 | Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool, Class 'S' | 4.6 |
| Futures Contracts - Equity | 1.7 | Cash & Cash Equivalents | 2.9 |
| Forward & Spot Contracts | 0.1 | SPDR Gold Shares | 0.7 |
| Futures Contracts - Fixed Income | -0.8 | Republic of Colombia, Series 'B', 6.00%, 2028/04/28 | 0.6 |
| | | iShares J.P. Morgan USD Emerging Markets Bond ETF | 0.5 |
| | | Euro Stoxx 50 Index Future, December 2020 | 0.5 |
| | | Republic of Indonesia, Series 'FR81', 6.50%, 2025/06/15 | 0.5 |
| | | Australia SPI 200 Index Future, March 2021 | 0.4 |
| | | FTSE Malaysia Kuala Lumpur Composite Index Future, January 2021 | 0.4 |
| | | Republic of South Africa, Series '2030', 8.00%, 2030/01/31 | 0.3 |
| | | Hang Seng China Enterprises Index Future, January 2021 | 0.3 |
| | | VanEck Vectors Fallen Angel High Yield Bond ETF | 0.3 |
| | | VanEck Vectors J.P. Morgan EM Local Currency Bond ETF | 0.3 |
| | | Korea KOSPI 200 Index Future, March 2021 | 0.3 |
| | | iShares Russell 2000 Value Index Fund | 0.2 |
| | | Republic of Indonesia, Series 'FR78', 8.25%, 2029/05/15 | 0.2 |
| | | Federation of Malaysia, Series '0219', 3.89%, 2029/08/15 | 0.2 |
| | | Federative Republic of Brazil, Series 'F', 10.00%, 2023/01/01 | 0.2 |
| | | iShares MSCI Chile Capped ETF | 0.2 |

A note on forward-looking statements

The management report of fund performance may contain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements that are predictive in nature, that depend upon or refer to future events or conditions, or that include words such as “expects”, “anticipates”, “intends”, “plans”, “believes”, “estimates”, or other similar wording. In addition, any statements that may be made concerning future performance, strategies, or prospects and possible future actions taken by the fund, are also forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause the actual results and achievements of the fund to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to: general economic, market, and business conditions; fluctuations in securities prices, interest rates, and foreign currency exchange rates; changes in government regulations; and catastrophic events.

The above list of important factors that may affect future results is not exhaustive. Before making any investment decisions, we encourage you to consider these and other factors carefully. CIBC does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future developments, or otherwise prior to the release of the next management report of fund performance.

**Imperial Pools
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