

**THIRD PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT  
DATED 4 DECEMBER 2025**



**CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE**  
*(a Canadian chartered bank)*

**Structured Notes Base Prospectus  
Pursuant to the Structured Note Issuance Programme**

This third prospectus supplement (the “**Third Prospectus Supplement**”) dated 4 December 2025 is supplemental to, and must be read in conjunction with, the base prospectus dated 12 May 2025 as supplemented by the first prospectus supplement dated 30 May 2025, the second prospectus supplement dated 29 August 2025 (the “**Second Prospectus Supplement**” and, together with the base prospectus and first prospectus supplement, the “**Prospectus**”) in relation to the Structured Note Issuance Programme (the “**Programme**”) of Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (“**CIBC**” or the “**Issuer**”). The Prospectus comprises a base prospectus for the purposes of Article 8(1) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended, the “**Prospectus Regulation**”) and admission particulars (“**Admission Particulars**”) in respect of Notes to be admitted to trading on the International Securities Market of the London Stock Exchange plc.

This Third Prospectus Supplement constitutes a supplement to the Prospectus for purposes of Article 23(1) of the Prospectus Regulation and has been approved by the *Commission de surveillance du secteur financier* (the “**CSSF**”), in its capacity as competent authority in Luxembourg under the Prospectus Regulation and the Luxembourg Act dated 16 July 2019 relating to prospectuses for securities and supplementary admission particulars in respect of the Admission Particulars for the purpose of the ISM Rulebook.

This Third Prospectus Supplement shall not affect any Notes issued prior to the date hereof.

The purpose of this Third Prospectus Supplement is to:

- (a) incorporate by reference in the Prospectus: (i) CIBC’s 2025 Annual Information Form dated 3 December 2025; and (ii) the latest audited annual financial results of CIBC for the fiscal year ended 31 October 2025 together with the notes thereto and independent auditor’s report thereon (including CIBC’s Management’s Discussion & Analysis thereof) and certain other sections of CIBC’s 2025 Annual Report;
- (b) amend the section of the Prospectus entitled “*Risk Factors*”;
- (c) amend the section of the Prospectus entitled “*Subscription and Sale*”; and
- (d) update paragraph 10. in the General Information section of the Prospectus.

Terms defined in the Prospectus have the same meaning when used in this Third Prospectus Supplement. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between (a) any statement in this Third Prospectus Supplement or any statement incorporated by reference into the Prospectus by this Third Prospectus Supplement and (b) any other statement in, or incorporated by reference in the Prospectus, the statements in (a) above will prevail.

CIBC accepts responsibility for the information in this Third Prospectus Supplement. To the best of the knowledge of CIBC the information contained in this Third Prospectus Supplement is in accordance with the facts and makes no omission likely to affect its import.

Save as disclosed in this Third Prospectus Supplement or in any document incorporated by reference in the Prospectus by virtue of this Third Prospectus Supplement no significant new factor, material

mistake or material inaccuracy relating to the information included in the Prospectus which may affect the assessment of the Notes under the Programme has arisen or been noted, as the case may be, since the publication of the Second Prospectus Supplement.

In accordance with Article 23(2) of Prospectus Regulation, investors who have already agreed to purchase or subscribe for the Notes before this Third Prospectus Supplement is published have the right, exercisable within three working days after publication of this Third Prospectus Supplement, to withdraw their acceptances. The final date of the right of withdrawal will be 9 December 2025. To exercise the right of withdrawal investors may contact the Issuer at 81 Bay Street, CIBC Square, Toronto, Ontario Canada M5J 0E7, Attention: Investor Relations.

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following information supplements the section entitled “Documents Incorporated by Reference” at pages 102 to 105 of the Prospectus and further updates the list of documents incorporated by reference in the Prospectus. The following documents, each of which has been previously published or is simultaneously published and filed with the CSSF and the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, shall be incorporated by reference in, and form part of, the Prospectus:

- a) CIBC’s Annual Information Form dated 3 December 2025 (the “**2025 Annual Information Form**”) [2025 CIBC Annual Information Form](#) including the information identified in the following cross-reference list:

<i>Information</i>	<i>Page numbers refer to the 2025 Annual Information Form</i>
Description of the business	3-4
Capital Structure	6-8
Directors and Officers	9-10
Transfer Agent and Registrar	10
Audit Committee	10-11
Fees for services provided by shareholders’ auditor	12

- b) The sections of CIBC’s Annual Report for the year ended 31 October 2025 (the “**2025 Annual Report**”) [Annual Report 2025 \(cibc.com\)](#) identified in the following cross-reference list, which includes among other things CIBC’s comparative audited consolidated balance sheets as at 31 October 2025 and 2024 and the consolidated statement of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended 31 October 2025, prepared in accordance with IFRS, together with the notes thereto and the independent auditor’s report thereon:

<i>Information</i>	<i>Page numbers refer to the 2025 Annual Report</i>
Message from the Chair of the Board	viii
Management’s Discussion and Analysis	1-100
Strategic business units overview	16-29

<i>Information</i>	<i>Page numbers refer to the 2025 Annual Report</i>
Management of risk	42-81
Consolidated Financial Statements	101-105 and 109-179
Independent auditor's report to the shareholders and directors of CIBC	103-105
Consolidated balance sheet	109
Consolidated statement of income	110
Consolidated statement of comprehensive income	111
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	112
Consolidated statement of cash flows	113
Notes to the consolidated financial statements, including:	114-179
Common and preferred shares and other equity instruments	Note 15, pages 155-157
Contingent liabilities and provisions	Note 21, pages 169-171
Significant subsidiaries	Note 25, page 174

Any information in a document incorporated by reference that is not listed in the cross-reference list is not incorporated by reference in the Prospectus. Such information is either not relevant for prospective investors or is covered elsewhere in the Prospectus.

In accordance with Article 4.1 of Regulation (EC) 1060/2009 on Credit Rating Agencies (the “**CRA Regulation**”), please note that the 2025 Annual Information Form contains references to credit ratings and information on pages 7-8 and 13-14 and the 2025 Annual Report contain references to credit ratings and information on pages 75-76.

## **RISK FACTORS**

The following risk factors in the section entitled “*Risk Factors*” under the heading “*1. Risks relating to the Issuer's business activities and industry*” are amended as follows:

- a) The risk factor entitled “*Inflation, Interest Rates and Economic Growth*” on page 29 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety.
- b) The new risk factor entitled “*Trade Policy Uncertainty*” which is inserted on page 29 of the Prospectus as the first risk factor:

### **“Trade Policy Uncertainty**

Newly implemented and proposed tariffs, by the U.S., and any potential counter-measures, are expected to have negative impacts on supply chains, inflation and economic activity, further amplifying ongoing U.S., Canada, and Mexico trade issues that existed prior to the tariff developments, and is posing recessionary fears and increasing market volatility. Separate trade

discussions are ongoing between Canada and China as well as the U.S. and China. The ongoing uncertainty on the ultimate level and extent of tariffs could diminish consumer and business confidence in Canada and around the globe, increasing credit, market, liquidity, strategic and operational (including third-party) risks.

The eventual impact of tariffs will depend on their nature and duration, as well as fiscal policies that may be enacted in response, and are expected to drive an increase in unemployment and inflation, thereby elevating credit risks. Higher unemployment and inflation could reduce discretionary consumer spending, slow loan origination and negatively impact debt servicing for both retail and commercial clients. Commercial clients may see lower overall revenues and higher costs, which could, in turn, slow growth and expansion plans. Certain sectors are expected to be more susceptible to the impact of the tariff developments, including but not limited to the manufacturing, retail and wholesale, and transportation sectors. CIBC is also monitoring the financial viability of suppliers who may be impacted should economic conditions deteriorate as the result of global tariff impacts.

Global financial markets experienced significant levels of market volatility in the second quarter from increased political and macroeconomic uncertainties driven by tariffs. Concerns around stagflation, with lower growth forecasts and rising inflation expectations, could leave central banks with limited options to manage both inflation and economic growth. CIBC's Capital Markets business maintains a defensive risk posture to manage market risks, while supporting elevated levels of client activity.

The impact of macroeconomic uncertainty on the U.S. dollar and long-term bond yields and changes in client sentiment due to macroeconomic volatility, recessionary conditions, or risks associated with banks, could lead to rising liquidity premiums and wider issuance spreads in the funding market.

CIBC continues to regularly monitor economic developments and proactively prepare mitigation plans. These factors may have adverse impacts on CIBC's business, results of operations and financial condition. Further information on the tariffs and CIBC's economic outlook can be found in the section entitled "*Economic and market environment – Outlook for calendar year 2026*" at page 5 of CIBC's 2025 Annual Report, incorporated by reference herein."

- c) The risk factor entitled "*Canadian consumer debt and the housing market*" on pages 30-31 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following and moved above the risk factor entitled "*Geopolitical Risk*":

**"Canadian Consumer Debt and the Housing Market**

The latest household debt-to-income ratio data from Statistics Canada continued to remain below 2016 levels due to growth in disposable income and slower debt growth. The debt-to-service ratio stabilized in recent quarters after decreasing to 2017 levels, partially due to interest rate cuts combined with the rise in disposable income. Mortgage debt service ratios remain at historically high levels, while non-mortgage debt-to-income and service ratios remain at historical lows as clients maintain lower utilization and higher payment rates. Mortgage service ratios could remain elevated as mortgages continue to renew at higher rates and income growth decelerates from a slowing labour market. Property sales have slowed in 2025 and are the most recessed levels since 2020.

While the interest rate cuts in the second half of 2024 and throughout 2025 will provide some relief, the levels are still high and there is an expected lag on performance relief from each incremental cut. Further interest rate cuts could result in an increase in sales activity and housing prices, however, the risk and uncertainties of the current environment have slowed housing sales, as well as challenged the unemployment and interest rate expectations. Real estate secured lending losses remain low, supported by strong housing prices, and while there was some weakening to the non-seasonally adjusted house price index in the second and third quarters which was partially reversed in the fourth quarter, the level remains above late 2022 and early 2023. Unemployment rates in fiscal 2025 are at the highest level since 2016 (excluding the increase in 2020 and 2021 resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic) and are expected to slightly improve in fiscal 2026, but remain relatively elevated in the current macroeconomic environment.

Unemployment rates at high levels could elevate non-mortgage debt levels, and have increased unsecured payment pressures, typical of the credit cycle.

Regulators continue to apply higher levels of scrutiny on guidelines and oversight. Further augmentations to regulatory expectations could impact business processes, increase the cost of compliance, and raise the risk of fines for non-compliance.

These factors may have adverse impacts on CIBC's business, results of operations, reputation and financial condition. Further information related to this risk can be found in the section entitled "*Credit Risk - Real estate secured personal lending*" at pages 60-62 of CIBC's 2025 Annual Report, incorporated by reference herein."

- d) The risk factor entitled "*Climate Risk*" on pages 31-32 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

**"Climate Risk**

The physical effects of climate change along with regulations designed to mitigate its negative impacts will have a measurable impact on communities and the economy. The physical risks of climate change resulting from severe weather events and systemic issues such as rising sea levels can impact CIBC's profitability through disruptions in its own operations and damage to critical infrastructure. Transition risks, which arise as society adjusts towards a low-carbon future, can impact the financial health of its clients as changes in policy and technology aimed at limiting global warming can increase their operating costs and reduce profitability, while translating into potentially higher credit losses for CIBC. CIBC is also exposed to reputational risks due to changing stakeholder expectations related to action or inaction in addressing climate-related risks.

In the past year, a number of regulators and standard-setting organizations introduced and updated disclosure frameworks related to climate change risks, as well as environmental and social risks.

On 23 April 2025, the Canadian Securities Administrators (the "**CSA**") announced it is pausing its work on the development of a new mandatory climate-related disclosure rule in order to support Canadian markets and issuers as they adapt to developments in the U.S. and globally. The CSA will monitor domestic and international regulatory developments with respect to climate disclosures and expects to revisit and finalize requirements for issuers.

On 7 March 2025, OSFI published updates to Guideline B-15 on Climate Risk Management (the "**Guideline B-15**"), postponing scope 3 emissions disclosure from fiscal year-end 2025 to 2028, aligning with the Canadian Sustainability Standards Board Standards' transitional period. OSFI is expected to continue to review Guideline B-15 as practices and standards evolve. Guideline B-15 was initially effective for CIBC for its reporting period ending 31 October 2024 for certain disclosure elements, which were included in its 2024 Climate Report.

On 5 June 2025, the Competition Bureau (the "**CB**") issued updated guidance on environmental claims under Bill C-59, which contains anti-greenwashing amendments to Canada's *Competition Act* (Canada) (the "**Act**"). In addition, the CB reaffirmed its previous communication on the private right of action, pursuant to which starting on 20 June 2025, individuals can seek permission to file claims with the Competition Tribunal against businesses under the Act.

On 7 October 2023, California enacted climate disclosure laws: Senate Bill ("**SB**") 253 and SB 261. SB 253 requires annual reporting of scope 1 and 2 greenhouse gas emissions in 2026, expanding to scope 3 emissions reporting in 2027. SB 261 requires biennial climate-related financial risk reports, with the first report due by 1 January 2026. On 18 November 2025, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit issued an order temporarily halting the enforcement of SB 261. CIBC is preparing to meet these requirements and will continue to monitor regulatory updates.

Additionally, the European Commission adopted the European Sustainability Reporting

Standards in 2023 for entities subject to the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive. On 23 June 2025, the European Union announced it is negotiating its final position on the Omnibus Proposal II, which is expected to significantly narrow the scope of sustainability reporting for member states. These changes, if adopted, could impact the reporting requirements for CIBC and certain CIBC subsidiaries.

Potential divergence among the regulators in disclosure expectations, coupled with the pace at which the regulatory landscape changes, pose operational risks to CIBC. CIBC continues to monitor these developments and evolve its approach to support future regulatory requirements.”

- e) The risk factor entitled “*Technology, Information and Cyber Security Risk*” on page 32 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

**“*Information and Cyber Security Risk*”**

CIBC continues to evolve its use of technology and business processes to improve the client experience and streamline operations. Concurrently, cyber threats are growing in frequency and sophistication, increasing the potential for financial loss, reputational harm, regulatory exposure and business interruption. CIBC actively manages these risks through strategic risk reviews and enterprise-wide technology and information security programs aimed at prevention, detection, response and recovery. Threats include data breaches, malware and ransomware, unauthorized access, social engineering and fraud, and denial-of-service attacks, which may result in damage to CIBC systems and information; theft, loss or disclosure of confidential information; unauthorized or fraudulent activity; and service disruption at CIBC or its service providers, including those that offer cloud services.

Given the importance of electronic financial systems, including secure online and mobile banking provided by CIBC to its clients, CIBC monitors the changing environment globally, including cyber threats, mitigation strategies and evolving regulatory requirements, to enhance its controls and processes to protect its systems and client information. In addition, CIBC performs cyber security preparedness, testing, and recovery exercises to validate its defences, benchmark against best practices and provide regular updates to its board. CIBC has well-defined cyber incident response protocols and playbooks in the event that a security incident or breach occurs. CIBC also has cyber insurance coverage to help mitigate against certain potential losses associated with cyber incidents. CIBC’s insurance coverage is subject to various terms and provisions, including limits on the types and amounts of coverage relating to losses arising from cyber incidents. CIBC periodically assesses its insurance coverage based on its risk tolerance and limits. Despite CIBC’s ongoing commitment to information and cyber security, and given the rapidly evolving threat and regulatory landscape, coupled with a changing business environment, it is not possible for CIBC to identify all cyber risks or implement measures that prevent all potential cyber incidents. CIBC monitors its risk profile for changes and continues to refine its protection, detection, response and resilience capabilities to minimize the impact of any cyber incidents that may occur. Nevertheless, there can be no guarantee that CIBC’s efforts will be entirely successful and the occurrence of any cyber incident could lead to disruptions to CIBC’s businesses and results of operations.”

- f) The new risk factor entitled “*Technology Risk*” which is inserted following the risk factor entitled “*Information and Cyber Security Risk*”:

**“*Technology Risk*”**

CIBC is continuing to evolve its technology services to improve the client experience and streamline operations. New technology solutions offer advanced capabilities, connectivity between systems and efficiencies to support a growing business, while also increasing the complexity of ongoing management and resilience across multiple internal and external stakeholders and platforms hosted on premises, in the cloud or by third parties. Globally, regulators continue to expect financial institutions to have well-designed and managed technology development, deployment, operational and support processes in place to actively

manage the risks inherent to a large enterprise technology environment.

CIBC continues to manage these risks through its risk management and governance structures that include policies, standards, and risk assessment, measurement and monitoring tools. A robust control environment is in place, focused on developing, delivering and maintaining high-quality, reliable and stable technology solutions that support business needs and enable operations within its risk appetite.

Nevertheless, there can be no guarantee that CIBC's efforts will be entirely successful and the occurrence of any technology incident could lead to disruptions to CIBC's businesses and results of operations."

- g) The risk factor entitled "*Data and Artificial Intelligence Risk*" on page 33 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

**"Data and Artificial Intelligence Risk**

Data is being used every day to further advance CIBC's strategic objectives and create competitive advantages. To support this, CIBC continues to invest in its data management and governance capabilities to ensure it has a strong data foundation and business decision making, and grow its analytics and reporting practices to use data as a transformative asset.

With rapid advances in technology, CIBC continues to observe growth in applications of Artificial Intelligence ("AI") to drive productivity and competitive enhancements. Alongside the potential benefits of AI tools and technology comes risks; as AI systems make decisions based on data and models, they can inherit or amplify bias or raise concerns about fairness or ethical use. In addition, transparency in AI models is required to ensure the reasoning, accuracy or appropriateness of the output is clearly understood. CIBC has published an AI Framework and has implemented AI governance and risk management practices. From a model risk perspective, OSFI published its final version of Guideline E-23 on Model Risk Management to take effect on 1 May 2027 ("**Guideline E-23**"). The revised Guideline E-23 now includes AI and Machine Learning ("ML") methodologies in the definition of "model" given the surge in AI/ML analytics. As CIBC navigates the increased adoption of solutions using AI, its approach will remain rooted in ensuring responsible use and ensuring operational risks are mitigated, however there can be no guarantee that such practices will be successful. If any such risks were to occur, they could have an adverse impact on CIBC's operations and financial performance."

- h) The risk factor entitled "*Anti-Money Laundering/Anti-Terrorist Financing & Sanctions Risk*" on pages 33-34 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

**"Anti-money Laundering, Anti-Terrorist Financing and Sanctions**

Money laundering, terrorist financing, and related crimes threaten the financial sector's stability. CIBC is committed to meeting all anti-money laundering ("**AML**"), anti-terrorist financing ("**ATF**"), and economic sanctions regulations in every jurisdiction where it operates. As identified in Canada's 2025 National Risk Assessment, banks face significant risks from financial crimes such as drug trafficking, fraud, and crypto-related activities. In response, CIBC invests in robust controls, advanced detection technologies, and comprehensive compliance programs. CIBC maintains thorough client due diligence, record keeping, and reporting procedures, and requires annual AML/ATF and sanctions training for all team members. With ongoing regulatory changes expected through 2026, CIBC continuously monitors and enhances its compliance program to address evolving risks and regulatory expectations.

Further details on the regulatory and operational risks the Issuer faces can be found under the risk factors entitled "*Operational Risk*" and "*Regulatory Compliance Risk*", each below. However, despite adherence to CIBC's procedures and best practices, it is not possible for CIBC to prevent exposure to these types of risk and their occurrence could have an adverse impact on its results of operations and its reputation. Further information on these types of risk can be found in the section entitled "*Anti-money laundering/anti-terrorist financing and sanctions*" found at page 52

of CIBC's 2025 Annual Report, incorporated by reference herein."

- i) The risk factor entitled "*U.S. Banking Regulation Risk*" on page 34 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

**"U.S. Banking Regulation Risk**

CIBC's U.S. operations are subject to supervision by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System ("**Federal Reserve**"), and are also subject to a comprehensive federal and state regulatory framework. Under the U.S. bank regulatory framework, both CIBC and CIBC Bancorp USA Inc. ("**CIBC Bancorp**") are expected to provide a source of strength to the subsidiary bank and may be required to commit additional capital and other resources to CIBC Bank USA in the event that its financial condition were to deteriorate, whether due to overall challenging economic conditions in the U.S., or because of business-specific issues. The Federal Reserve (in the case of CIBC Bancorp), and both the Federal Reserve and the Illinois Department of Financial and Professional Regulation (in the case of CIBC Bank USA) also have the ability to restrict dividends paid by CIBC Bancorp or CIBC Bank USA, which could limit CIBC's ability to receive distributions on its capital investment in its U.S. banking operations.

As CIBC's combined U.S. operations grow, CIBC will become subject to additional enhanced prudential standards under the Federal Reserve's regulations applicable to foreign banking organizations.

The U.S. regulatory environment continues to evolve and future legislative and regulatory developments may impact CIBC. See also the risk factors entitled "*Anti-money Laundering, Anti-Terrorist Financing and Sanctions*" and "*Regulatory Compliance Risk*" for further information."

- j) The risk factor entitled "*Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR) transition*" on pages 34-35 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety.
- k) The risk factor entitled "*Tax Reform*" on page 35 of the Prospectus is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

**"Tax Reform**

The tax environment continues to evolve with the potential for significant tax law changes globally. In the Canadian federal budget, released on 4 November 2025, the government confirmed its intention to proceed with certain amendments to Canada's *Global Minimum Tax Act*, including the "under-taxed profits rule" (the "**UTPR**"). The U.S. government views the UTPR as an unfair foreign tax and could reinstate proposals for retaliatory tax measures against countries that adopt the UTPR without providing an exception in respect of U.S. persons. CIBC continues to monitor for legislative changes that may impact CIBC and its global operations.

These factors may have adverse impacts on CIBC's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Further information may be found in the "*Financial performance review – Taxes*" and "*Accounting and control matters – Accounting developments*" sections of CIBC's 2025 Annual Report and Note 18 to CIBC's 2025 audited consolidated financial statements in its 2025 Annual Report, incorporated by reference herein."

## **SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE**

The paragraph entitled "Japan" in the section entitled "Subscription and Sale" found at page 490 of the Prospectus is deleted and replaced with the following:

"The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended) (the "**FIGEA**"). Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not offer or sell any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of,



any resident of Japan (including any person resident in Japan or any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the FIEA and otherwise in compliance with any applicable laws, rules, regulations and governmental guidelines of Japan. The Notes are subject to a resale restriction prohibiting the transferor from transferring it except in the case of a bulk transfer.”

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Paragraph 10. of the section entitled “General Information” found at page 667 of the Prospectus is deleted and replaced with the following:

“10. Save as disclosed in Note 21 – “*Contingent liabilities and provision*” to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements set out at pages 169-171 of the 2025 Annual Report, incorporated herein by reference, there are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware) which may have, or have had in the twelve months preceding the date of this Third Prospectus Supplement, individually or in the aggregate, a significant effect on the financial position or profitability of the Issuer and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.”

## GENERAL

If a document which is incorporated by reference into this Third Prospectus Supplement itself incorporates any information or other documents therein, either expressly or implicitly, such information or other documents will not form part of this Third Prospectus Supplement or the Prospectus for purposes of the Prospectus Regulation except where such information or other documents are specifically incorporated by reference into the Prospectus by virtue of this Third Prospectus Supplement or where this Third Prospectus Supplement is specifically defined as including such information.

In accordance with Article 21.2 of the Prospectus Regulation, copies of this Third Prospectus Supplement, the Prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference in each can be (i) viewed on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange at [www.luxse.com](http://www.luxse.com) under the name of Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (ii) viewed on the Issuer’s website at <https://www.cibc.com/en/about-cibc/investor-relations/debt-information/structured-note-issuance-programme.html> and (iii) obtained on written request and without charge from CIBC at the registered office of CIBC at 81 Bay Street, CIBC Square, Toronto, Ontario Canada M5J 0E7, Attention: Investor Relations. In addition, representatives of the Provincial and Territorial securities regulatory authorities of Canada have engaged a service provider to operate an Internet web site through which all of the documents incorporated herein by reference that CIBC files electronically can be retrieved. The address of the site is [www.sedarplus.com](http://www.sedarplus.com). Please note that information on the websites or URL’s referred to herein does not form part of this Third Prospectus Supplement or the Prospectus unless the information has been incorporated by reference into this Third Prospectus Supplement or the Prospectus.