



Investor Presentation

Third Quarter 2020

August 27, 2020

All amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Forward-Looking Statements

A NOTE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: From time to time, we make written or oral forward-looking statements within the meaning of certain securities laws, including in this report, in other filings with Canadian securities regulators or the SEC and in other communications. All such statements are made pursuant to the “safe harbour” provisions of, and are intended to be forward-looking statements under applicable Canadian and U.S. securities legislation, including the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include, but are not limited to, statements made in the “Financial performance overview – Economic outlook”, “Financial performance overview – Significant events”, “Financial performance overview – Financial results review”, “Financial performance overview – Review of quarterly financial information”, “Financial condition – Capital management”, “Management of risk – Risk overview”, “Management of risk – Top and emerging risks”, “Management of risk – Credit risk”, “Management of risk – Market risk”, “Management of risk – Liquidity risk”, “Accounting and control matters – Critical accounting policies and estimates”, “Accounting and control matters – Accounting developments”, and “Accounting and control matters – Other regulatory developments” sections of this report and other statements about our operations, business lines, financial condition, risk management, priorities, targets, ongoing objectives, strategies, the regulatory environment in which we operate and outlook for calendar year 2020 and subsequent periods. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by the words “believe”, “expect”, “anticipate”, “intend”, “estimate”, “forecast”, “target”, “objective” and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as “will”, “should”, “would” and “could”. By their nature, these statements require us to make assumptions, including the economic assumptions set out in the “Financial performance overview – Economic outlook” section of this report, and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties that may be general or specific. Given the continuing impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and the expectation that oil prices will remain well below year-ago levels there is inherently more uncertainty associated with our assumptions as compared to prior periods. A variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control, affect our operations, performance and results, and could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in any of our forward-looking statements. These factors include: the occurrence, continuance or intensification of public health emergencies, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, and any related government policies and actions; credit, market, liquidity, strategic, insurance, operational, reputational, conduct and legal, regulatory and environmental risk; currency value and interest rate fluctuations, including as a result of market and oil price volatility; the effectiveness and adequacy of our risk management and valuation models and processes; legislative or regulatory developments in the jurisdictions where we operate, including the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Common Reporting Standard, and regulatory reforms in the United Kingdom and Europe, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision’s global standards for capital and liquidity reform, and those relating to bank recapitalization legislation and the payments system in Canada; amendments to, and interpretations of, risk-based capital guidelines and reporting instructions, and interest rate and liquidity regulatory guidance; the resolution of legal and regulatory proceedings and related matters; the effect of changes to accounting standards, rules and interpretations; changes in our estimates of reserves and allowances; changes in tax laws; changes to our credit ratings; political conditions and developments, including changes relating to economic or trade matters; the possible effect on our business of international conflicts and terrorism; natural disasters, disruptions to public infrastructure and other catastrophic events; reliance on third parties to provide components of our business infrastructure; potential disruptions to our information technology systems and services; increasing cyber security risks which may include theft or disclosure of assets, unauthorized access to sensitive information, or operational disruption; social media risk; losses incurred as a result of internal or external fraud; anti-money laundering; the accuracy and completeness of information provided to us concerning clients and counterparties; the failure of third parties to comply with their obligations to us and our affiliates or associates; intensifying competition from established competitors and new entrants in the financial services industry including through internet and mobile banking; technological change; global capital market activity; changes in monetary and economic policy; general business and economic conditions worldwide, as well as in Canada, the U.S. and other countries where we have operations, including increasing Canadian household debt levels and global credit risks; our success in developing and introducing new products and services, expanding existing distribution channels, developing new distribution channels and realizing increased revenue from these channels; changes in client spending and saving habits; our ability to attract and retain key employees and executives; our ability to successfully execute our strategies and complete and integrate acquisitions and joint ventures; the risk that expected synergies and benefits of an acquisition will not be realized within the expected time frame or at all; and our ability to anticipate and manage the risks associated with these factors. This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of our forward-looking statements. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements contained in this report represent the views of management only as of the date hereof and are presented for the purpose of assisting our shareholders and financial analysts in understanding our financial position, objectives and priorities and anticipated financial performance as at and for the periods ended on the dates presented, and may not be appropriate for other purposes. We do not undertake to update any forward-looking statement that is contained in this report or in other communications except as required by law.

Investor Relations contacts:

Geoff Weiss, Senior Vice-President

416 980-5093

Visit the Investor Relations section at www.cibc.com/en/about-cibc/investor-relations.html



CIBC Overview

Victor Dodig

President and Chief Executive Officer



Third Quarter 2020 Key Performance Measures

EPS

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Reported | \$2.55 |
| Adjusted ¹ | \$2.71 -13% YoY |

Pre-Provision Earnings²

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Reported | \$2.0B |
| Adjusted ¹ | \$2.1B +1% YoY |

Efficiency Ratio

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Reported | 57.4% |
| Adjusted ¹ | 54.8% -60 bps YoY |

CET1 Ratio

| | |
|-------|-------------|
| 11.8% | +36 bps YoY |
|-------|-------------|

ROE

| | |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Reported | 12.1% |
| Adjusted ¹ | 12.9% |

Dividend Payout Ratio – Trailing 12 Months

| | |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Reported | 67.5% |
| Adjusted ¹ | 59.6% |

PCL Ratio

| | |
|----------|-----------------------|
| Total | 50 bps +21 bps YoY |
| Impaired | 29 bps +2 bps YoY |

Allowance for Credit Losses as a % of Total Loans

| | |
|-------|-------------|
| 0.86% | +38 bps YoY |
|-------|-------------|

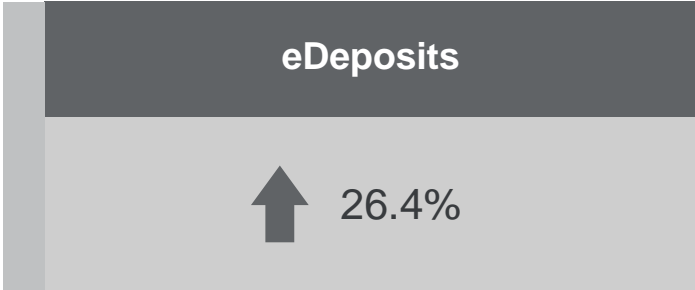
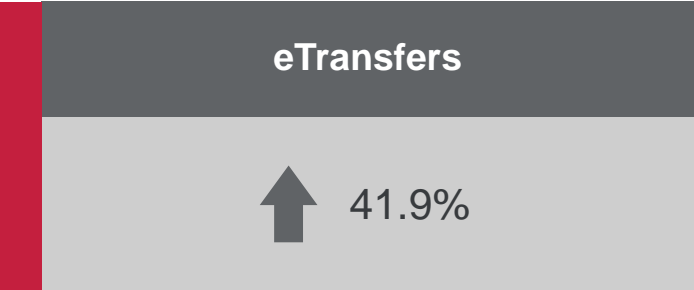
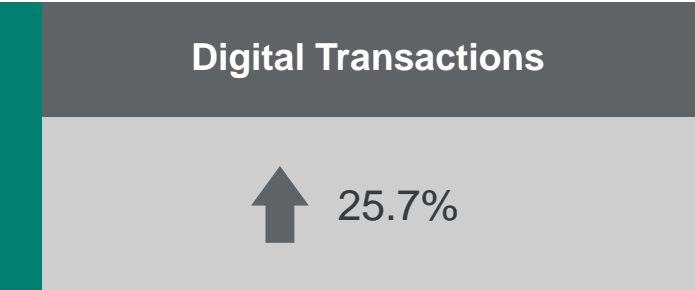
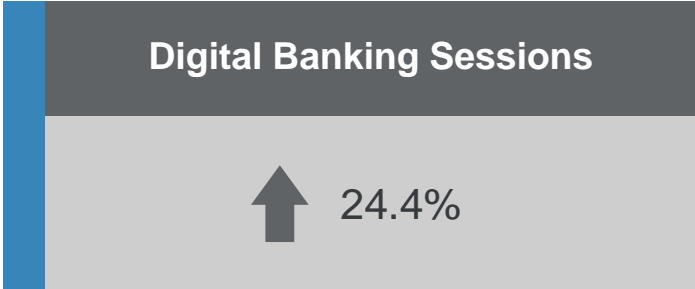
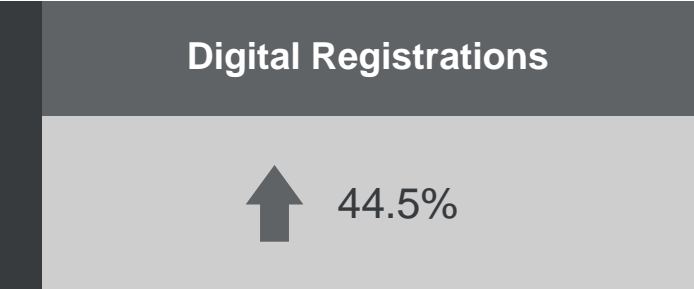
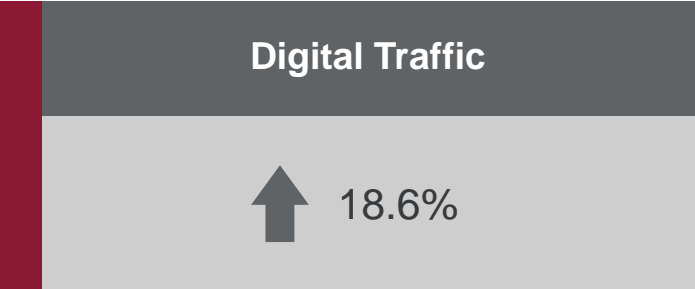


¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

² Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

Record levels of Digital Engagement¹

We continue to see digital engagement becoming entrenched client behavior in a post-COVID world.



¹ Data: Pre-COVID-19 Period (i.e. Nov 1 to Mar 14) vs. COVID-19 Period (Mar 15 to Jul 31).

Financial Review

Hratch Panossian

Senior Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer



Third Quarter 2020 Financial Results

| Reported (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 4,708 | (1%) | 3% |
| Net interest income | 2,729 | 1% | (1%) |
| Non-interest income | 1,979 | (3%) | 9% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 2,702 | 1% | (0%) |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 525 | 80% | (63%) |
| Net Income | 1,172 | (16%) | NM |
| Diluted EPS | \$2.55 | (17%) | NM |
| Efficiency Ratio | 57.4% | 100 bps | (170) bps |
| ROE | 12.1% | NM | NM |
| CET1 Ratio | 11.8% | 36 bps | 49 bps |

| Adjusted ¹ (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 4,708 | (0%) | 3% |
| Net interest income | 2,729 | 2% | (1%) |
| Non-interest income | 1,979 | (3%) | 9% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 2,606 | (1%) | (2%) |
| Pre-Provision Earnings ² | 2,102 | 1% | 9% |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 525 | 80% | (63%) |
| Net Income | 1,243 | (12%) | NM |
| Diluted EPS | \$2.71 | (13%) | NM |
| Efficiency Ratio | 54.8% | (60) bps | (240) bps |
| ROE | 12.9% | NM | NM |

Overall Performance¹

- Pre-Provision Earnings² up 1% YoY
- Operating Leverage of 1.1%
- Strong CET1 ratio of 11.8%

Revenue

- Net interest income up 2% YoY
 - Strong trading activity in Capital Markets
 - Solid deposit volume growth in Canadian and U.S. Commercial businesses, partially offset by lower margins in the U.S.
 - Volume growth in Personal & Business Banking was more than offset by the rate environment and competitive pricing pressures
- Non-interest income down 3% YoY
 - Canadian Personal & Commercial businesses impacted by decreased client activity

Expenses

- Disciplined expense management in volatile economic conditions

Provision for Credit Losses (PCL)

- Total PCL ratio of 50 bps
- PCL ratio on impaired of 29 bps, up 2 bps YoY and down 5 bps QoQ



¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

² Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

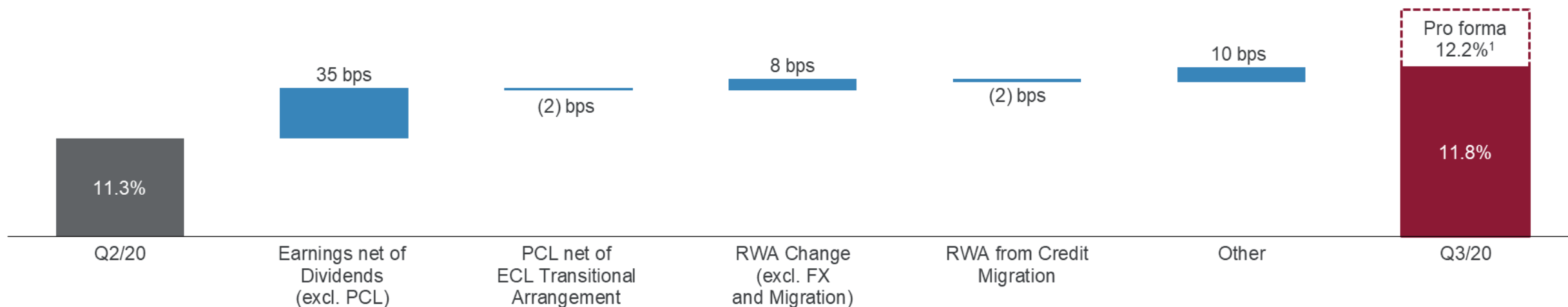
Continued capital, liquidity and balance sheet strength

| \$B | Q3/19 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Average Loans and Acceptances | 393.7 | 412.8 | 414.9 |
| Average Deposits | 479.1 | 526.5 | 557.4 |
| CET1 capital | 27.0 | 29.5 | 30.2 |
| CET1 ratio | 11.4% | 11.3% | 11.8% |
| Risk-weighted assets (RWA) | 236.8 | 261.8 | 256.7 |
| Leverage ratio | 4.3% | 4.5% | 4.6% |
| Liquidity coverage ratio (average) | 129% | 131% | 150% |
| HQLA (average) | 117.9 | 137.9 | 178.0 |

Q3 Highlights

- We continue to maintain a strong liquidity and capital position while supporting client needs
- Internal capital generation, a net decrease in RWAs, and an increase in value of FVOCI securities contributed to QoQ increase
 - 35 bps capital generation from earnings excluding PCL, net of dividends
 - RWAs decreased \$5.1B QoQ, or \$1.5B excluding the impact of FX
- Benefit of ECL transitional arrangement increased in the quarter; fully loaded CET1 ratio of 11.5%

CET1 Ratio



¹ After the expected sale of our controlling interest in FCIB.

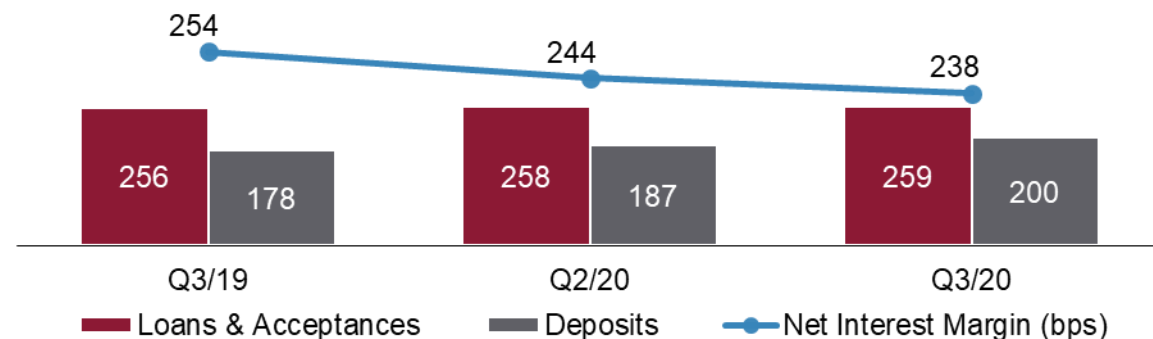
Personal & Business Banking – continued impact from the economic shutdown

| Reported (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 2,056 | (8%) | (1%) |
| Net interest income | 1,536 | (6%) | (0%) |
| Non-interest income | 520 | (13%) | (3%) |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 1,146 | 1% | (0%) |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 220 | 8% | (66%) |
| Net Income | 508 | (23%) | NM |

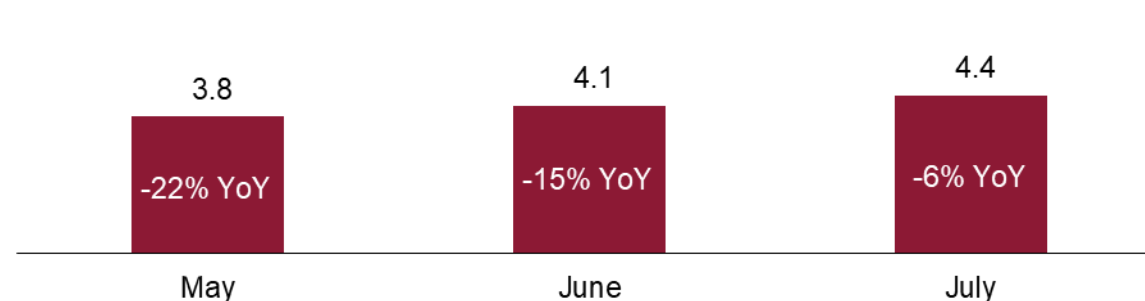
| Adjusted ¹ (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 2,056 | (8%) | (1%) |
| Net interest income | 1,536 | (6%) | (0%) |
| Non-interest income | 520 | (13%) | (3%) |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 1,144 | 1% | (0%) |
| Pre-Provision Earnings ² | 912 | (17%) | (2%) |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 220 | 8% | (66%) |
| Net Income | 510 | (23%) | NM |

- Economic implications of COVID-19 continue to impact performance
- Net interest income down 6% YoY reflecting margin compression, partially offset by strong Deposit growth
 - NIM down 16 bps YoY and 6 bps QoQ
 - Deposit balances up 12% YoY
- Decreased consumer activity contributing to lower fees, primarily in Cards and Deposits
- Strong focus on expense discipline in current economic environment
- Provision for Credit Losses:
 - Total PCL ratio of 34 bps
 - PCL ratio on impaired of 23 bps

Loans and Deposits (\$B)



Credit Card Purchase Volume (\$B)



¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

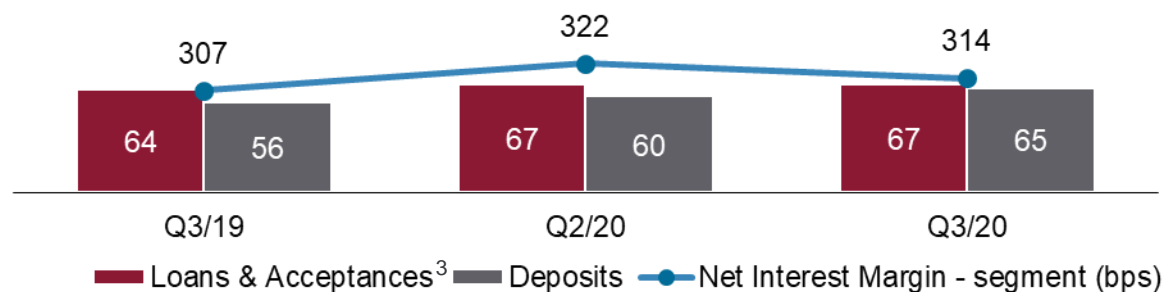
² Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

Canadian Commercial & Wealth – strong expense discipline in slower growth environment

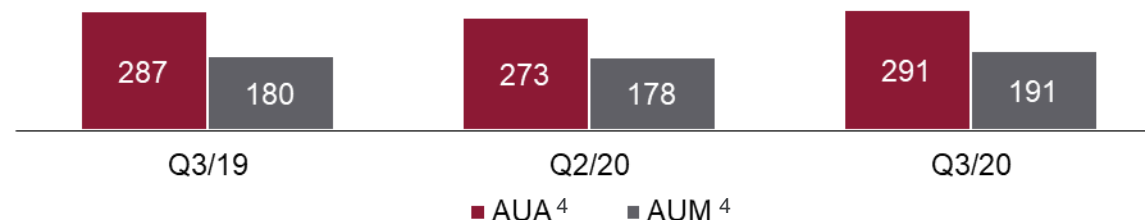
| Reported & Adjusted ¹ (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|---|------------|-------------|------------|
| Revenue | 1,013 | (1%) | (1%) |
| Net interest income | 318 | 6% | (1%) |
| Non-interest income | 695 | (3%) | (1%) |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 519 | (2%) | (7%) |
| Pre-Provision Earnings ² | 494 | 1% | 6% |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 57 | NM | (69%) |
| Net Income | 320 | (7%) | 55% |

- Higher net interest income driven by volume growth and YoY NIM expansion
 - Commercial loan balances up 5% YoY
 - Commercial deposit balances up 17% YoY
 - NIM up 7 bps YoY and down 8 bps QoQ
- Non-interest income down 3% YoY
 - Wealth Management continues to be impacted by market conditions
 - Lower fees in Commercial Banking
- Provision for Credit Losses:
 - Total PCL ratio of 35 bps
 - PCL ratio on impaired of 28 bps

Commercial Banking Loans and Deposits (\$B)



Wealth Management (\$B)



¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

² Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

³ Comprises loans and acceptances and notional amount of letters of credit.

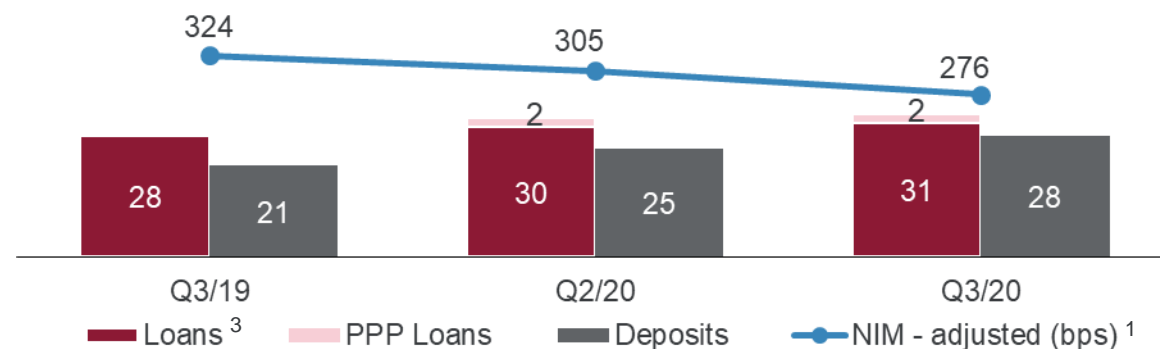
⁴ Assets under management (AUM) are included in assets under administration (AUA).

U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management – solid volume growth and expense discipline

| Reported (C\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 514 | 1% | (1%) |
| Net interest income | 356 | (0%) | (6%) |
| Non-interest income | 158 | 4% | 12% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 271 | (4%) | (8%) |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 160 | NM | (30%) |
| Net Income | 62 | (64%) | NM |

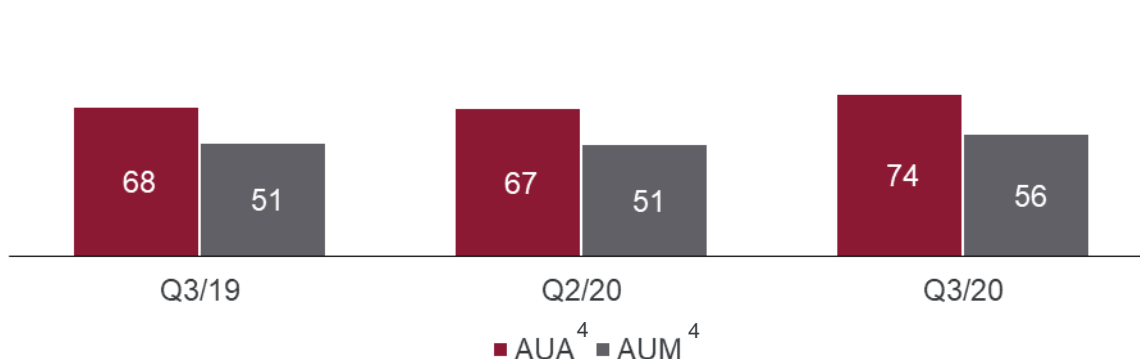
| Adjusted ¹ (C\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 514 | 3% | (1%) |
| Net interest income | 356 | 2% | (6%) |
| Non-interest income | 158 | 4% | 12% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 250 | (4%) | (7%) |
| Pre-Provision Earnings ² | 264 | 10% | 6% |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 160 | NM | (30%) |
| Net Income | 77 | (58%) | NM |

Loans and Deposits – Average (US\$B)



- Continued success in expanding market share and deepening relationships with existing client base help to offset net interest margin pressure
 - Loan balances up 19% YoY; up 12% excluding PPP loans
 - Deposit balances up 36% YoY
 - Adjusted¹ NIM down 48 bps YoY and 29 bps QoQ
- Solid growth in non-interest income YoY despite ongoing market impact on Asset Management fees and slowdown in syndication activity
- Expenses down 4% YoY primarily driven by reduced business development spend
- Provision for Credit Losses:
 - Total PCL ratio of 145 bps
 - PCL ratio on impaired of 38 bps

Wealth Management (US\$B)



¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

² Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

³ Loan amounts are stated before any related allowances or purchase accounting adjustments.

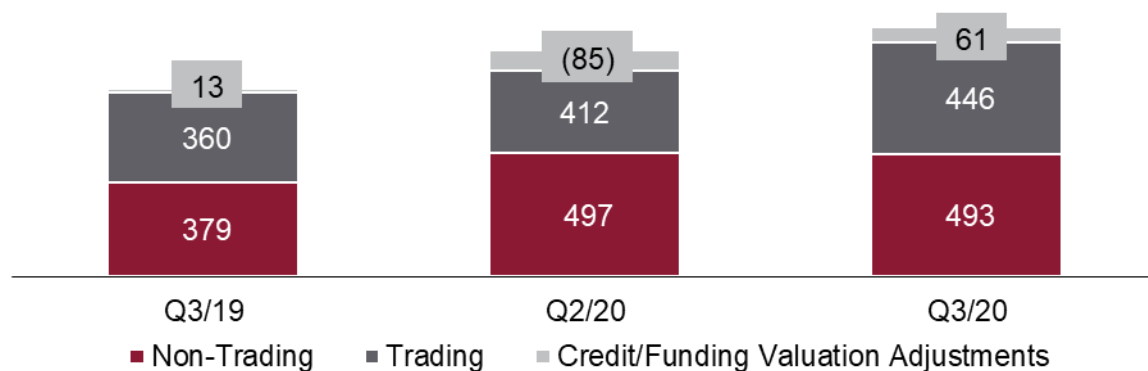
⁴ Assets under management (AUM) are included in assets under administration (AUA).

Capital Markets – strong and well-diversified results in a record quarter

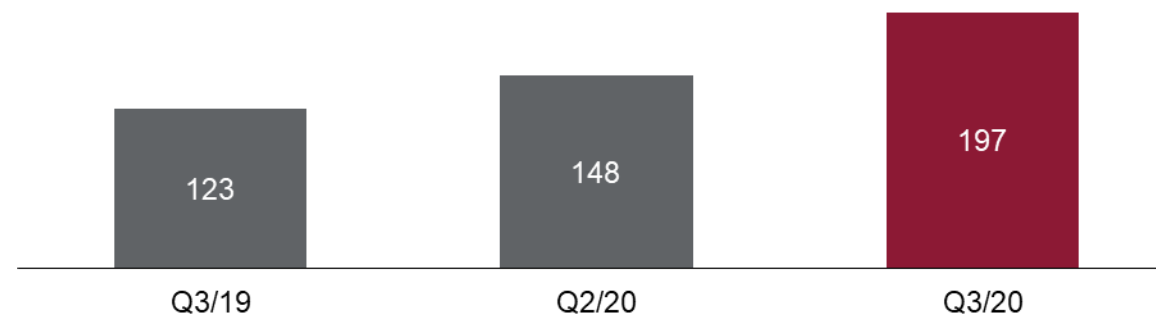
| Reported & Adjusted ¹ (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|---|------------|------------|-----------|
| Revenue ² | 1,000 | 33% | 21% |
| Net interest income | 524 | 55% | 14% |
| Non-interest income | 476 | 15% | 31% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 413 | 6% | (1%) |
| Pre-Provision Earnings ³ | 587 | 62% | 45% |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 61 | 45% | (73%) |
| Net Income | 392 | 67% | NM |

- Strong revenue growth YoY, mainly due to:
 - Higher trading revenues in Interest Rates and Commodities
 - Strong performance in Corporate Banking with commitments up 10%
 - Higher debt and equity underwriting activity
- Continued diversified growth in the U.S.
- Higher expenses primarily driven by investments in strategic initiatives and higher performance-based compensation
- Provision for Credit Losses:
 - Total PCL ratio of 62 bps
 - PCL ratio on impaired of 57 bps

Revenue (\$MM)²



U.S. Region Revenue (US\$MM)²



¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

² Revenue is reported on a taxable equivalent basis (TEB).

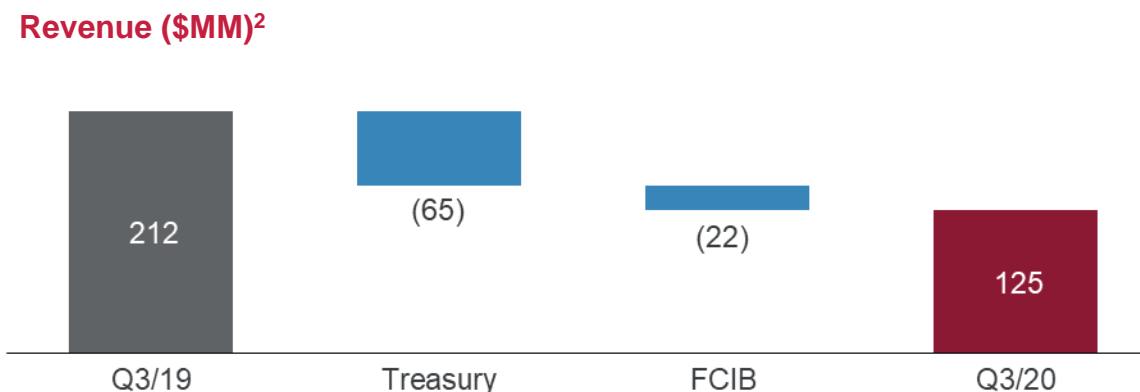
³ Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

Corporate and Other

| Reported (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| Revenue ¹ | 125 | (41%) | (5%) |
| Net interest income | (5) | NM | NM |
| Non-interest income | 130 | (14%) | 86% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 353 | 8% | 24% |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 27 | NM | (78%) |
| Net Income | (110) | NM | 36% |

| Adjusted ² (\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| Revenue ¹ | 125 | (41%) | (5%) |
| Net interest income | (5) | NM | NM |
| Non-interest income | 130 | (14%) | 86% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 280 | (13%) | 11% |
| Pre-Provision Earnings ³ | (155) | (41%) | (28%) |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 27 | NM | (78%) |
| Net Income | (56) | NM | 60% |

- Lower net interest income in FCIB driven by unfavourable rates, and lower fees
- Treasury revenues continue to be impacted by elevated liquidity carried at a higher cost
- Lower expenses due to deferral of some strategic initiatives as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic
- Provision for Credit Losses:
 - Total PCL ratio of 104 bps
 - PCL ratio on impaired of 19 bps



¹ Revenue is reported on a taxable equivalent basis (TEB).

² Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

³ Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

Risk Review

Shawn Beber

Senior Executive Vice-President, Chief Risk Officer & General Counsel



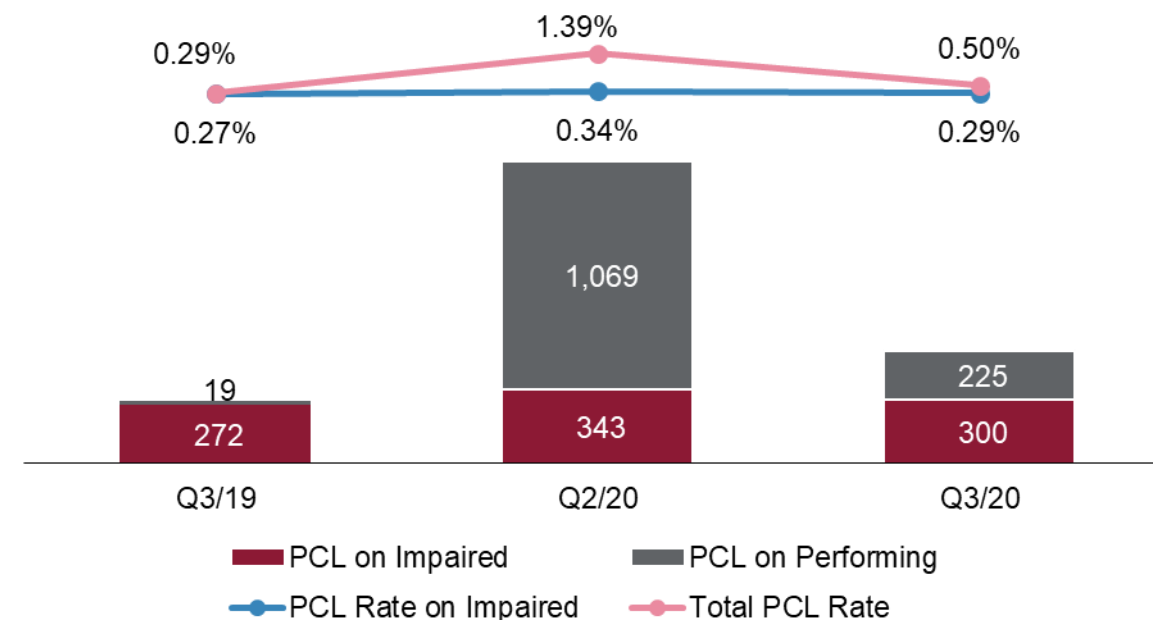
Provision for credit losses lower in both impaired and performing loans

| Reported & Adjusted ¹ (\$MM) | Q3/19 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 |
|---|------------|--------------|------------|
| Cdn. Personal & Business Banking | 204 | 654 | 220 |
| Impaired | 197 | 208 | 151 |
| Performing | 7 | 446 | 69 |
| Cdn. Commercial Banking & Wealth | 17 | 186 | 57 |
| Impaired | 15 | 62 | 45 |
| Performing | 2 | 124 | 12 |
| U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth | 29 | 230 | 160 |
| Impaired | 38 | 20 | 42 |
| Performing | (9) | 210 | 118 |
| Capital Markets | 42 | 222 | 61 |
| Impaired | 18 | 36 | 56 |
| Performing | 24 | 186 | 5 |
| Corporate & Other | (1) | 120 | 27 |
| Impaired | 4 | 17 | 6 |
| Performing | (5) | 103 | 21 |
| Total PCL | 291 | 1,412 | 525 |
| Impaired | 272 | 343 | 300 |
| Performing | 19 | 1,069 | 225 |

Provision for Credit Losses up YoY & down QoQ

- Provisions were lower in Q3/20 after raising the performing reserve in Q2/20, but were still higher than the Q3/19 level
- Performing provisions were down QoQ in all business lines
- Impaired provisions were up in U.S. Commercial Banking and Capital Markets, more than offset by lower provisions in Canadian P&BB and Canadian Commercial

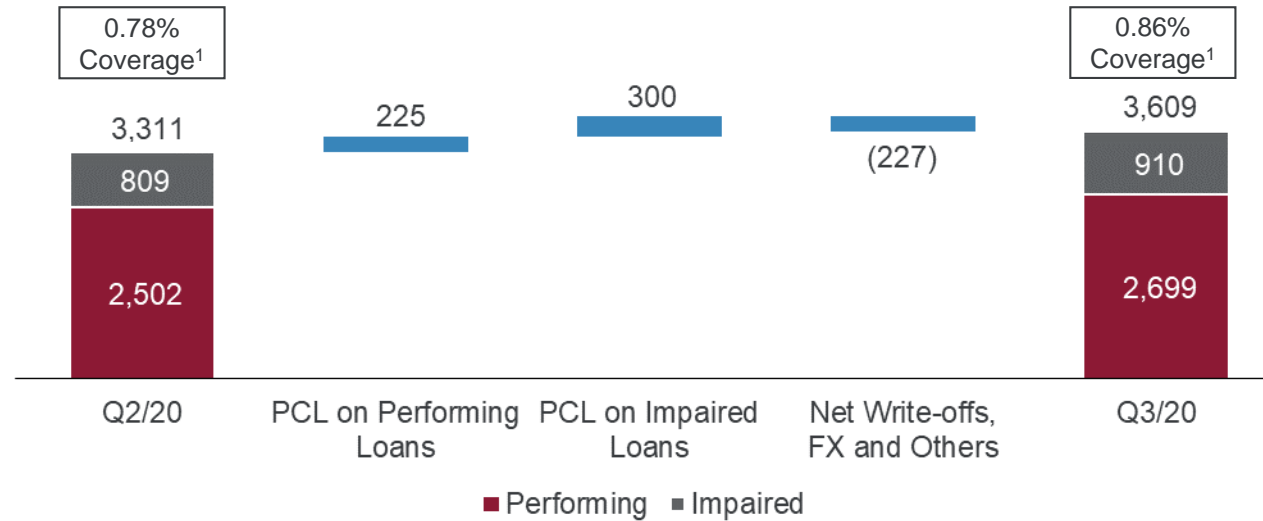
Provision for Credit Losses Ratio



¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

Increased allowance to reflect the current economic backdrop

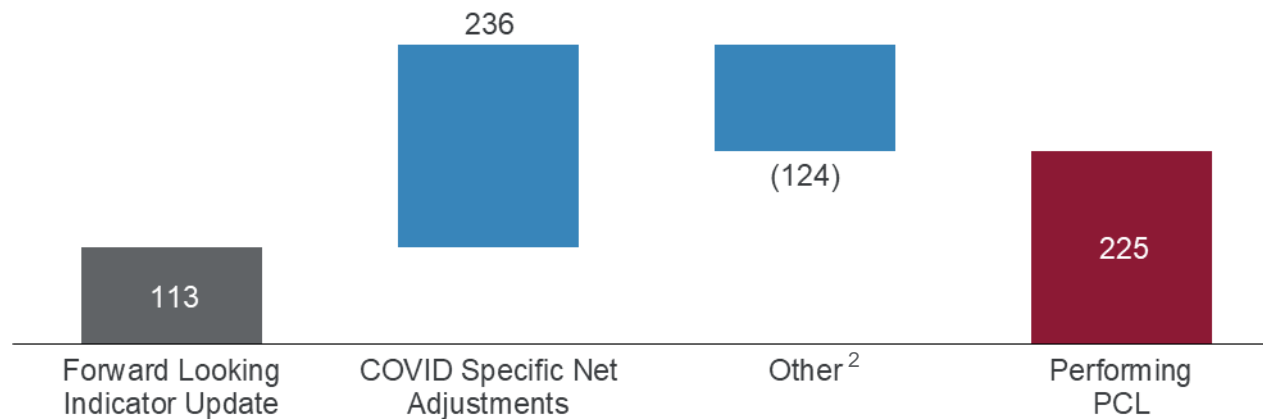
Allowance for Credit Losses (\$MM)



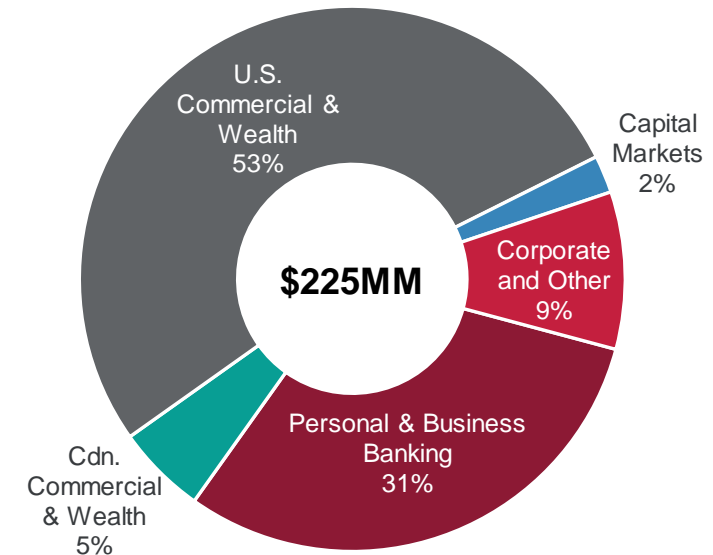
Allowance for Credit Losses up YoY & QoQ

- Performing allowance increased this quarter as a result of updates to forward looking outlook related to COVID-19
- Impaired allowance increased this quarter due to higher impairments
- Coverage¹ increased to 86 basis points based on the current economic headwinds

Provision on Performing Loans (\$MM)



Provision on Performing Loans by Business Segment



¹ Allowance for credit loss to gross carrying amount of loans. The gross carrying amount of loans include certain loans that are measured at FVTPL.

² Other includes credit migration, model parameter updates and other movements.

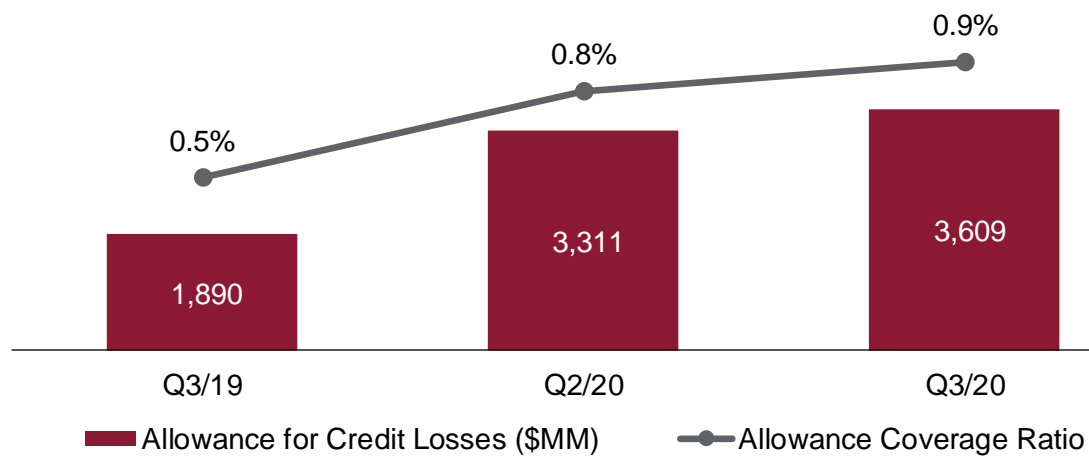
Increased allowance to reflect the current economic backdrop

| Reported | Q3/19 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Canadian Credit Cards | 3.6% | 6.3% | 6.2% |
| Canadian Residential Mortgages | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| Canadian Personal Lending | 1.2% | 1.8% | 2.0% |
| Canadian Small Business | 2.2% | 2.7% | 3.4% |
| Canadian Commercial Banking | 0.3% | 0.8% | 0.9% |
| U.S. Commercial Banking | 0.5% | 0.9% | 1.2% |
| Capital Markets | 0.3% | 0.8% | 1.1% |
| CIBC FirstCaribbean (FCIB) | 3.6% | 4.6% | 4.8% |
| Total | 0.5% | 0.8% | 0.9% |

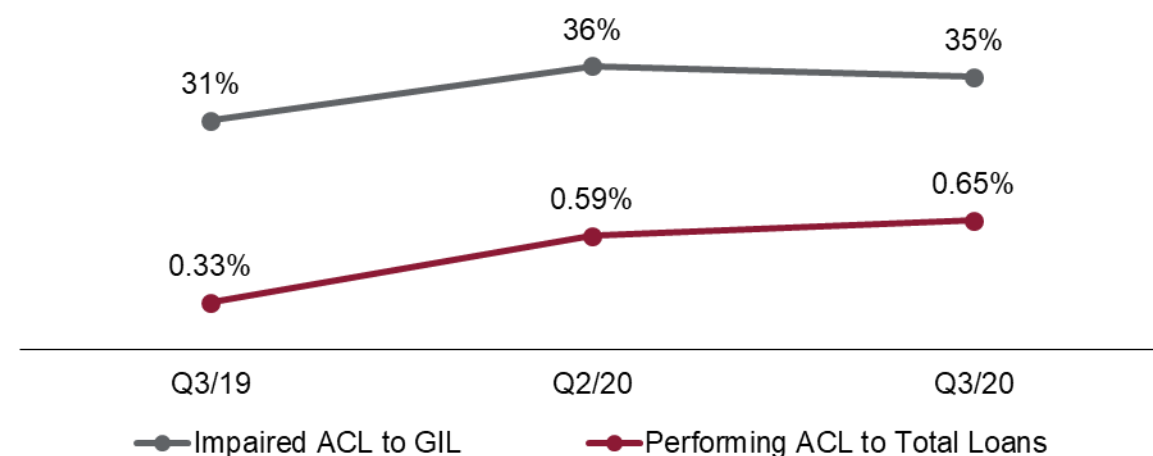
Allowance coverages were up YoY and QoQ

- Reflective of updates to forward looking indicators, and increased provisions related to COVID-19

Total Allowance Coverage Ratio¹



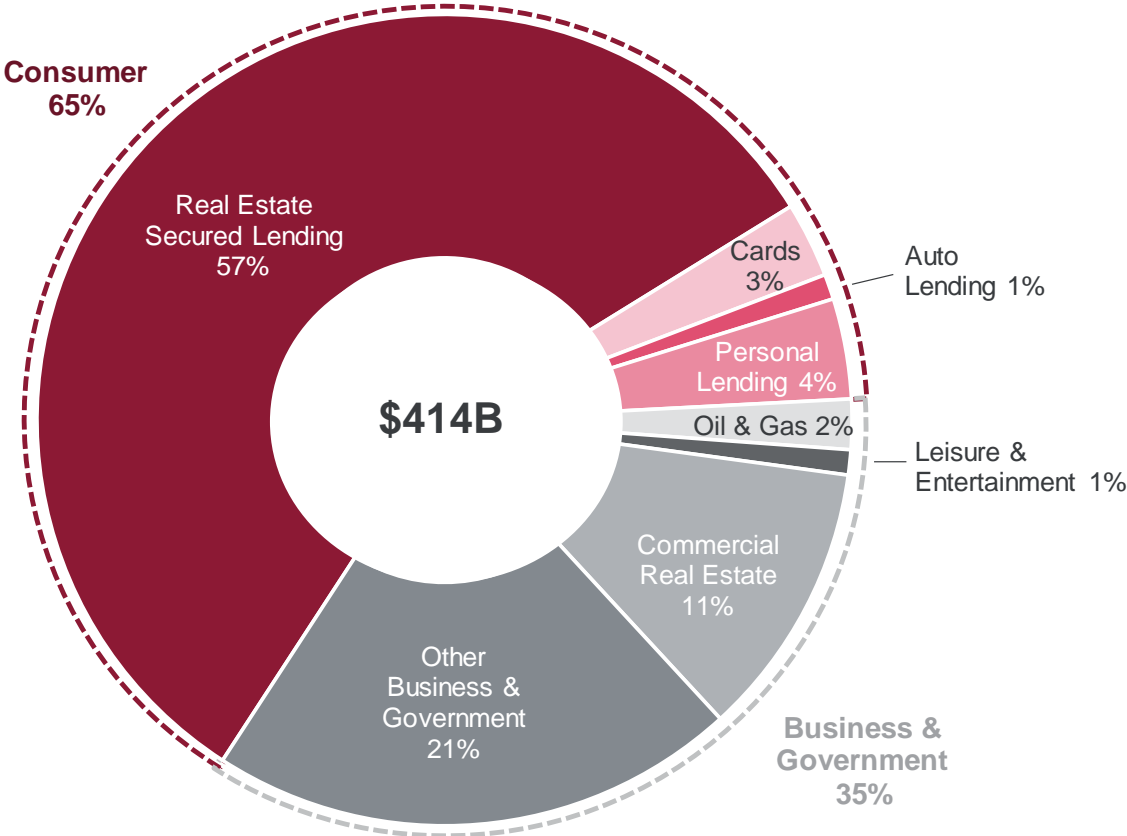
Performing and Impaired Allowance Coverage Ratios



¹ Allowance for credit loss to gross carrying amount of loans. The gross carrying amount of loans include certain loans that are measured at FVTPL.

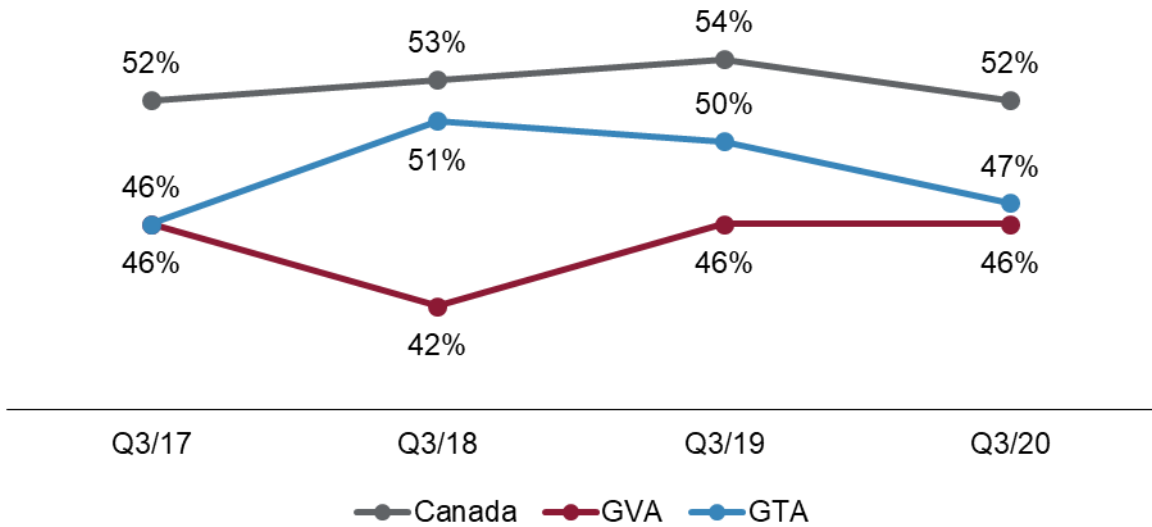
Lending portfolio mix remains sound

Overall Loan Mix (Outstanding)



- Nearly two-thirds of our portfolio is consumer lending composed mainly of mortgages, with uninsured having an average loan-to-value of 52%
- Oil and gas is 2.3% of the loan portfolio; 43% investment grade
- The balance of our portfolio is in business and government lending with an average risk rating equivalent¹ to a BBB+, with minimal exposure to the leisure and entertainment sectors

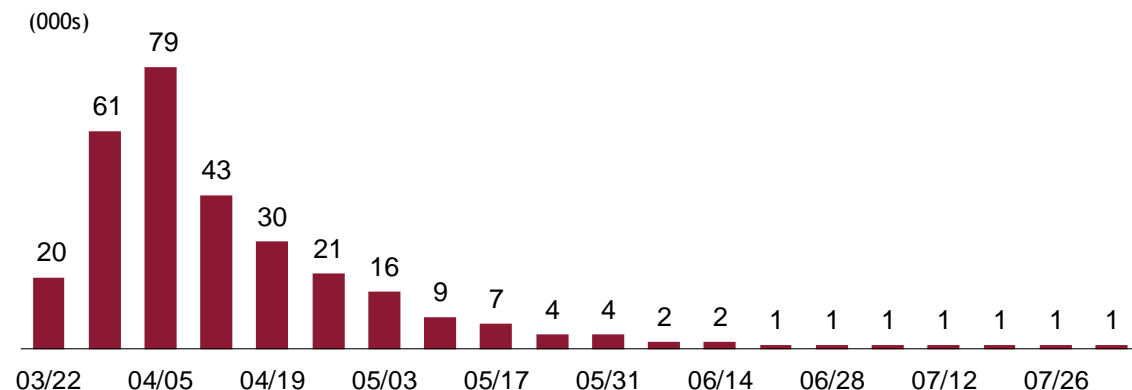
Canadian Uninsured Mortgage Loan-To-Value Ratios



¹ Incorporates security pledged; equivalent to S&P/Moody's rating of BBB+/Baa1.

The majority of client accommodation to roll-off next quarter

Weekly Account Accommodations - Canadian Personal Banking



- New accommodation requests have decreased and stabilized this quarter
- The majority of our exposure in the deferral program are in Mortgages (90%)
- Nearly all credit card accommodations have been completed and have returned to regular payments
- Overall payment patterns observed are within expectation

Payment Deferrals

| | Q2 Balance (\$B) | Q2 Accounts (# 000s) | Q3 Balance (\$B) | Q3 Accounts (# 000s) | Current or ≤30d past due at time of request ³ | Additional Details |
|--|------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Canadian Personal Banking | | | | | | |
| Mortgages | 35.5 | 108 | 33.3 | 99 | 98% | Uninsured: Average FICO: 723; Average LTV: 58% |
| Credit Cards | 1.8 | 270 | - | 1 | | Average FICO: 665 |
| <i>Reactive</i> | 0.8 | 75 | - | 1 | 98% | Average FICO: 692 |
| <i>Proactive</i> | 1.0 | 195 | - | - | 68% | Average FICO: 639 |
| Other Personal Lending | 2.3 | 70 | 0.8 | 23 | 99% | Average FICO: 694 |
| Canadian Business Banking¹ | 8.6 | 6 | 2.4 | 3 | 99% | |
| U.S. Region (US\$)² | 0.6 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 100% | |



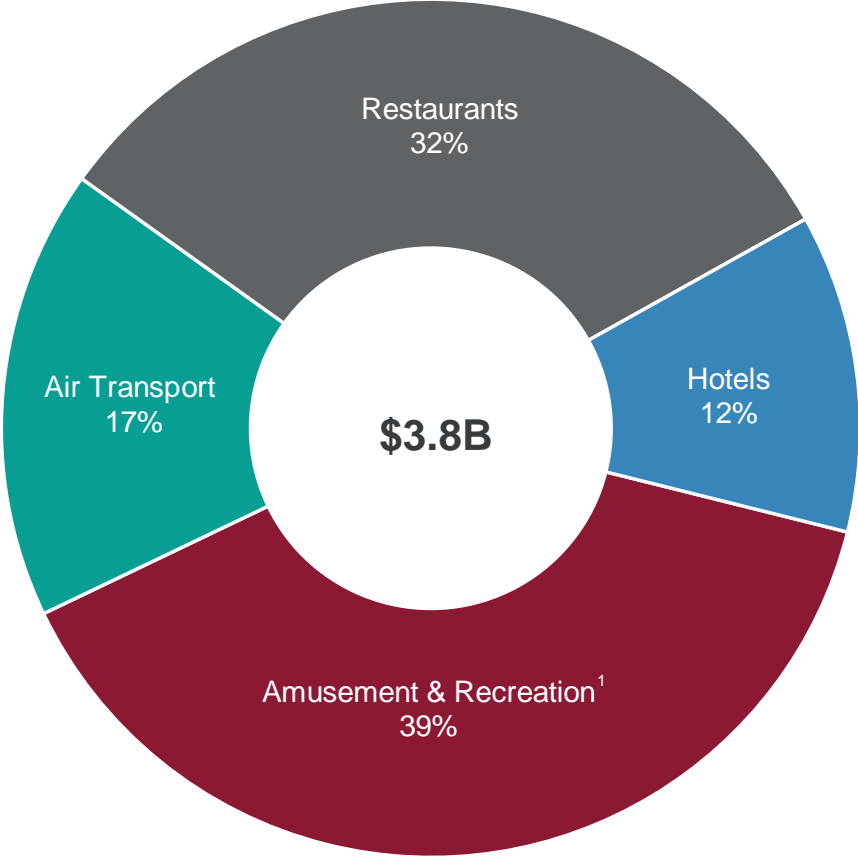
¹ Includes Business Banking from the Canadian Personal & Business Banking, Canadian Commercial Banking & Wealth Management and Capital Markets segments.

² Includes U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management.

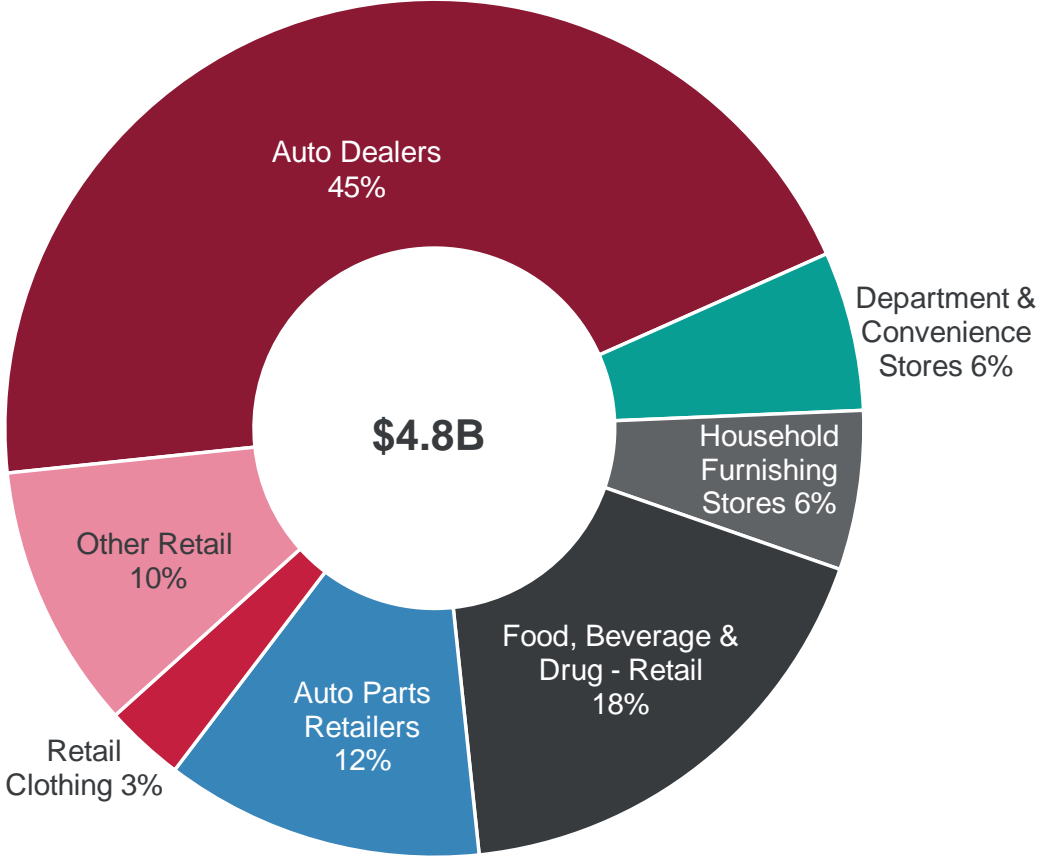
³ Based on total balances.

Exposure to vulnerable sectors represents 2% of our lending portfolio

Leisure & Entertainment Loans Outstanding



Retailer Loans Outstanding



- 29% of drawn loans investment grade²
- The U.S. comprises 18% of drawn exposure

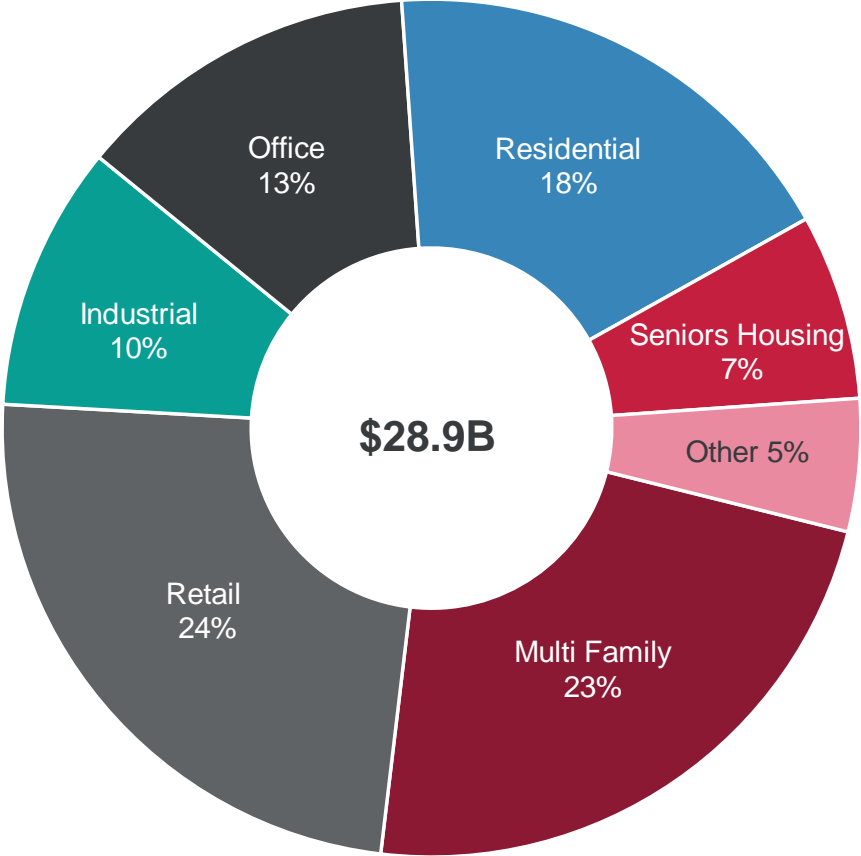
- 47% of drawn loans investment grade²
- The U.S. comprises 5% of drawn exposure



¹ Includes amusement services, gambling operations, sports clubs, horse racing, movie theaters, ski facilities, golf courses, etc.
² Incorporates security pledged; equivalent to S&P/Moody's rating of BBB-/Baa3 or higher.

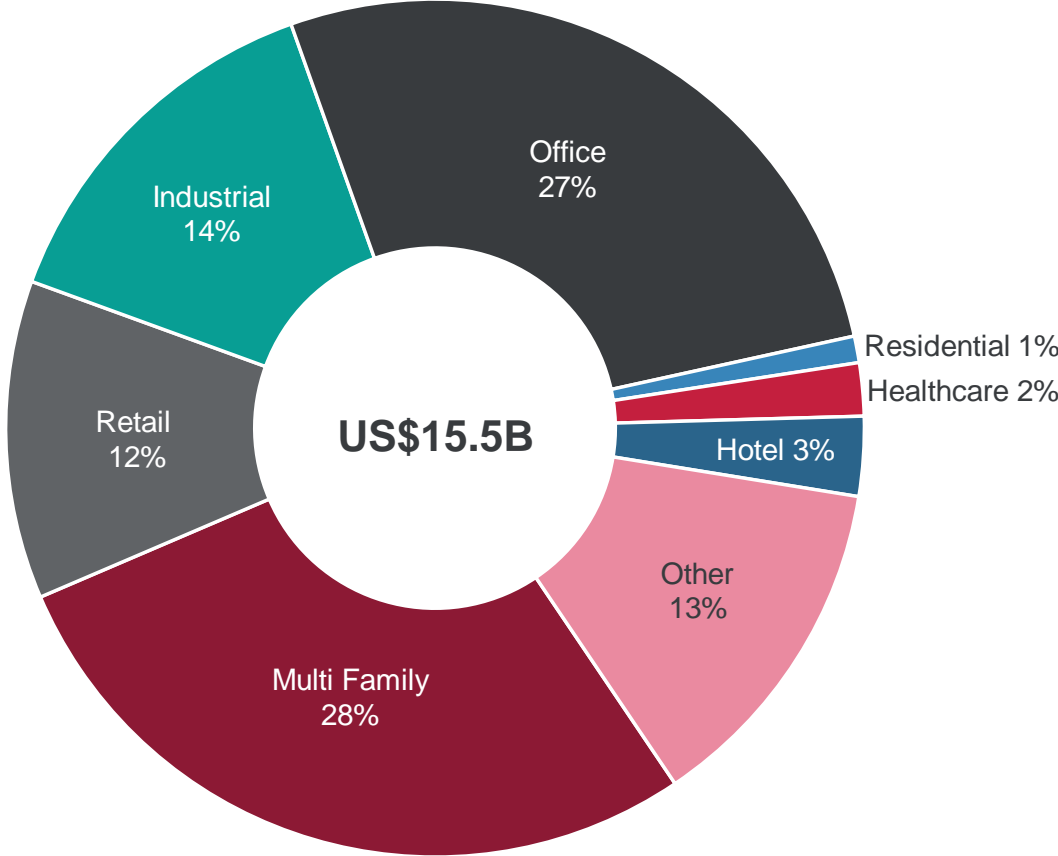
Commercial Real Estate exposure remains diversified

Canadian Commercial Real Estate Exposure by Sector¹



- 68% of drawn loans investment grade³

U.S. Commercial Real Estate Exposure by Sector²



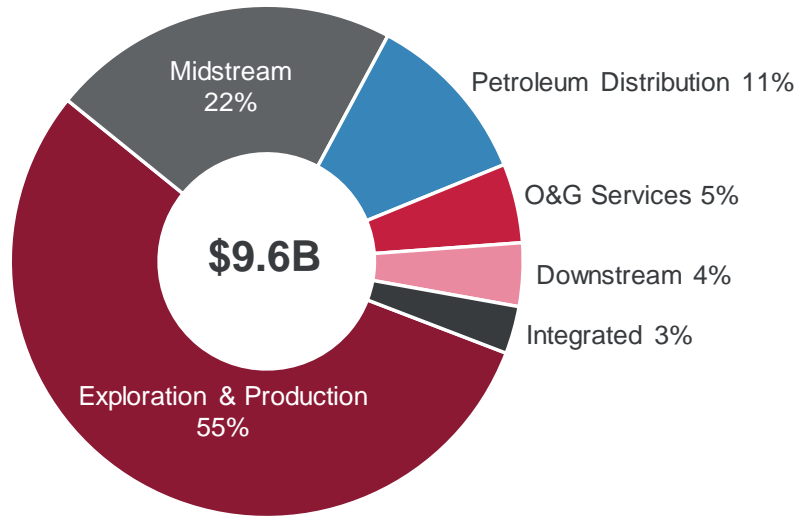
- 35% of drawn loans investment grade³



¹ Includes \$2.7B in Multi Family that is included in residential mortgages in the Supplementary Financial Information package.
² Includes US\$702 million in loans that are included in other industries in the Supplementary Financial Information package but are included because of the nature of the security.
³ Incorporates security pledged; equivalent to S&P/Moody's rating of BBB-/Baa3 or higher.

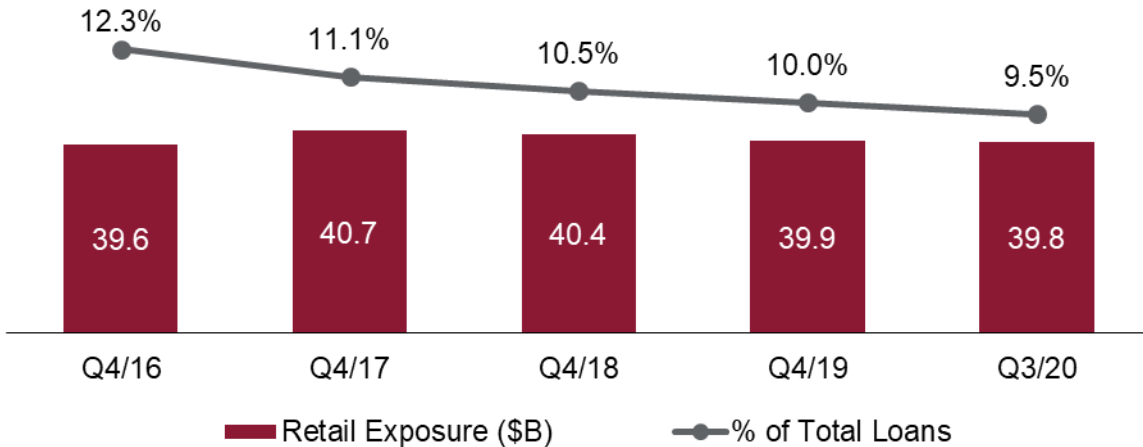
Exposure to Oil & Gas represents 2.3% of our lending portfolio

Oil & Gas Mix (Outstanding)

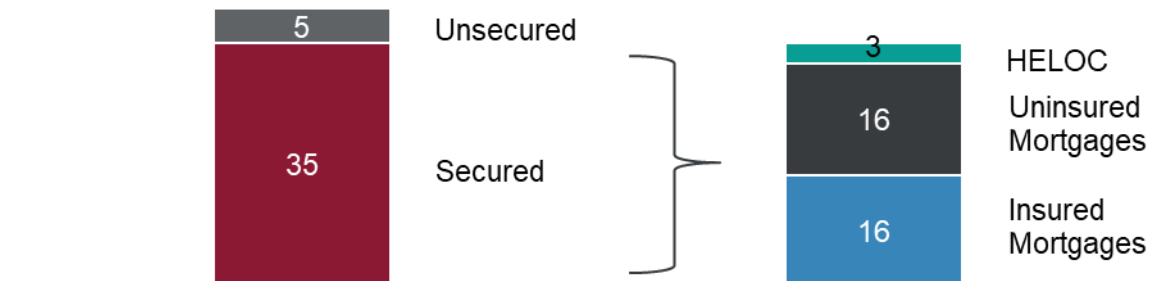


- \$9.6B drawn exposure in Q3/20
 - 43% investment grade
 - The U.S. comprises 35% of drawn loan exposure
- 80% of undrawn exposure is investment grade
- \$39.8B of retail exposure¹ to oil provinces² (\$31.6B mortgages)
- Alberta accounts for \$31.5B or 79% of the retail exposure¹
- 87% of retail loans are secured
- Exposure represents 15% of total retail loans
- Average LTV³ of 67% in the uninsured mortgage portfolio

Retail Exposure in Oil Provinces



Retail Drawn Exposure (\$B) in Oil Provinces



¹ Comprises mortgages, HELOC, unsecured personal lines and loans, and credit cards.

² Alberta, Saskatchewan and Newfoundland and Labrador.

³ LTV ratios for residential mortgages are calculated based on weighted average.

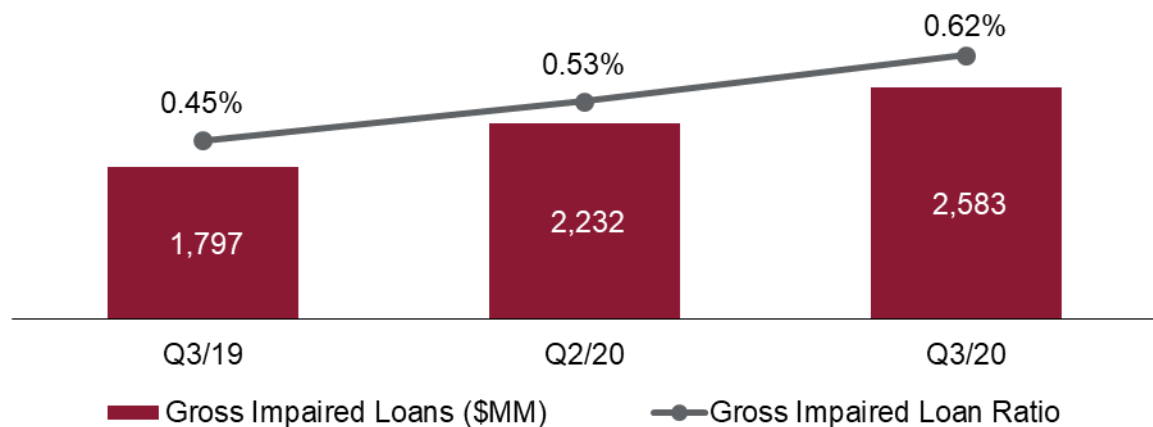
Credit Quality — gross impaired loans trended higher

| Reported | Q3/19 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Canadian Residential Mortgages | 0.27% | 0.32% | 0.36% |
| Canadian Personal Lending | 0.34% | 0.44% | 0.38% |
| Business & Government Loans ¹ | 0.58% | 0.67% | 0.91% |
| CIBC FirstCaribbean (FCIB) | 4.12% | 3.87% | 3.72% |
| Total | 0.45% | 0.53% | 0.62% |

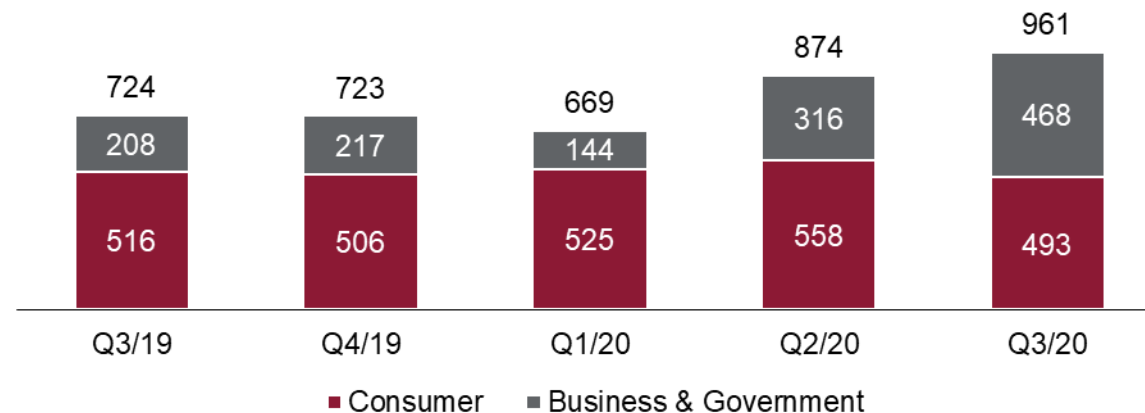
Balances were up YoY and QoQ

- Higher impairments in both consumer loans and business and government loans
- Impacts related to COVID-19 and continued pressure on oil prices
- A few new impairments in the business and government portfolio

Gross Impaired Loan Ratio



New Formations (\$MM)



¹ Excludes CIBC FirstCaribbean business & government loans.

Credit Quality — Canadian Consumer

| Reported Net Write-Offs | Q3/19 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Canadian Residential Mortgages | 0.01% | 0.01% | 0.01% |
| Canadian Credit Cards | 3.34% | 3.68% | 1.84% |
| Personal Lending | 0.72% | 0.81% | 0.74% |
| Total | 0.28% | 0.29% | 0.20% |

Net write-offs were down YoY & QoQ

- Due to lower insolvencies. The decrease was in line with the national Canadian trend, as a result of limited consumer filing channels.
- The low level of write-offs was due to assistance offered to clients from our payment deferral programs, as well as from government support.

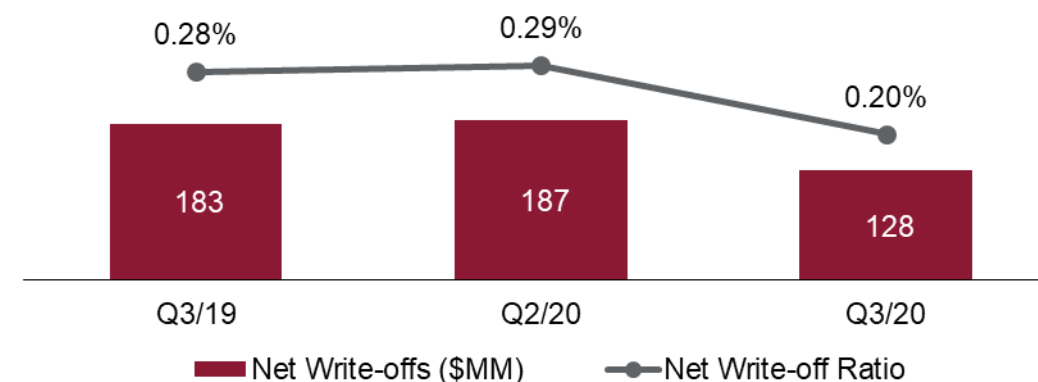
| 90+ Days Delinquency Rates | Q3/19 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Canadian Residential Mortgages | 0.27% | 0.32% | 0.36% |
| Uninsured | 0.22% | 0.28% | 0.34% |
| Insured | 0.38% | 0.45% | 0.43% |
| Canadian Credit Cards | 0.70% | 0.66% | 0.43% |
| Personal Lending | 0.34% | 0.44% | 0.38% |
| Total | 0.31% | 0.36% | 0.40% |

90+ Days Delinquency rates up YoY & QoQ

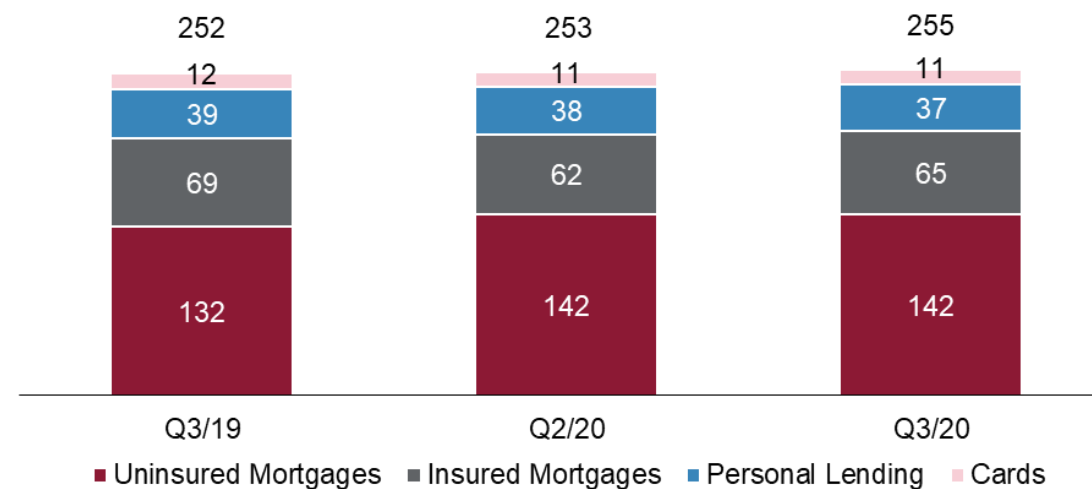
- Increase in residential mortgages is due to the stopping of collection efforts during the peak COVID period. Delinquencies are expected to trend lower in Q4/20.
- Excluding the benefit of payment deferrals, the delinquency rates on residential mortgages, credit cards and personal lending would have been 40 bps, 102 bps and 39 bps, respectively.



Net Write-off Ratio



Balances (\$B; spot)

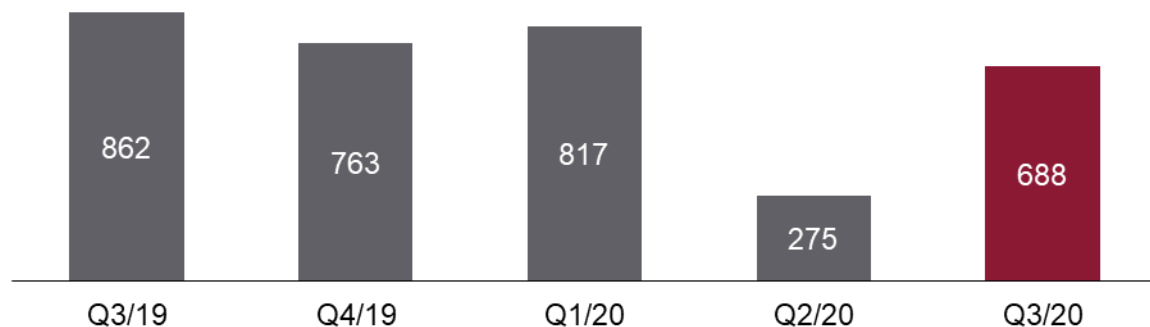


Appendix

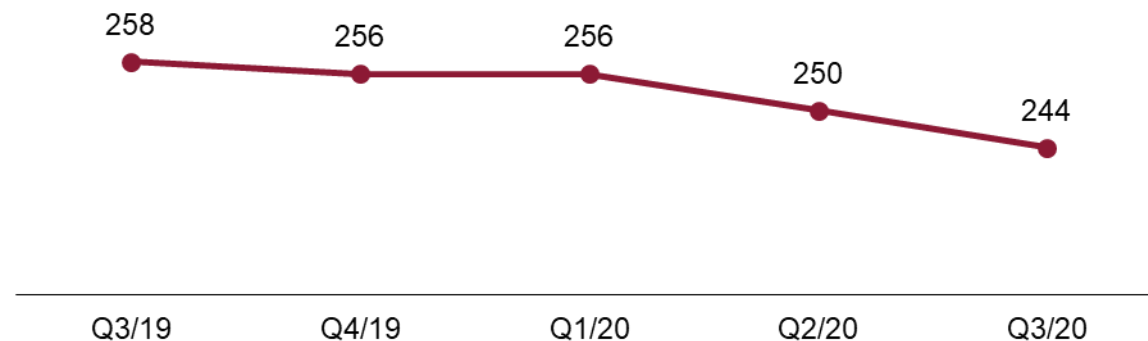


Canadian Personal and Commercial Banking

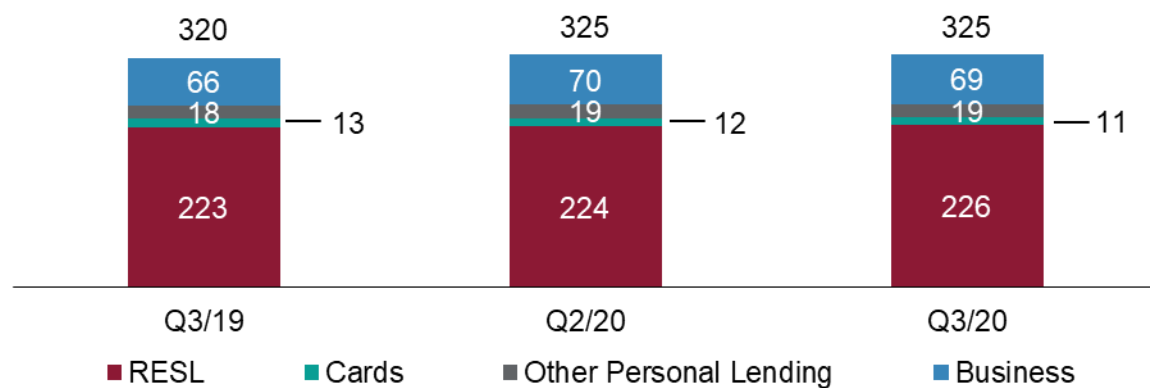
Net Income – Adjusted (\$MM)¹



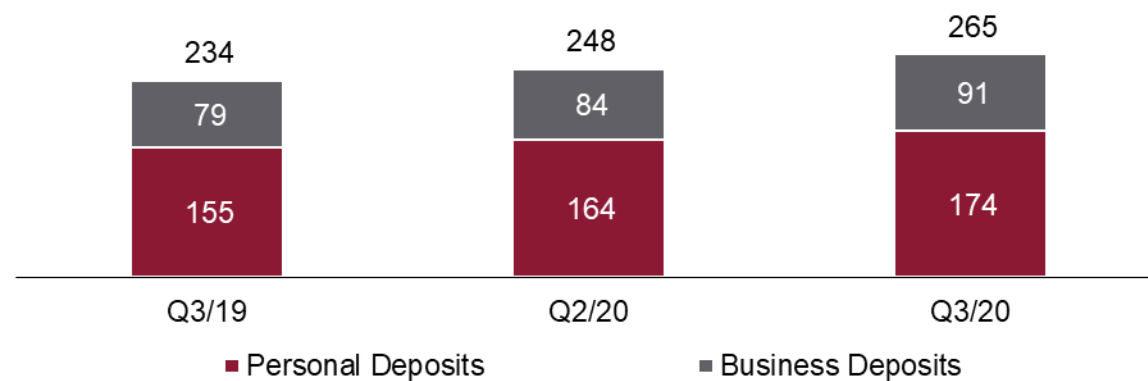
Net Interest Margin (bps)



Average Loans & Acceptances² (\$B)



Average Deposits (\$B)

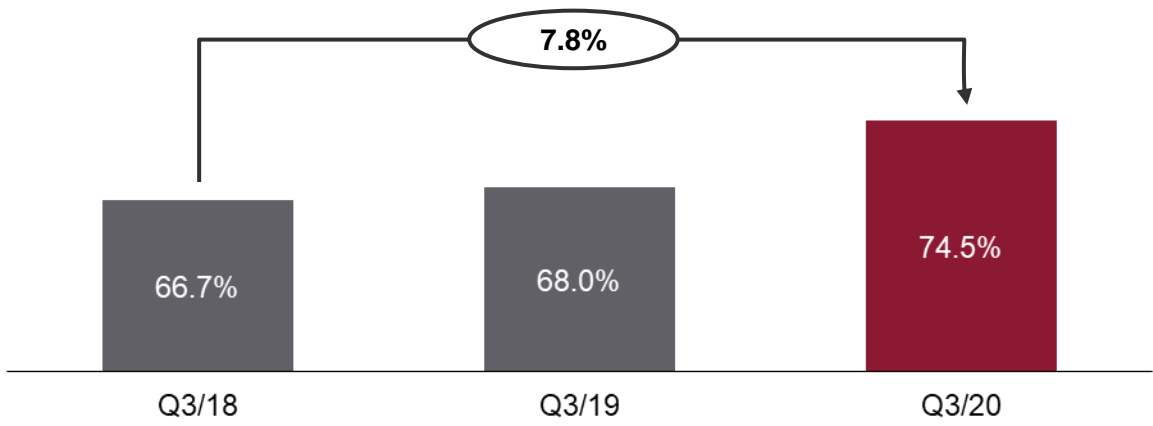


¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

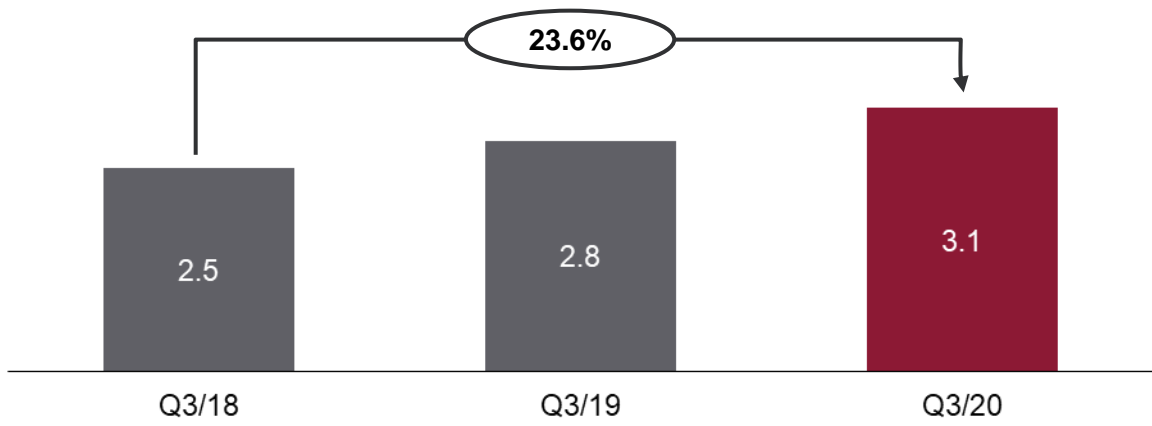
² Loan amounts are stated before any related allowances.

Canadian Personal Banking Digital Transformation¹

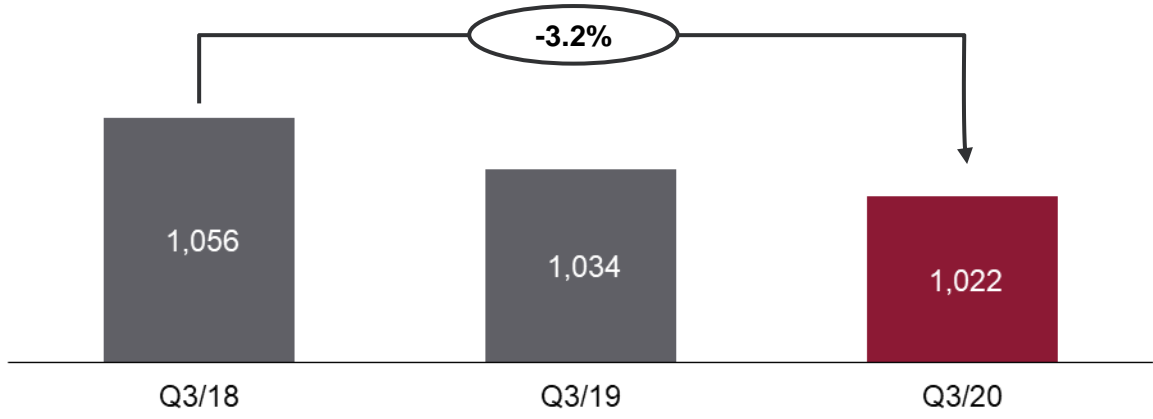
Digital Adoption Rate²



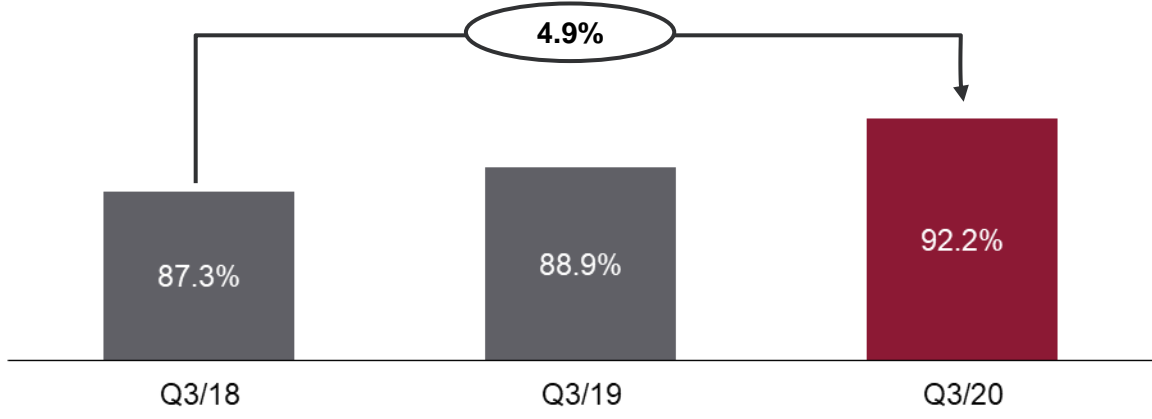
Active Mobile Users³ (Millions)



Banking Centres



Self-Serve Transactions⁴ (%)



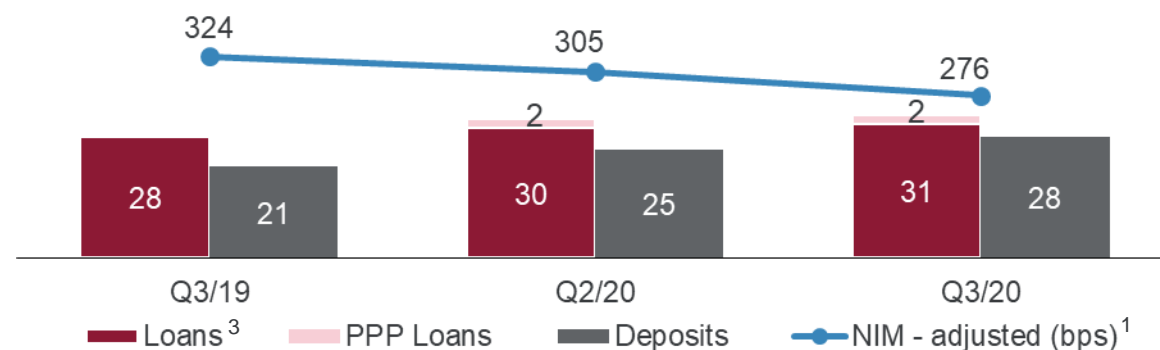
¹ Excludes Simplii Financial.
² Digital Adoption Rate calculated using 90-day active users.
³ Active Mobile Users represent the 90-day Active clients in Canadian Personal Banking.
⁴ Reflect financial transactions only.

U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management (US\$)

| Reported (US\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 379 | (1%) | 1% |
| Net interest income | 262 | (3%) | (4%) |
| Non-interest income | 117 | 2% | 15% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 199 | (6%) | (6%) |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 121 | NM | (27%) |
| Net Income | 44 | (66%) | NM |

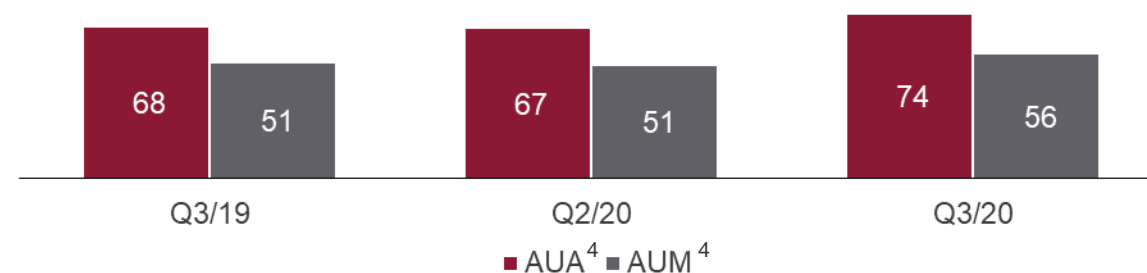
| Adjusted ¹ (US\$MM) | Q3/20 | YoY | QoQ |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Revenue | 379 | 0% | 1% |
| Net interest income | 262 | (0%) | (4%) |
| Non-interest income | 117 | 2% | 15% |
| Non-Interest Expenses | 183 | (6%) | (7%) |
| Pre-Provision Earnings ² | 196 | 7% | 10% |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 121 | NM | (27%) |
| Net Income | 55 | (60%) | NM |

Loans and Deposits – Average (US\$B)



- Continued success in expanding market share and deepening relationships with existing client base helped to offset net interest margin pressure
 - Loan balances up 19% YoY; up 12% excluding PPP loans
 - Deposit balances up 36% YoY
 - Adjusted¹ NIM down 48 bps YoY and 29 bps QoQ
- Solid growth in non-interest income YoY despite ongoing market impact on Asset Management fees and slowdown in syndication activity
- Expenses down 6% YoY primarily driven by reduced business development spend
- Provision for Credit Losses:
 - Total PCL ratio of 145 bps
 - PCL ratio on impaired of 38 bps

Wealth Management (US\$B)



¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.

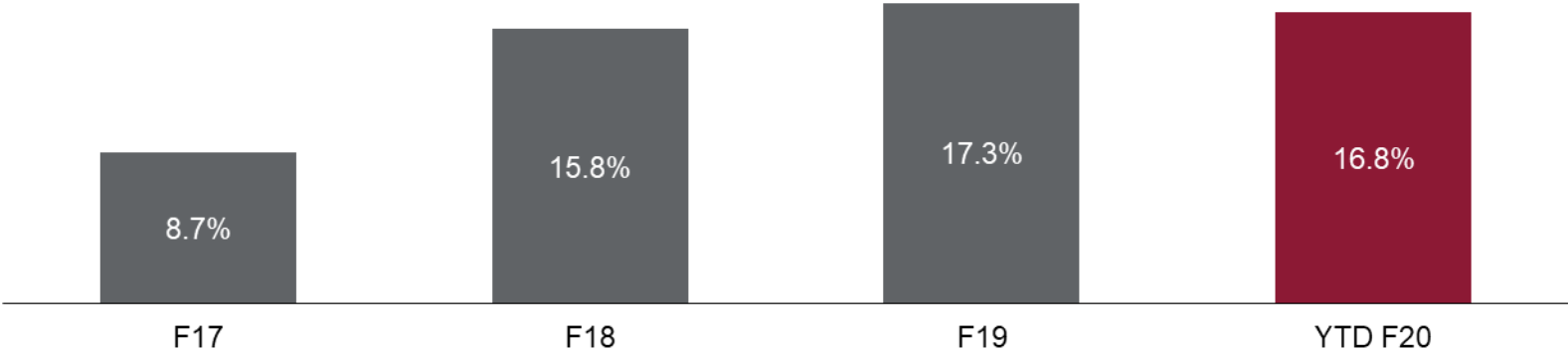
² Pre-provision earnings is revenue net of non-interest expenses and is a non-GAAP measure. See slide 36 for further details.

³ Loan amounts are stated before any related allowances or purchase accounting adjustments.

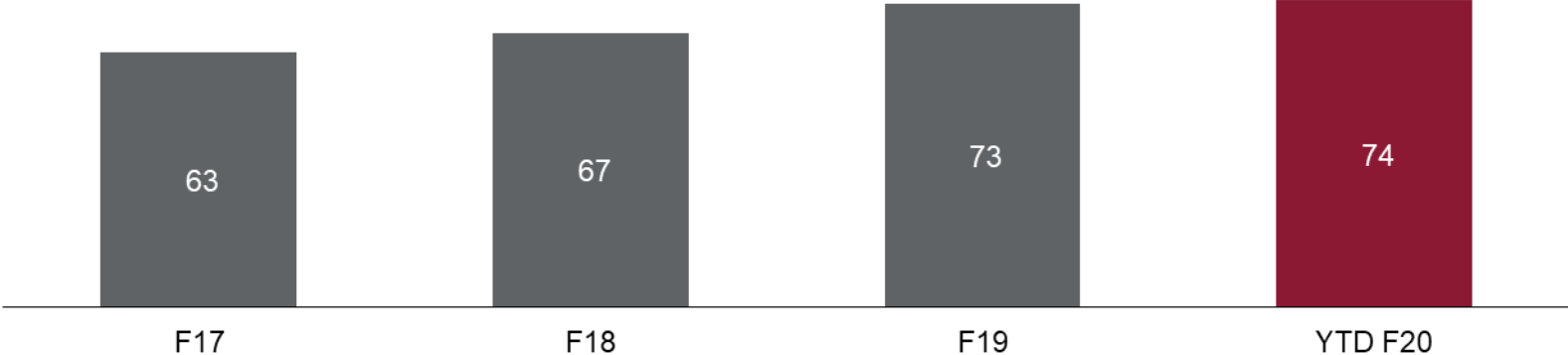
⁴ Assets under management (AUM) are included in assets under administration (AUA).

Improved Diversification - Growth in the U.S. Region

U.S. Region Earnings Contribution – Adjusted¹



U.S Region AUA (US\$B)²



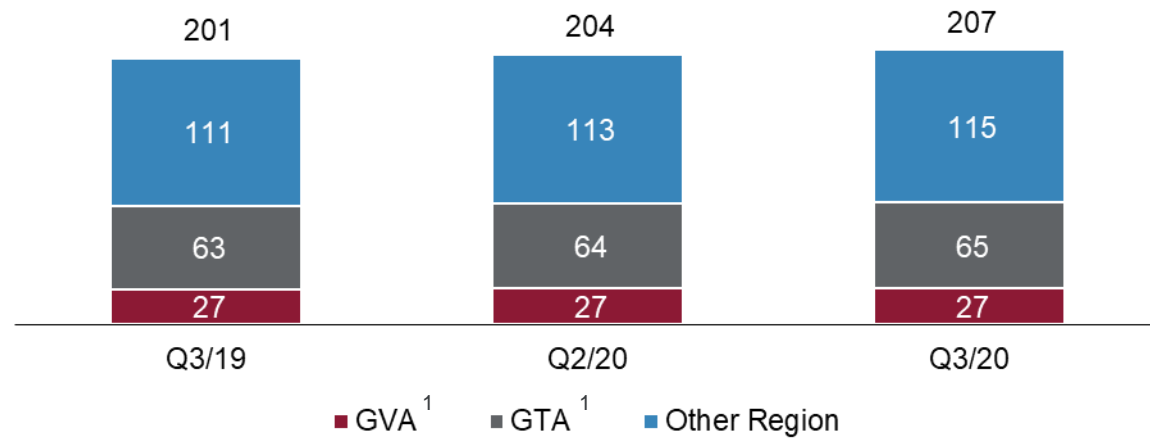
¹ Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 36 for further details.
² Assets under management (AUM) are included in assets under administration (AUA).

Canadian Real Estate Secured Personal Lending

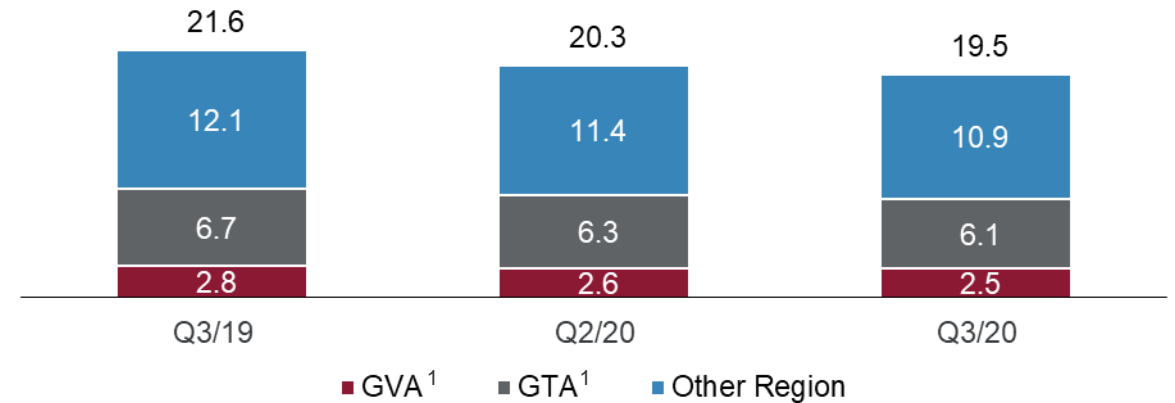
| 90+ Days Delinquency Rates | Q3/19 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|
| Total Mortgages | 0.27% | 0.32% | 0.36% |
| Uninsured Mortgages | 0.22% | 0.28% | 0.34% |
| Uninsured Mortgages in GVA ¹ | 0.16% | 0.18% | 0.23% |
| Uninsured Mortgages in GTA ¹ | 0.14% | 0.18% | 0.26% |
| Uninsured Mortgages in Oil Provinces ² | 0.58% | 0.64% | 0.80% |

- Total mortgage delinquency rate was up due to COVID-19
- The Greater Vancouver Area¹ (GVA) and Greater Toronto Area¹ (GTA) continue to outperform the Canadian average

Mortgage Balances (\$B; spot)



HELOC Balances (\$B; spot)

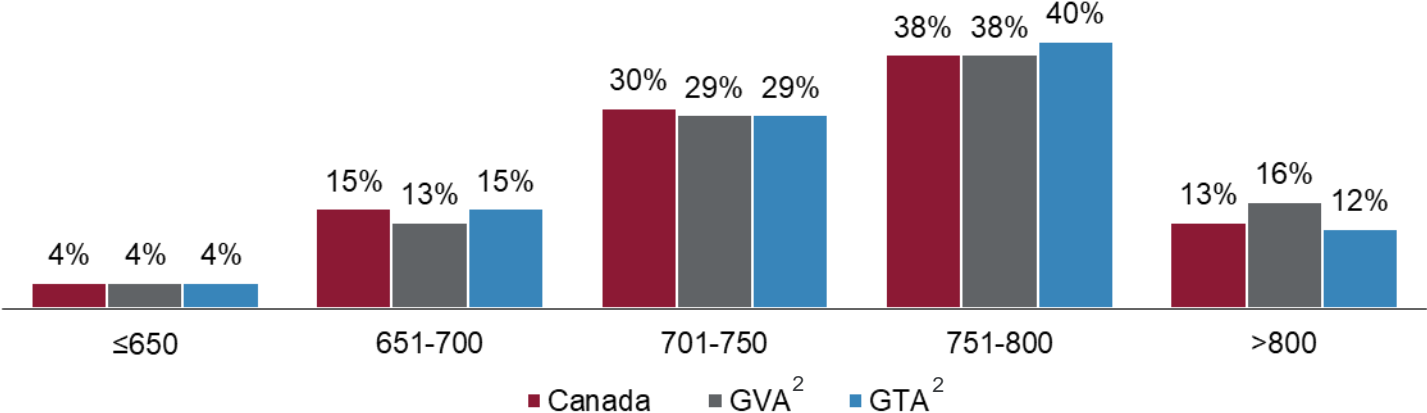


¹ GVA and GTA definitions based on regional mappings from Teranet.

² Alberta, Saskatchewan and Newfoundland and Labrador.

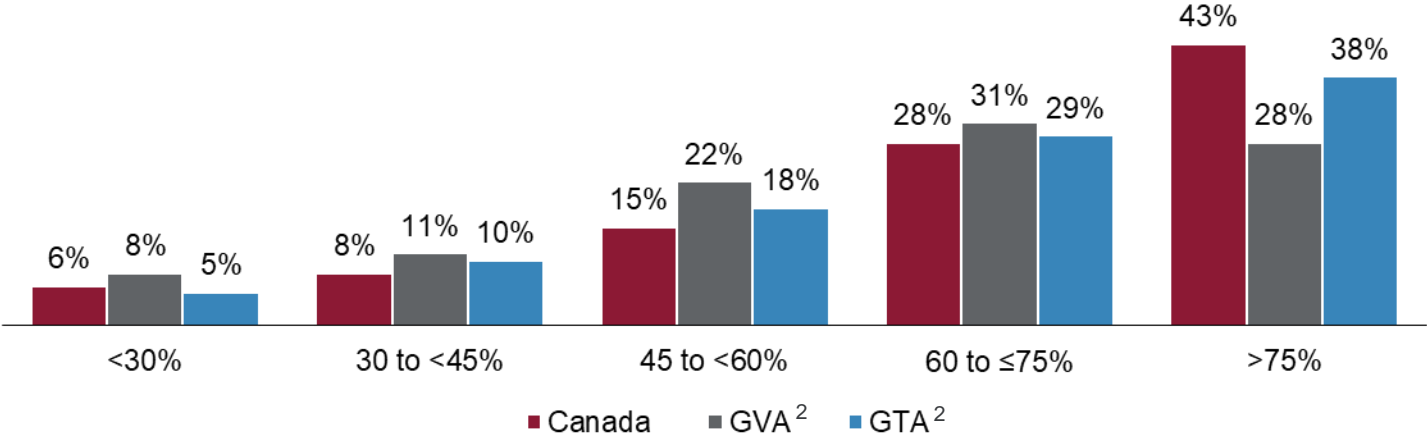
Canadian Uninsured Residential Mortgages — Q3/20 Originations

Beacon Distribution



- Originations of \$11B in Q3/20
- Average LTV¹ in Canada: 63%
 - GVA²: 58%
 - GTA²: 62%

Loan-to-Value (LTV)¹ Distribution

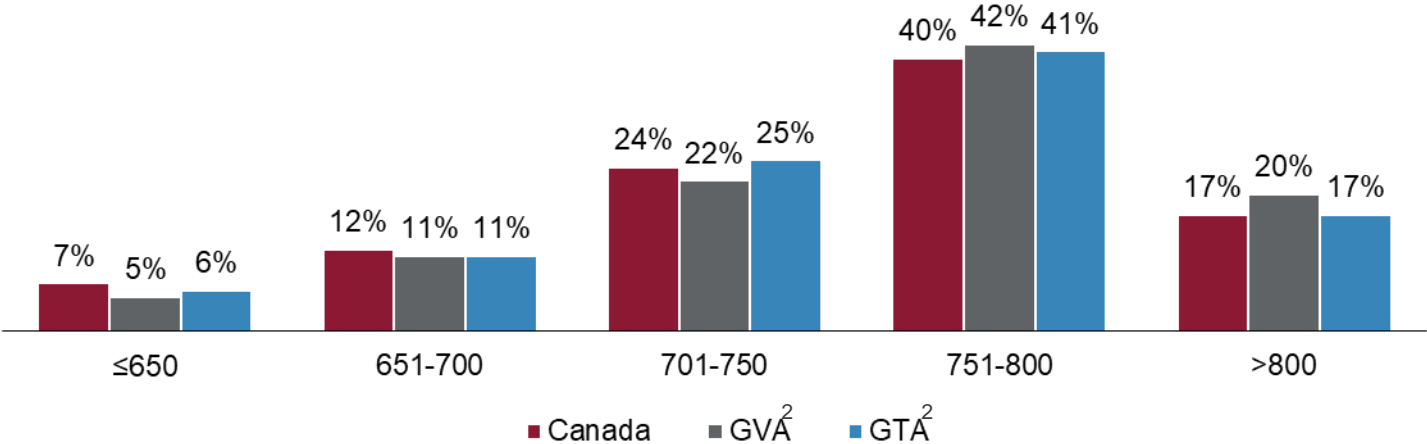


¹ LTV ratios for residential mortgages are calculated based on weighted average. See page 32 of the Q3/20 Quarterly Report for further details.

² GVA and GTA definitions based on regional mappings from Teranet.

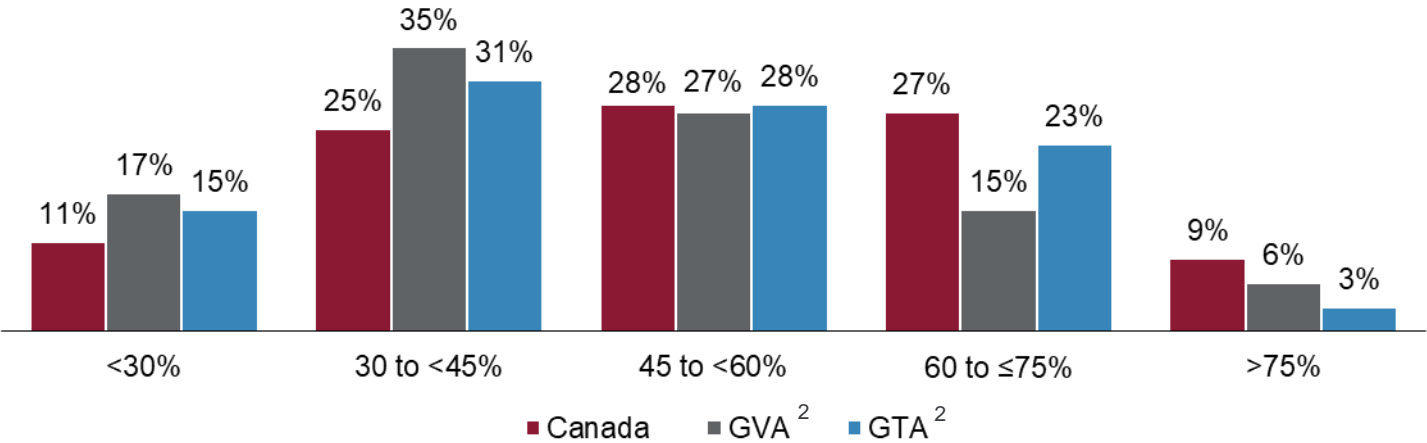
Canadian Uninsured Residential Mortgages

Beacon Distribution



- Better current Beacon and LTV¹ distributions in GVA² and GTA² than the Canadian average
- Less than 1% of this portfolio has a Beacon score of 650 or lower and an LTV¹ over 75%
- Average LTV¹ in Canada: 52%
 - GVA²: 46%
 - GTA²: 47%

Loan-to-Value (LTV)¹ Distribution



¹ LTV ratios for residential mortgages are calculated based on weighted average. See page 32 of the Q3/20 Quarterly Report for further details.

² GVA and GTA definitions based on regional mappings from Teranet.

Forward-looking Information Variables used to estimate our Expected Credit Loss¹

| Forward-Looking Information Variables | Avg. Value over the next 12 months | Avg. Value over the remaining forecast period | Avg. Value over the next 12 months | Avg. Value over the remaining forecast period | Avg. Value over the next 12 months | Avg. Value over the remaining forecast period |
|--|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| As at July 31, 2020 | Base Case | Base Case | Upside Case | Upside Case | Downside Case | Downside Case |
| Canadian GDP YoY Growth | (0.7)% | 4.3% | 0.8% | 5.5% | (5.3)% | 1.6% |
| US GDP YoY Growth | (0.4)% | 4.6% | 1.4% | 5.4% | (5.1)% | 1.1% |
| Canadian Unemployment Rate | 9.2% | 7.6% | 7.9% | 6.3% | 10.9% | 9.4% |
| US Unemployment Rate | 8.0% | 5.7% | 6.6% | 4.8% | 12.2% | 10.3% |
| Canadian Housing Price Index Growth | (0.3)% | 1.8% | 5.5% | 6.5% | (9.4)% | (2.9)% |
| S&P 500 Index Growth Rate | 4.1% | 4.8% | 9.8% | 8.7% | (13.1)% | (11.8)% |
| West Texas Intermediate Oil Price (US\$) | \$39 | \$48 | \$48 | \$65 | \$32 | \$39 |

| Forward-Looking Information Variables | Avg. Value over the next 12 months | Avg. Value over the remaining forecast period | Avg. Value over the next 12 months | Avg. Value over the remaining forecast period | Avg. Value over the next 12 months | Avg. Value over the remaining forecast period |
|--|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| As at April 30, 2020 | Base Case | Base Case | Upside Case | Upside Case | Downside Case | Downside Case |
| Canadian GDP YoY Growth | (6.6)% | 5.3% | (2.1)% | 6.4% | (9.5)% | 1.4% |
| US GDP YoY Growth | (6.5)% | 5.5% | 1.1% | 7.1% | (10.4)% | 1.5% |
| Canadian Unemployment Rate | 10.9% | 7.1% | 8.9% | 6.0% | 12.8% | 8.7% |
| US Unemployment Rate | 8.9% | 5.4% | 6.0% | 3.9% | 11.3% | 7.1% |
| Canadian Housing Price Index Growth | (3.0)% | 0.8% | (0.1)% | 4.3% | (5.9)% | (2.1)% |
| S&P 500 Index Growth Rate | (5.7)% | 4.8% | 10.3% | 16.6% | (34.8)% | (17.1)% |
| West Texas Intermediate Oil Price (US\$) | \$36 | \$47 | \$51 | \$67 | \$30 | \$32 |



¹ See page 69 of the Q3/20 Quarterly Report for further details.

Q3 2020 Items of Note

| | Pre-Tax Effect (\$MM) | After-Tax & NCI Effect (\$MM) | EPS Effect (\$/Share) | Reporting Segments |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Increase in legal provisions | 70 | 51 | 0.11 | Corporate & Other |
| Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets | 26 | 20 | 0.05 | Canadian Personal & Business Banking U.S. Commercial Banking & Wealth Management Corporate & Other |
| Adjustment to Net Income attributable to common shareholders and EPS | 96 | 71 | 0.16 | |

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use a number of financial measures to assess the performance of our business lines. Some measures are calculated in accordance with GAAP (IFRS), while other measures do not have a standardized meaning under GAAP, and accordingly, these measures may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies. Investors may find these non-GAAP measures useful in understanding how management views underlying business performance.

Adjusted results are non-GAAP financial measures that do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Adjusted results remove items of note from reported results. For further details on items of note, see slide 35 of this presentation.

For additional information about our non-GAAP measures see pages 1 to 3 of the Q3/20 Supplementary Financial Information package and pages 13 and 14 of the 2019 Annual Report available on www.cibc.com.

